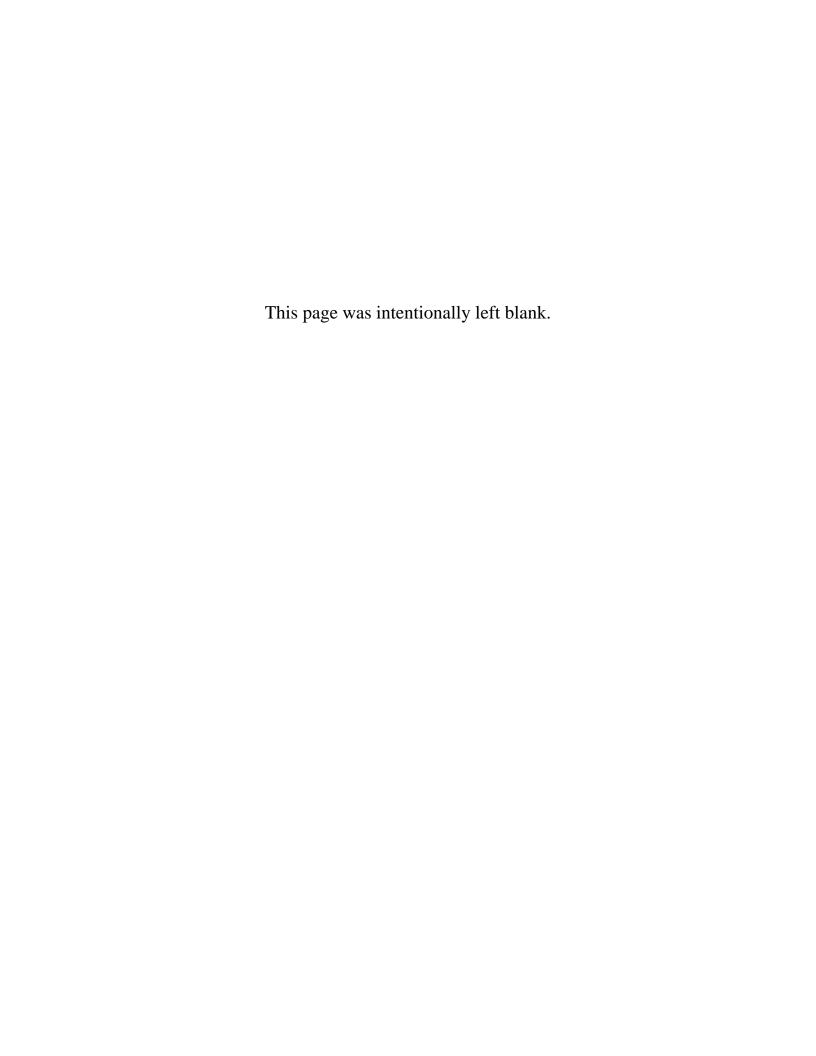


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Preface

The purpose of this manual is to aid the Department of Transportation in creating a safety climate that will not tolerate accidents and injuries. To accomplish this the manual has been divided into a program section and a procedures section.

The program portion of this manual will detail a line organization safety structure within the Department of Transportation. This safety structure will be responsible for implementing the safety program as it is written.

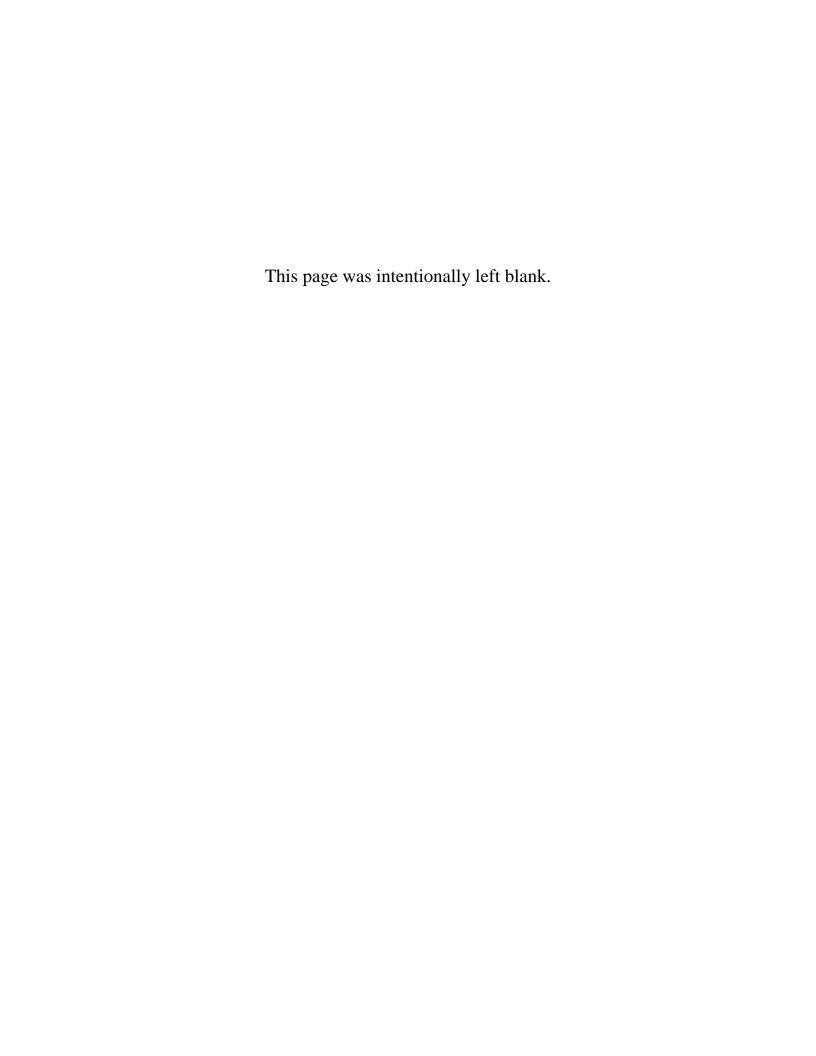
Chapter 1 Introduction
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Chapter 3 Division of Highways – Operations
Chapter 4 Division of Highways – DOH-Preconstruction
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Chapter 7 Forms

The procedures portion of the manual is designed to tell employees how to do their jobs safely. They are intended to comply with all applicable local, state and federal laws. All laws should be strictly adhered to in the case of conflicts between this manual and the laws.

Chapter 8 Introduction to SOPs Chapter 9 **Departmental Listings** SOPs – General Chapter 10 Chapter 11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work Activities Shop/Yard Α. Field – DOH B. C. Field – DMV D. **Emergency Activities** E. Special Activities Chapter 12 SOPs – Equipment Self Propelled Α.

Tools and Accessories

B.



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	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	1
	Truck, Dump	12A-30	1
	Truck, Field Mechanic	12A-31	1
	Truck, Fuel and Lube	12A-32	1
	Truck, Geotechnical and Trailer	12A-33	1
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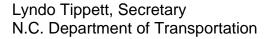
Secretary's Safety Message

I have set an aggressive agenda for the North Carolina Department of Transportation, and at the heart of that agenda is safety. As we build and maintain the state's transportation system, it is essential to remember the importance of a safe, healthy work environment.

Occupational safety and health is part of every employee's overall job performance. While NCDOT has made great strides in reducing the accident and injury rate, our goal is to have zero accidents and injuries.

Obtaining this goal requires developing and maintaining a safety culture among all employees. Managers must continue to make safety their number one priority by promoting programs that are effective in identifying and reducing hazards in the workplace, providing ongoing training and making safety the primary consideration in all operations.

Supervisors are responsible and will be held accountable for the safety of their employees - and each employee is expected to perform their duties in a safe and responsible manner. To reduce the chance of injury, be alert at all times to your surroundings and fellow workers. As part of the NCDOT family, let's all work together to make this department a safer place to work.





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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SAFETY PHILOSOPHY

- 1. All accidents and injuries can be prevented.
- Management/supervisors are responsible, and will be held accountable, for preventing injuries and occupational illnesses.
- 3. Occupational safety and health is part of every employee's total job performance.
- 4. Working safely is a condition of employment.
- 5. All workplace hazards can be safeguarded.
- Training employees to work safely is essential and is the responsibility of management/supervision.
- Prevention of personal injuries and accidents is good business

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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DEPARTMENTAL GOALS

SHORT TERM GOALS

(0-1 YEAR)

- 1. Develop safety standards
- 2. Develop continuing safety training
- 3. Develop a continuous resource commitment
- 4. Keep up with Research & Development safety efforts
- 5. Equipment acquisition to enhance safety
- 6. Safety modification of equipment
- 7. Safeguard and prioritize hazards
- 8. Comprehensive structured program
- 9. Formalize training program

- 10. Make necessary changes in personnel system
- 11. Establish limited incentive/reward program
- 12. Reorganize safety unit
- 13. Improve off-the-job safety
- 14. Change operating procedures with safety in mind
- 15. Reduce accident and injury rates by 20%
- 16. Reduce Worker's Compensation by 20%
- 17. Increase employee safety awareness

INTERMEDIATE GOALS

(1 - 3 YEARS)

- 1. Instill a safety attitude
- 2. Total line supervisor commitment
- 3. Develop safety standards and procedures
- 4. Develop continuing safety training
- 5. Keep up with Research and Development safety efforts
- 6. Equipment acquisition to enhance safety
- 7. Safety modification of equipment
- 8. Safeguard hazards

- 9. Make necessary changes in personnel system
- 10. Improve off-the-job safety
- 11. Reduce accident and injury rates by 50%
 - a. Accidents: number and costs
 - b. Lost work days, incidence rate
- 12. Reduce Worker's Compensation claims by 50%

LONG TERM GOALS

(4 years+)

- 1. Zero accidents and zero injuries
- 2. Develop continuing safety training
- 3. Develop a continuous resource commitment
- 4. Keep up with research and development safety efforts
- 5. More equipment acquisition to enhance safety
- 6. Safety modification of equipment
- 7. Safeguard hazards
- 8. Eliminate Worker's Compensation expenditures
- 9. Establish a complete incentive/reward program
- 10. Instill a safety climate

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NCDOT POLICY STATEMENT

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

POLICY NO. SUBJECT Occupational Safety and Health

PREPARED BY APPROVED BY DISTRIBUTION EFFECTIVE/DATE PAGE LOF LPAGES

Department of Transportation Editor Of Transportation A 7/5/75 PAGE LOF LPAGES

I. POLICY:

It is hereby declared that the North Carolina Department of Transportation fully subscribes to General Statute 95, Article 16, known as the Occupational Safety and Health Act of North Carolina.

It is further declared that the Department of Transportation through the exercise of its powers shall assure so far as possible every employee in the Department safe and healthful working conditions as provided in the Act.

The rights and duties of employers and employees as described in the Act shall henceforth become a part of the rules and regulations of this Department.

It is further declared that this Department of Transportation will pursue a vigorous and diligent effort to achieve full compliance with the Act and will commit such resources as required to fully perform the responsibilities assigned to State Agencies as described in the Act.

Employees are hereby guaranteed the exercise of their rights under the Occupational Safety and Health Act without being subjected to any retaliation whatsoever. These rights include the right to register complaints about unsafe working conditions; the right to be fully informed about disposition of complaints; and the right to be fully advised about violations of safety standards. These rights also include the right to participate in the safety program and to be represented at safety inspections.

II. SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY:

It shall be the basic responsibility of each supervisor to plan and conduct safe operations. It shall be the duty and responsibility of each supervisor to fully orient and instruct all employees in safe practices and procedures. Supervisors shall immediately take necessary corrective action to prevent reoccurrence or initiate such action as deemed necessary to correct any unsafe act or condition reported or observed.

III. EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITY:

It shall be the responsibility of each employee to abide by all Department rules and regulations and to comply with all laws pertaining to employee safety and health. Unsafe acts or conditions observed by any employee shall be reported immediately to the responsible supervisor.

IV. CONTRACTING AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY:

It shall be the policy for all owner-contracting agencies within the Department of Transportation to cooperate fully with State and Federal Agencies to assure contractor compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act, alert these agencies of any observed serious violations, and to utilize such sanctions as are consistent with contract terms in assisting the responsible agency in enforcing laws, rules, and regulations.

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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Cardinal Rules

These offenses may be grounds for dismissal:

- Failure to report all incidents (accidents, injuries and near misses) immediately
- Possession or use of illicit drugs or alcohol
- Possession of firearms
- Malicious destruction of NCDOT property
- Fighting or horseplay
- Falsification of NCDOT safety documents

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Chapter 1 Introduction to the Program

In order to have an effective safety program and reduce accidents and occupational illnesses, each person must be responsible for safety. All line managers and supervisors are expected to take an active role in safety. This involvement by management shows concern for our employees' well being. Employees are encouraged to report any safety and health problems without fear of retaliation by management.

Management involvement will be accomplished through the structured program established herein. This program will consist of safety committees made up of top management, safety meetings, audits and incident investigations throughout all levels of the organization.

A generic program has been established for the Secretary and the immediate staff, Personnel, Aviation, Civil Rights, Public Transportation, Bicycle, all units reporting to both Assistant Secretaries, Public Affairs, the Governor's Highway Safety Program and all office-related sections of the Division of Motor Vehicles. Within the Division of Highways, this program will be used by all units reporting to the Chief Engineer for Programs and the office oriented units under the Chief Engineer for Preconstruction.

Division of Highways Operations groups, field units of Preconstruction, Division of Motor Vehicles and the Ferry Division have unique safety concerns that are not addressed in the generic program; therefore, specific programs have been developed for these units.

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Chapter 2 Generic Program

A) Safety Committees

The safety committees will consist of line organization personnel with Safety and Loss Control acting as a support organization. Each committee will be comprised of top managers in a section and will refer findings up the committee structure. Each committee will be responsible for:

- 1. Originating, modifying, coordinating and guiding the safety program.
- 2. Approving the safety policies.
- 3. Exchanging safety information on a section-wide basis.
- 4. Reviewing trends in their area.

All groups within the department will be expected to utilize the committee meeting structure A sample agenda is provided in this document to aid the committees (Figure 1).

DOCUMENTATION: Minutes for all committee meetings should be kept and copies should be sent to Safety and Loss Control and the next higher level committee for review and appropriate action.

Figure 1: Sample Agenda

- I. Opening Remarks
- II. Accident and Injury Status Report
- III. Old Business
- IV. Subcommittees' Reports
- V. New Business
- VI. Safety Awards

Secretary's Safety Steering Committee

This committee will have final approval of all changes in policy. It will be chaired by the Secretary and consist of the Director of Safety and Loss Control, both Deputy Secretaries, the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles, the State Highway Administrator and the Director of the Governor's Highway Safety Program. It is recommended that the Secretary's Safety Committee meet once per quarter or bimonthly as scheduling allows. This committee will send copies of minutes to Safety and Loss Control only.

State Highway Administrator's Safety Committee

The Administrator's committee will consist of a member of the Administrator's immediate staff, the Chief Engineers and the Secondary Roads Officer. The committee should meet once per month.

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Branch Safety Committee

All Branch Managers will hold committee meetings with their respective unit heads.

B) Subcommittees

To aid the safety committees, a system of subcommittees will be established. These subcommittees will be chaired by committee members and made up of volunteers from the work units. These committees may or may not meet on a regular basis, depending upon need. Subcommittee meetings would occur just prior to full committee meetings. The following is a list of these subcommittees:

1. Incident and Injury Investigation

Review incident investigations, statistics and trends and monitor compliance with recommendations.

2. Audit Review

Review audit reports, compile and analyze data and make periodic safety and housekeeping inspections.

3. Safety Programs or Special Activities

Develop safety programs, safety awards and incentive programs and guide subordinate units' efforts.

4. Off-the-Job Safety

Plan, develop and promote material for off-the-job safety programs.

5. Policy and Procedures Review

Periodically review policies, procedures, rules and operations to ensure that all necessary safety precautions are being taken.

6. New Equipment Acceptance

Inspect new equipment and facilities to ensure that all safeguards have been provided.

DOCUMENTATION: Subcommittees will keep minutes and report to their respective committees.

C) Safety Meetings

Safety meetings are very useful ways of training our employees and they are a vital part of the Department's safety atmosphere. Safety meetings should be used to present information, discuss problems and new ideas and discuss recent accidents and injuries. These meetings can vary greatly in length but should be held on a regular schedule to keep safety on the employees' minds. A meeting planner is attached to aid supervisors in planning for and conducting their meetings (See Form M-1).

Safety meetings involve employees in the safety program. They can conduct meetings, report on special projects and lead group discussions. All employees are required to attend safety meetings.

DOCUMENTATION: Only monthly meetings will be recorded (See Form M-2). One copy of this form should be forwarded to the lowest safety committee responsible for that unit. Weekly and daily meetings will not be documented; however, a checklist is enclosed for reference (See Form M-3).

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Staff Safety Meetings

Staff safety meetings will be conducted by all Department of Transportation supervisors with their direct subordinates. These employees will then hold meetings with their subordinates, continuing the process until every employee within NCDOT has been involved in a safety meeting. This type of layered system will require supervisors to attend a safety meeting and then relay information through subordinates in their respective safety meetings.

D) Auditing

Auditing is an important key to improved safety performance. Auditing identifies unsafe acts and practices before an injury takes place. Audits should be both announced and unannounced.

Commissioner's Safety Committee

The Commissioner's committee, chaired by the Commissioner, will include the Deputy Commissioner, a member of the Commissioner's staff, the Assistant Commissioners, and all Directors. This committee will meet monthly.

Preconstruction Safety Committee

Programs Safety Committee

The Chief Engineer-Preconstruction and the Chief Engineer-Programs will chair their respective committees. Both committees will consist of the appropriate Branch Managers and meet once a quarter or bimonthly as scheduling allows.

When used properly, auditing can:

- 1. Maintain standards by ensuring that employees follow NCDOT rules and procedures.
- 2. Identify where rules or procedures are insufficient.
- 3. Measure the effect of safety education.
- 4. Reveal weaknesses in the safety program.
- 5. Motivate employees by showing the results of their safety efforts.
- 6. Increase safety awareness.

Supervisors will be responsible for auditing. New supervisors will be trained in the methods of auditing by being shown sample conditions and practicing audits (See Form R-1).

DOCUMENTATION: Completed audit forms should be submitted to the next level of management and to the lowest Audit Review Subcommittee responsible for that unit.

Office Environment Audits

Many of the Departments' employees work in office environments. These areas will not need the frequent audits that the field units will require.

These offices should perform a formal announced audit semi-annually. Intermediate audits would be performed at the discretion of the supervisor.

E) Incident Investigation

An incident is an event that could have, or did, result in personal injury or damage to state or private property. **Investigations of these incidents are important for the prevention of future accidents and tracking the quality of our safety program.** Incident investigations

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will not be a fault-finding process. Once an incident has occurred, it is important to prevent it from happening again.

As soon as possible following a reported incident, the unit supervisor will assemble an incident investigation team. The team will always include the unit supervisor, the immediate supervisor and a peer of the employee(s) involved. Additional management, technical and safety support staff and the involved employee(s) should be included as needed. There should be a rotation for the selection of the peer for the teams.

Inclusion of the employee(s) involved generally improved the response of other employees to the team's recommendations and can be a valuable resource in discovering vital underlying facts.

The results of the investigation should be communicated to the employees and other supervisors to prevent recurrence of this incident in other groups.

Investigation reports should be reviewed by the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee responsible for that unit. The first line supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the recommendations are implemented. The subcommittees will certify that corrective actions have been taken and documentation is consistent.

DOCUMENTATION:

- 1) Employees will report the incident to the supervisors immediately.
- 2) Employees will complete the Employee's Statement Form I-1 and shall return it to their supervisor within one day of the incident. The supervisor shall forward a copy of Form I-1 to Safety and Loss Control within two days of the incident. If a piece of equipment was involved, a Form 140 will also be completed and a copy forwarded to Safety and Loss Control within two days.
- 3) If an injury has resulted, the immediate supervisor will complete the North Carolina Industrial Commission Form 19 and send within one day from the date of the knowledge of the injury the original and one copy of Form 19 to NCDOT's Workers' Compensation Unit and one copy to each of the following:
 - The injured employee
 - Safety and Loss Control
 - Division/Unit Safety Officer
 (NC Industrial Commission requires a Form 19 within five days of the date of the knowledge of the injury.)
- 4) Provide the injured worker the following:
 - Employee Statement Form (Form I-1)
 - NCDOT Medical Authorization/ Return to Work Form.
 - NCDOT Work Ability Evaluation Form
 - Leave Option Form (Form FR-26)
 - Copy of the most recent Workers' Compensation informational brochure
- 5) As soon as possible following a reported incident, an incident investigation team will review all documentation and complete Parts I, II and IV of the Incident Investigation Summary Form I-2.

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- 6) All documentation (Forms 19, I-1, I-2 and 140, and previous accident history) will be compiled and forwarded to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee at the time of completion.
- 7) The Safety Officer and/or Investigating Supervisor will review the incident documentation, determine what corrective actions have been taken and make a report to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee.
- 8) The Subcommittee will review all data and complete Part III of the Incident Investigation Form I-2 and forward a copy of Form I-2 to Safety and Loss Control.
- 9) The Subcommittee will compile trends in their area and make a report at the regularly scheduled full Committee safety meeting. (See section A of this chapter for full Committee safety meeting frequencies.)

NOTE: Forms are included in Chapter 7.

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Chapter 3 Division of Highways - Operations

A) Safety Committees

The safety committees will consist of line organization personnel with Safety and Loss Control acting as a support organization. Each committee will be comprised of top managers in a section and will refer findings up the committee structure. Each committee will be responsible for:

- 1. Originating, modifying, coordinating and guiding the safety program.
- 2. Approving the safety policies.
- 3. Exchanging safety information on a section-wide basis.
- 4. Reviewing trends in their area.

All groups within the department will be expected to utilize the committee meeting structure. A sample agenda is provided in this document to aid the committees (Figure 1).

DOCUMENTATION: Minutes for all committee meetings should be kept and copies should be sent to Safety and Loss Control and the next higher level committee for review and appropriate action.

Monthly committee meetings and monthly safety meetings are documented on Form M-2. Copies of these reports are included in the quarterly Unit Report that is submitted to the Branch Manager.

Figure 1: Sample Agenda

- I. Opening Remarks
- II. Accident and Injury Status Report
- III. Old Business
- IV. Subcommittees' Reports
- V. New Business
- VI. Safety Awards

Operations Safety Committee

The committee will be chaired by the Chief Engineer-Operations and will include the Chief Engineer's staff, Branch Managers, Division Engineers, Unit Heads and the Manager of Safety and Loss Control. This committee will meet monthly in conjunction with the Operations staff meeting.

All subcommittee functions will be handled by the Standing Operations Advisory Committee. This committee meets monthly in conjunction with the Operations staff meeting.

Construction and Materials Branch Safety Committee

The Branch Manager chairs this committee consisting of the State Construction Engineer, the State Materials Engineer and the State Roadside Environmental Engineer. This committee will meet quarterly.

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Maintenance and Equipment Branch Safety Committee

The Branch Manager chairs this committee consisting of the State Road Maintenance Engineer, the State Bridge Maintenance Engineer and the Director of Equipment and Inventory Control. This committee will meet quarterly.

Division Engineer's Safety Committee

This committee will be chaired by the Division Engineer and will include the Division Construction Engineer, the Division Maintenance Engineer and the Division Operations Engineer. They will meet on a monthly basis and will have the Division Safety Specialist staffed to them. Elements of other statewide operating units may attend the committee meetings as appropriate.

Materials and Tests Safety Committee

The Unit will have its own safety committee chaired by the State Materials Engineer. The Committee's members will include the Assistant State Materials Engineer, Central Laboratory Heads, Materials Operations Engineer, the Head of Independent Assurance and the Structural Members Engineer. This committee will meet monthly.

Bridge Inspection Safety Committee

This committee will be chaired by the Bridge Inspection Engineer and its members will include the Assistant Bridge Inspection Engineer, the Bridge Inspection Superintendent and each of the Bridge Inspection Supervisors. This committee will meet monthly.

Equipment and Inventory Control Safety Committee

This committee will be chaired by the Director of the Equipment and Inventory Control Unit, and will consist of the Area Equipment Superintendents, the Assistant Director of Equipment and Inventory Control, the Equipment Engineer, the Inventory Control Manager and the Equipment Depot Superintendent. This committee will meet monthly.

In addition to any Department-wide subcommittees, the following subcommittees will also be used:

a) Equipment Specifications Safety Review

This subcommittee, chaired by the Assistant Unit Director, will be comprised of the Area Equipment Superintendents. This group will review equipment specifications for safety.

b) Industrial Facility Safety

This subcommittee will be chaired by the Inventory Control Manager. Its members will include the Equipment Engineer, the Area Equipment Superintendents and the Depot Superintendent. This group will review audits and incident investigations for industrial facility activities.

c) Office Work Safety, Personal and Driver Safety

This subcommittee will be chaired by the Equipment Engineer and will include the Inventory Control Manager and Depot Superintendent. This group will review audits and incident investigations for Equipment and Inventory Control administrative activities. These groups will meet as needed to serve the Safety Committee.

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B) Subcommittees

To aid the safety committees, a system of subcommittees will be established. These subcommittees will be chaired by committee members and made up of volunteers from the work units. These subcommittees may or may not meet on a regular basis, depending upon need. Subcommittee meetings would occur just prior to full committee meetings. The following is a list of these subcommittees:

1. Incident and Injury Investigation

Reviews incident investigations, statistics and trends and monitors compliance with recommendations.

2. Audit Review

Reviews audit reports, compiles and analyzes data and makes periodic safety and housekeeping inspections.

3. Safety Programs or Special Activities

Develops safety programs, safety awards and incentive programs and guides subordinate unit's efforts.

4. Off-the-Job Safety

Plans, develops and promotes material for off-the-job safety programs.

5. Policy and Procedures Review

Periodically reviews policies, procedures, rules and operations to ensure that all necessary safety precautions are being taken.

6. New Equipment Acceptance

Inspects new equipment and facilities to ensure that all safeguards have been provided.

Subcommittees will keep minutes and report to their respective committees.

C) Safety Meetings

Safety meetings are very useful ways of training our employees and they are a vital part of the Department's safety atmosphere. Safety meetings should be used to present information, discuss problems and new ideas and discuss recent accidents and injuries. These meetings can vary greatly in length but should be held on a regular schedule to keep safety on the employees' minds. A meeting planner is attached to aid supervisors in planning for and conducting their meetings (See Form M-1).

Safety meetings involve employees in the safety program. They can conduct meetings, report on special projects and lead group discussions. All employees are required to attend safety meetings.

DOCUMENTATION: Only monthly meetings will be recorded (See Form M-2). One copy of this form should be forwarded to the lowest safety committee responsible for that unit. Weekly and daily meetings will not be documented; however, a checklist is enclosed for reference (See Form M-3).

Division Construction Engineer's Meeting Division Maintenance Engineer's Meeting Division Operations Engineer's Meeting

Each will meet with their direct subordinates on a monthly basis to conduct a formal safety meeting in addition to evaluating accidents and discussing methods of improving safety. It

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should be noted that Locations and Surveys Locating Engineers may attend the Division Construction Engineer's Meeting.

Resident Engineer's Meetings

- 1) Resident Engineers will hold monthly safety meetings with the Assistant Resident Engineers as well as a monthly meeting with the entire office. The meeting with the Assistant Resident Engineers should be used to discuss ways of improving public and contractor's safety in work zones as well as to plan the office safety meeting. It is suggested that this meeting take place just prior to the office safety meeting. The office safety meeting will be documented.
- 2) Assistant Resident Engineers will meet weekly with Project Inspectors and Survey Party Chiefs under their direction to evaluate the safety measures in place and any unsafe conditions. The frequency of the meetings may be varied depending on the type of projects and their complexity. Meetings should be held on the projects.
- 3) Project Inspectors and Survey Party Chiefs should have daily "tailgate" safety meetings with their subordinates to discuss daily activities with regards to safety.

District Engineer's Meetings

- 1) District Engineers will hold monthly meetings with all staff reporting directly to them.
- 2) Highway Maintenance Engineers will hold a monthly meeting for Road Maintenance Supervisors to discuss crew activities, incident investigations and plan the County Maintenance Yard safety meeting. The Highway Maintenance Engineer will also conduct a monthly County Maintenance Yard safety meeting. The County Yard meeting must be documented.
- 3) Road Maintenance Supervisors will meet weekly with their crew leaders on their projects to evaluate the safety measures in place and any unsafe conditions.
- 4) Crew Leaders should hold daily "tailgate" safety meetings to discuss the plans for the day and insure that all safety devices needed are on board.

Division Traffic Engineer's Meetings

- 1) Division Traffic Engineers will hold monthly meetings with all staff reporting directly to them.
- 2) Traffic Services Supervisors will hold monthly safety meetings for everyone in their shop and weekly meetings with their crew leaders to discuss safety measures and incident investigations. Any personnel unable to attend this meeting will attend a County Maintenance Yard's monthly safety meeting.
- 3) Crew Leaders should hold daily "tailgate" safety meetings to discuss the plans for the day and insure that all safety devices are on board.

Division Roadside Environmental Engineer's Meetings

- 1) The Division Roadside Environmental Engineers will hold a monthly safety meeting with all personnel reporting directly to them. Any personnel unable to attend this meeting will attend a County Maintenance Yard's monthly safety meeting.
- 2) Division Roadside Environmental Engineer will hold weekly meetings with the Landscape Specialists to discuss safety measures and accident reports.
- 3) Landscape Specialists should hold daily "tailgate" safety meetings with their crews to discuss the plans for the day and insure that all safety devices are on board.

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Division Bituminous Engineer's Meetings

- 1) The Division Bituminous Engineers will hold a monthly safety meeting with all personnel reporting directly to them. Any personnel unable to attend this meeting will attend a County Maintenance Yard's monthly safety meeting.
- 2) Division Bituminous Engineers will hold weekly meetings with the Crew Leaders to discuss safety measures and accident reports.
- 3) Crew Leaders should hold daily "tailgate" safety meetings with their crews to discuss the plans for the day and insure that all safety devices are on board.

Division Equipment Superintendent's Meetings

- 1) Each equipment shop will hold a monthly safety meeting. Personnel will attend the County Maintenance Yard's meeting in those sub-shops where it would not be appropriate to have an individual meeting.
- 2) The Equipment Superintendent will hold a monthly meeting with Equipment Supervisors.
- 3) Mechanic Supervisors and Parts Supervisors will have daily "tailgate" meetings with their personnel.

Departmental Area Engineers

Area Engineers will have semi-annual safety meetings with their direct supervisors. They will plan to attend group safety meetings within their assigned Divisions bi-monthly.

Materials and Tests Central and Regional Laboratories Safety Meetings.

Each of the four Raleigh laboratories and all regional laboratories will conduct organized safety meetings monthly. They will also hold a short weekly session to discuss any safety items that may have developed.

Materials Operations Engineer, Independent Assurance and Structural Members Engineer

The supervisors in these groups will have a monthly safety contact with all employees in their organizations. This contact may be a group meeting or an individual contact by the supervisor.

Field Operations Engineer, Section Materials Specialist

The Field Operations Engineer and the Section Materials Specialist will conduct one organized safety meeting per month with employees under their direct supervision.

Bridge Maintenance Inspection Safety Meetings

Each group will hold an organized monthly safety meeting to discuss safety concerns and incident investigations.

Bridge Maintenance Operations Safety Meetings

- 1) Bridge Maintenance Superintendents will meet monthly with their Bridge Maintenance Supervisors.
- 2) Bridge Maintenance Supervisors will meet monthly with their crews.
- 3) Bridge Maintenance Supervisor or Bridge Worker III's will hold daily "tailgate" meetings to discuss plans for the day and ensure that all safety devices are on board.

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Bridge Maintenance Electrical Engineering Section

The Electrical Engineering Supervisor will have a monthly individual safety contact with his employees.

Equipment and Inventory Control Administrative Safety Meeting

The Director will conduct a monthly safety meeting for all support staff.

Equipment and Inventory Control Supply Warehouse Safety Meeting

The Parts Inventory Supervisor will conduct a monthly safety meeting for the Supply Warehouse staff.

Inventory Support Safety Meeting

Equipment Depot Support Safety Meeting

Monthly meetings will be conducted by the Supervisors for both groups.

Equipment Shop Safety Meetings

Each shop will conduct an individual safety meeting monthly for its employees. Apprentices will attend safety meetings in their assigned shops.

D) Auditing

Auditing is an important key to improved safety performance. Auditing identifies unsafe acts and practices before an injury takes place. Audits should be both announced and unannounced.

When used properly, auditing can:

- 1) Maintain standards by ensuring that employees follow NCDOT rules and procedures.
- 2) Identify where rules or procedures are insufficient.
- 3) Measure the effect of safety education.
- 4) Reveal weaknesses in the safety program.
- 5) Motivate employees by showing the results of their safety efforts.
- **6)** Increase safety awareness.

Supervisors will be responsible for auditing. New supervisors will be trained in the methods of auditing by being shown sample conditions and practicing audits (See Form R-1).

DOCUMENTAION: Completed audit forms should be submitted to the next level of management and to the lowest Audit Review Subcommittee responsible for that unit.

Office Environment Audits

Many of the Department's employees work in office environments. These areas will not need the frequent audits that the field units will require.

These offices should perform a formal announced audit semi-annually. Intermediate audits would be performed at the discretion of the supervisor.

Chief Engineer-Operations

The Chief Engineer-Operations will audit one operation in each division each year. This

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audit will be announced to the Division Engineer. Additional audits may be conducted by need not be announced.

Construction and Materials Branch Manager Maintenance and Equipment Branch Manager

Branch Managers will audit each unit annually. These audits should be announced.

Division Engineer

The Division Engineer will audit each of the following, on a yearly basis. These audits should be both announced and unannounced.

A) Resident Engineers

The Division Engineer will audit one active project in each Resident Engineer's office. These audits will involve reviewing project inspection personnel and survey party crews. The Resident Engineer should accompany the Division Engineer.

B) District Engineers

The Division Engineer will audit an operation or a maintenance facility in each district. The District Engineer, the Highway Maintenance Engineer and the Division Maintenance Engineer may accompany the Division Engineer.

C) Equipment

The Division Engineer will audit one Equipment Shop each year. The Equipment Superintendent should accompany the Division Engineer.

D) Division Bituminous Section, Roadside Environmental Section and Traffic Services The Division Engineer will audit each of these groups individually. These audits may be of a facility or an operation. The Division Engineer should be accompanied by the manager of each section.

Division Construction Engineer Division Maintenance Engineer Division Operations Engineer

These individuals will conduct audits of all the offices reporting to them on a quarterly basis and should be primarily operations reviews.

Resident Engineer

The Resident Engineer will audit two active projects each month and each facility quarterly. The frequency of project audits may be varied depending on the types of projects and their complexity.

Assistant Resident Engineer

Assistant Resident Engineers will audit two active projects each month. Project reviews will include traffic control, contractor operations and employee activities. The frequency of project audits may be varied depending on the types of projects and their complexity.

District and Assistant District Engineers

The District and Assistant District Engineers will jointly audit a force account construction or a maintenance operation every month. They will also audit one maintenance yard each quarter. The Highway Maintenance Engineer may accompany them.

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Highway Maintenance Engineer

Highway Maintenance Engineers, along with the respective Road Maintenance Supervisor, will audit crew operations. They will audit two crews per month. Audits of the Maintenance Yard will also be conducted on a quarterly basis.

Division Bituminous Engineer

Roadside Environmental Engineer

Division Traffic Engineer

These individuals, along with their immediate subordinates, will audit at least one facility a quarter with all facilities being audited each year. They will also audit one crew each month.

Equipment Superintendents

Equipment Superintendents will audit one sub-shop per month.

State Materials Engineer

Assistant State Materials Engineer

These individuals will conduct announced audits of the four central labs yearly. They will also conduct eight yearly audits of the other field operations on a random basis.

Materials and Tests Central and Regional Laboratories

The Laboratory Supervisors will audit their laboratories quarterly. It is suggested that Laboratory Supervisors conduct their audits with another Laboratory Supervisor.

Materials Operations Engineer

Independent Assurance

Structural Members Engineer

These individuals will audit each function that reports to them on a quarterly basis. These audits should be performed randomly.

Section Materials Specialist

The Laboratory Supervisors will audit a function that reports to them each month.

Field Operations Engineer

Research and Investigations Engineer will audit the functions that report to their respective departments on a quarterly basis.

State Bridge Maintenance Engineer

Assistant State Bridge Maintenance Engineer

These individuals will audit all bridge maintenance yards yearly.

Bridge Maintenance Superintendent

Bridge Maintenance Superintendents will audit their yards quarterly. Also, in conjunction with the Bridge Maintenance Supervisors, they will audit two crews per month.

Electrical Engineering Supervisor

The Electrical Engineering Supervisor will audit each employee quarterly.

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Director of Equipment and Inventory Control and/or Assistant Director of Equipment and Inventory Control

These individuals will audit the Depot Shops with the Depot Superintendents two times per year. They will also audit the warehouse area two times per year. The Inventory Control Manager will accompany them on these audits.

Depot Superintendent

The Depot Superintendent, in conjunction with the Shop Supervisors, will audit each shop quarterly.

Area Equipment Superintendents

The Area Equipment Superintendents will audit one shop in each division quarterly.

E) Incident Investigation

An incident is an event that could have, or did, result in personal injury or damage to state or private property. **Investigations of these incidents are important for the prevention of future accidents and tracking the quality of our safety program.** Incident investigations will not be a fault-finding process. Once an incident has occurred, it is important to prevent it from happening again.

As soon as possible following a reported incident, the unit supervisor will assemble an incident investigation team. The team will always include the unit supervisor, the immediate supervisor and a peer of the employee(s) involved. Additional management, technical and safety support staff and the involved employee(s) should be included as needed. There should be a rotation for the selection of the peer for the teams.

Inclusion of the employee(s) involved generally improves the response of other employees to the team's recommendations and can be a valuable resource in discovering vital underlying facts.

The results of the investigation should be communicated to the employees and other supervisors to prevent recurrence of this incident in other groups.

Investigation reports should be reviewed by the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee responsible for that unit. The first line supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the recommendations are implemented. The subcommittees will certify that corrective actions have been taken and documentation is consistent.

DOCUMENTATION:

- 1) Employees will report the incident to the supervisors immediately.
- 2) Employees will complete the Employee's Statement Form I-1 and shall return it to their supervisor within one day of the incident. The supervisor shall forward a copy of Form I-1 to Safety and Loss Control within two days of the incident. If a piece of equipment was involved, a Form 140 will also be completed and a copy forwarded to Safety and Loss Control within two days.

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- 3) If an injury has resulted, the immediate supervisor will complete the North Carolina Industrial Commission Form 19 and send within one day from the date of the knowledge of the injury the original and one copy of Form 19 to NCDOT's Workers' Compensation Unit and one copy to each of the following:
 - ♦ The injured employee
 - ♦ Safety and Loss Control
 - Division/Unit Safety Officer
 (NC Industrial Commission requires a Form 19 within five days of the date of the knowledge of the injury.)
- **4)** Provide the injured worker the following:
 - ♦ Employee Statement Form (Form I-1)
 - ♦ NCDOT Medical Authorization/Return to Work Form
 - ♦ NCDOT Work Ability Evaluation Form
 - ♦ Leave Option Form (Form FR-26)
 - ♦ Copy of the most recent Workers' Compensation informational brochure
- 5) As soon as possible following a reported incident, an incident investigation team will review all documentation and complete Parts I, II and IV of the Incident Investigation Summary Form I-2.
- 6) All documentation (Forms 19, I-1, I-2 and 140, and previous accident history) will be compiled and forwarded to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee at the time of completion.
- 7) The Safety Officer and/or Investigating Supervisor will review the incident documentation, determine what corrective actions have been taken and make a report to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee.
- 8) The Subcommittee will review all data and complete Part III of the Incident Investigation Form I-2 and forward a copy of Form I-2 to Safety and Loss Control.
- 9) The Subcommittee will compile trends in their area and make a report at the regularly scheduled full Committee safety meeting. (See Section A of this chapter for full Committee safety meeting frequencies.)

Note: Forms are included in Chapter 7.

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Chapter 4

Division of Highways – Preconstruction (Field Operations)

A) Safety Committees

The safety committees will consist of line organization personnel with Safety and Loss Control acting as a support organization. Each committee will be comprised of top managers in a section and will refer findings up the committee structure. Each committee will be responsible for:

- 1. Originating, modifying, coordinating and guiding the safety program.
- 2. Approving safety policies.
- 3. Exchanging safety information on a section-wide basis.
- 4. Reviewing trends in their area.

All groups within the department will be expected to utilize the committee meeting structure A sample agenda is provided in this document to aid the committees (Figure 1).

DOCUMENTATION: Minutes for all committee meetings should be kept and copies should be sent to Safety and Loss Control and the next higher level committee for review and appropriate action.

Monthly committee meetings and monthly safety meetings are documented on Form M-2. Copies of these reports are included in the quarterly Unit Report that is submitted to the Branch Manager.

Figure 1: Sample Agenda

- I. Opening Remarks
- II. Accident and Injury Status Report
- III. Old Business
- IV. Subcommittees' Reports
- V. New Business
- VI. Safety Awards

Location and Surveys Safety Committee

The State Location and Surveys Engineer will chair the quarterly safety committee. Its members will include Assistant Unit Heads and Area Locating Engineers.

Highway Design Branch Committee

The State Highway Design Engineer will chair the quarterly safety committee. Its members will include the Design Branch Unit Heads, the Branch Staff Engineer and the Administrative Assistant.

Hydraulics Safety Committee

The State Hydraulics Engineer will chair the monthly safety committee. Its members will include the Assistant State Hydraulics Engineer, the Special Studies Manager, the

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Maintenance Studies Manager and the Project Managers. The committee will meet for the purpose of presenting information, discussing problems and new ideas, and reviewing incident reports.

Photogrammetry Safety Committee

The State Photogrammetric Engineer will chair his safety committee monthly. Its members will include the Assistant State Photogrammetric Engineer, Photogrammetric Engineering Supervisors, Photo Lab Supervisor, Transportation Staff Engineer and the Administrative Assistant.

Structure Design Safety Committee

The State Bridge Design Engineer will chair a monthly committee whose members will include the Assistant State Bridge Maintenance Engineers, the Administrative Assistant and the Project Engineers.

Design Services Safety Committee

The State Design Services Engineer will chair a quarterly safety committee. Its members will include all managers reporting directly to him as well as the staff engineer.

Geotechnical Safety Committee

The State Transportation Engineering Geologist will chair a quarterly safety committee. Its members will include all Transportation Engineering Geologists Supervisors, the Environmental Engineering Geologists Supervisors, the Environmental Engineering Geologist Supervisor and the Consultant Engineering Geologist Supervisor.

Roadway Design Safety Committee

The Roadway Design Engineer will chair a monthly safety committee. Its members will include all Project Engineers and the Safety Coordinator.

Right of Way Branch Safety Committee

The Right of Way Branch Manager will chair the quarterly safety committee. The committee will meet once a quarter by the 30th day of the third month and the committee members will include the Assistant Branch Managers, Unit Heads, Right of Way Consultant Coordinator and Right of Way Training and Policy Administrator. This meeting, at the discretion of the Branch Manager, may also include all Branch Supervisory Personnel.

B) Subcommittees

To aid the safety committees, a system of subcommittees will be established. These subcommittees will be chaired by committee members and made up of volunteers from the work units. These subcommittees may or may not meet on a regular basis, depending upon need.

Subcommittee meetings would occur just prior to full committee meetings. The following is a list of these subcommittees:

1) Incident and Injury Investigation

2) Reviews incident investigations, statistics and trends and monitors compliance with recommendations.

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3) Audit Review

Reviews audit reports, compiles and analyzes data and makes periodic safety and housekeeping inspections.

4) Safety Programs or Special Activities

Develops safety programs, safety awards and incentive programs and guides subordinate unit's efforts.

5) Off-the-Job Safety

Plans, develops and promotes material for off-the-job safety programs.

6) Policy and Procedures Review

Periodically reviews policies, procedures, rules and operations to ensure that all necessary safety precautions are being taken.

7) New Equipment Acceptance

Inspects new equipment and facilities to ensure that all safeguards have been provided.

Subcommittees will keep minutes and report to their respective committees.

C) Safety Meetings

Safety meetings are very useful ways of training our employees and they are a vital part of the Department's safety atmosphere. Safety meetings should be used to present information, discuss problems and new ideas and discuss recent accidents and injuries. These meetings can vary greatly in length but should be held on a regular schedule to keep safety on the employees' minds. A meeting planner is attached to aid supervisors in planning for and conducting their meetings (See Form M-1).

Safety meetings involve employees in the safety program. They can conduct meetings, report on special projects and lead the group discussions. All employees are required to attend safety meetings.

DOCUMENTATION: Only monthly meetings will be recorded (See Form M-2). One copy of this form should be forwarded to the lowest safety committee responsible for that unit. Weekly and daily meetings will not be documented; however, a checklist is enclosed for reference (See Form M-3).

Area Locating Engineer's Meeting

The Area Locating Engineers will hold a monthly meeting with their Locating Engineers prior to the group safety meetings. They also will attend the monthly group safety meetings on a rotating basis.

The Area Locating Engineer also will attend Division Safety Committee meetings. They will rotate among the Divisions in their area.

Locating Engineer's Meeting

The Locating Engineers will hold a monthly meeting with all employees reporting to them. The Locating Engineers will attend the Division Construction Engineer's meeting.

Assistant Locating Engineer's Meeting

The Assistant Locating Engineers will have daily "tailgate" meetings with their crews.

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Area Geologist's Meeting

The Area Geologists will hold monthly safety meetings with their staff.

The Area Geologists will attend the Division Safety Committee meeting and may designate one of their staff members to attend a Resident or District Engineer's monthly safety meeting.

Highway Geologist II Meeting

The Highway Geologists II or their assistants will hold daily "tailgate" meetings with their crews.

Highway Design Branch Offices

The Highway Design Branch will hold a quarterly office safety meeting. This meeting will include all members of the branch staff.

Hydraulics Engineering Managers

Engineering Managers will conduct monthly safety meetings for all employees in their respective sections. Information presented at the Hydraulics Safety Committee meeting will be discussed along with any other safety concerns.

Hydraulics Field Personnel

Daily "tailgate" meetings will be held for all personnel when performing field operations. These meetings, conducted at the beginning of each workday, will include discussions of hazardous tasks that could be involved in the work along with recommended Safe Operating Procedures.

Photogrammetric Engineering Supervisors

The Photogrammetric Engineering Supervisors will hold a monthly meeting with all employees reporting to them.

Photogrammetric Project Engineers

The Photogrammetric Project Engineers will hold a monthly meeting with all Squad Leaders reporting to them.

Photogrammetry Squad Leaders

Squad Leaders will hold a monthly meeting with their employees.

Photo Lab Supervisor

The Photo Lab Supervisor will hold a monthly meeting with all employees in the lab.

Photogrammetry Administrative Assistant

The Administrative Assistant will hold daily meetings with all employees reporting to them.

Structure Design Project Engineers

Structure Design Project Engineers will meet monthly with their employees.

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Design Services Safety Meetings

All managers will hold quarterly safety meetings with the employees reporting directly to them.

These employees will then hold meetings with their subordinates.

Roadway Design Safety Meetings

All Project Engineers will hold monthly safety meetings with all squad members reporting to them.

Right of Way Monthly Safety Meetings

Area Appraiser, Area Relocation Agents, Division Right of Way Agents, Administrative Squads in Central Office and Utility Agents will meet monthly with their respective offices for a group safety meeting.

D) Auditing

Auditing is an important key to improved safety performance. Auditing identifies unsafe acts and practices before an injury takes place. Audits should be both announced and unannounced.

When used properly, auditing can:

- 1) Maintain standards by ensuring that employees follow NCDOT rules and procedures.
- 2) Identify where rules or procedures are insufficient.
- 3) Measure the effect of safety education.
- 4) Reveal weaknesses in the safety program.
- 5) Motivate employees by showing the results of their safety efforts.
- **6)** Increase safety awareness.

Supervisors will be responsible for auditing. New supervisors will be trained in the methods of auditing by being shown sample conditions and practicing audits (See Form R-1).

DOCUMENTAION: Completed audit forms should be submitted to the next level of management and to the lowest Audit Review Subcommittee responsible for that unit.

Office Environment Audits

Many of the Department's employees work in office environments. These areas will not need the frequent audits that the field units will require.

These offices should perform a formal announced audit semi-annually. Intermediate audits would be performed at the discretion of the supervisor.

State Location and Surveys Engineer

Assistant State Location and Surveys Engineer for Statewide Field Operations Right of Way Unit Heads or Training and Policy Administrator

These individuals will conduct operations audits on each group per year.

Area Locating Engineer

The Area Locating Engineer will audit one group operation each month. They will also audit their facilities twice per year.

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Locating Engineer

The Locating Engineer will audit all active projects monthly. They also will audit their facilities monthly.

Assistant Locating Engineer

The Assistant Locating Engineer will audit all active projects monthly.

Geotechnical Audits

- 1) The Geotechnical Crews will audit their operations daily.
- 2) Prior to the monthly safety meeting, a committee, made up of at least one member of each crew, will discuss the audits and report findings at the safety meeting

Hydraulics Section

Audits for field operations are conducted twice yearly for each work group in the five sections where applicable. (Field operations in the Special Studies Section are very limited. Audits are to be conducted only when it is deemed there is a sufficient amount of field work. performed to warrant an audit.) All audits are to be conducted by Engineering Managers.

Office audits are to be conducted yearly by the Assistant Unit Head. Copies of all audit forms are forwarded to the Design Branch Manager with the quarterly Unit Safety Report.

State Photogrammetric Engineer Assistant State Photogrammetric Engineer Transportation Staff Engineer

These individuals will perform operations audits with each group yearly.

Photogrammetric Engineering Supervisors Photo Lab Manager Administrative Assistant

These individuals will audit one group operation and their facilities each month.

Photogrammetric Project Engineers

These individuals will audit one group operation and their facilities each month.

Prior to the monthly safety meeting, a committee, made up of one member from each squad, will discuss the audits and report findings at the safety meeting.

E) Incident Investigation

An incident is an event that could have, or did, result in personal injury or damage to state or private property. **Investigations of these incidents are important for the prevention of future accidents and tracking the quality of our safety program.** Incident investigations will not be a fault-finding process. Once an incident has occurred, it is important to prevent it from happening again.

As soon as possible following a reported incident, the unit supervisor will assemble an

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Incident Investigation team. The team will always include the unit supervisor, the immediate supervisor and a peer of the employee(s) involved. Additional management, technical and safety support staff and the involved employee(s) should be included as needed. There should be a rotation for the selection of the peer for the teams.

Inclusion of the employee(s) involved generally improves the response of other employees to the team's recommendations and can be a valuable resource in discovering vital underlying facts.

The results of the investigation should be communicated to the employees and other supervisors to prevent recurrence of this incident in other groups.

Investigation reports should be reviewed by the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee responsible for that unit. The first line supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the recommendations are implemented. The subcommittees will certify that corrective actions have been taken and documentation is consistent.

DOCUMENTATION:

- 1) Employees will report the incident to the supervisors immediately.
- 2) Employees will complete the Employee's Statement Form I-1 and shall return it to their supervisor within one day of the incident. The supervisor shall forward a copy of Form I-1 to Safety and Loss Control within two days of the incident. If a piece of equipment was involved, a Form 140 will also be completed and a copy forwarded to Safety and Loss Control within two days.
- 3) If an injury has resulted, the immediate supervisor will complete the North Carolina Industrial Commission Form 19 and send within one day from the date of the knowledge of the injury the original and one copy of Form 19 to NCDOT's Workers' Compensation Unit and one copy to each of the following:
 - ♦ The injured employee
 - ♦ Safety and Loss Control
 - ♦ Division/Unit Safety Officer
 - ♦ (NC Industrial Commission requires a Form 19 within five days of the date of the knowledge of the injury.)
- **4)** Provide the injured worker the following:
 - ♦ Employee Statement Form (Form I-1)
 - ♦ NCDOT Medical Authorization/Return to Work Form
 - ♦ NCDOT Work Ability Evaluation Form
 - ♦ Leave Option Form (Form FR-26)
 - ♦ Copy of the most recent Workers' Compensation informational brochure
- 5) As soon as possible following a reported incident, an incident investigation team will review all documentation and complete Parts I, II and IV of the Incident Investigation Summary Form I-2.

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- **6**) All documentation (Forms 19, I-1, I-2 and 140, and previous accident history) will be compiled and forwarded to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee at the time of completion.
- 7) The Safety Officer and/or Investigating Supervisor will review the incident documentation, determine what corrective actions have been taken and make a report to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee.
- 8) The Subcommittee will review all data and complete Part III of the Incident Investigation Form I-2 and forward a copy of Form I-2 to Safety and Loss Control.
- 9) The Subcommittee will compile trends in their area and make a report at the regularly scheduled full Committee safety meeting. (See Section A of this chapter for full Committee safety meeting frequencies.)

Note: Forms are included in Chapter 7.

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Chapter 5

Division of Motor Vehicles

A) Vehicle Registration Section

The Director's committee, chaired by the Director, will include a member of the Director's staff, the Administrative Assistant, and the Assistant Directors. These meetings will be held monthly.

Staff safety meetings for all central employees will be held according to the generic program guidelines.

Field personnel will have a monthly safety contact by their supervisor, and a group safety meeting will be held in conjunction with the Field Supervisors' Meetings.

The Registration Section will follow the audit program described in the generic section of this manual.

International Registration Section

The Director's committee will include the Assistant Director and the Title Examination Supervisor III. This meeting will be held monthly.

Central IRP personnel will follow the generic program for meetings and audits. Field personnel will have a monthly safety contact from their supervisors.

B) School Bus and Traffic Safety Section

The Director's safety committee, the Assistant Director and Field Supervisors will meet every two months.

Field Supervisors will meet individually with each employee under their supervision every two months.

The Director, Assistant Director and Trainer will each audit two specialists per year. Supervisors will audit each specialist once per year "behind the wheel" and once per year "in the classroom".

C) Traffic Records Section

The Director's committee will consist of permanent and rotating members. The permanent members are Financial Responsibility Supervisor, Data Entry Supervisor II and Microfilm Unit Supervisor, Rotating members are Traffic Data Processing Coordinator, Accident Records Clerical Supervisor, Coding Supervisor, and Pre-evaluation Supervisor. The Director's committee will meet bimonthly. Rotating Committee members will serve fourmonth terms.

All Supervisors will follow the generic program schedule for safety meetings.

The Section Director will conduct quarterly audit rotating between groups. All groups will audit in accordance with the generic program. The above-mentioned groups will conduct

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monthly facility audits. It is suggested that personnel from other Sections assist in the audits.

D) Driver License Section

The Director's committee will include the Assistant Directors, the Commercial Drivers

License coordinator, the Chief Examiners and the Administrative Assistant. This committee will meet monthly.

The Adjudication Division of the Driver License Section will follow the generic program for meetings and audits as presented earlier in the manual.

Each Chief Examiner will meet bi-monthly with their District Supervisors. The District Supervisors will then meet bimonthly with their Senior Examiners. The Senior Examiners will make an individual safety contact with each of their examiners every two months.

Audits of the field units will be conducted as follows. The Director will conduct audits of two field offices per year. The Assistant Director for Certification in conjunction with the Chief Examiners will conduct two field audits per year. The District Supervisors will conduct two audits per year. Senior Examiners will also conduct two audits of their employees per year.

Adjudication will audit in accordance with the procedures described in the generic portion of the program.

E) Enforcement Section

The Director's Safety Committee will include the Assistant Directors, the Administrative Assistant and the Training Officer. This committee will meet every two months.

The Assistant Director for Support Services will make an individual safety contact with each District Supervisor every two months.

The District Supervisors will incorporate a safety meeting into their regular monthly training classes.

The Director, Assistant Director for Support Services and the Training Officer will audit each District every two months. The District Supervisors will audit each office once per year.

Office environments will be audited according to the schedule in the generic program.

F) Incident Inquiry

Refer to and follow the procedures listed under Incident Investigation (Paragraph E) in Chapter Two (Generic Program).

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Chapter 6 Ferry Division

A) Safety Committees

The safety committees will consist of line organization personnel with Safety and Loss Control acting as a support organization. Each committee will be comprised of top managers in a section and will refer findings up the committee structure. Each committee will be responsible for:

- 1) Originating, modifying, coordinating and guiding the safety program.
- 2) Approving safety policies.
- 3) Exchanging safety information on a section-wide basis.
- 4) Reviewing trends in their area.

All groups within the department will be expected to utilize the committee meeting structure A sample agenda is provided in this document to aid the committees (Figure 1).

DOCUMENTATION:

Minutes for all committee meetings should be kept and copies should be sent to Safety and Loss Control and the next higher level committee for review and appropriate action.

Figure 1: Sample Agenda

- I. Opening Remarks
- II. Accident and Injury Status Report
- III. Old Business
- IV. Subcommittees' Reports
- V. New Business
- VI. Safety Awards

Ferry Director's Safety Committee

The Director's committee will consist of the Assistant Directors, all Superintendents and the Administrative Officer. The Marine Engineer will attend at the discretion of the Director. This Committee will meet monthly.

The Director will also hold a Staff Safety Meeting for the personnel in his office.

B) Subcommittees

To aid the safety committees, a system of subcommittees will be established. These subcommittees will be chaired by committee members and made up of volunteers from the work units. These subcommittees may or may not meet on a regular basis, depending upon need.

Subcommittee meetings would occur just prior to full committee meetings. The following is a list of these subcommittees:

1) Incident and Injury Investigation

Reviews incident investigations, statistics and trends and monitors compliance with recommendations.

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2) Audit Review

Reviews audit reports, compiles and analyzes data and makes periodic safety and housekeeping inspections.

3) Safety Programs or Special Activities

Develops safety programs, safety awards and incentive programs and guides subordinate unit's efforts.

4) Off-the-Job Safety

Plans, develops and promotes material for off-the-job safety programs.

5) Policy and Procedures Review

Periodically reviews policies, procedures, rules and operations to ensure that all necessary safety precautions are being taken.

6) New Equipment Acceptance

Inspects new equipment and facilities to ensure that all safeguards have been provided.

Subcommittees will keep minutes and report to their respective committees.

In addition to standard subcommittees, the Ferry Division may find it necessary to utilize a subcommittee to establish trends in passenger accidents on ferries. These accidents should be evaluated for possible corrective actions or preventative measures on the ferry.

C) Safety Meetings

Safety meetings are very useful ways of training our employees and they are a vital part of the Department's safety atmosphere. Safety meetings should be used to present information, discuss problems and new ideas and discuss recent accidents and injuries. These meetings can vary greatly in length but should be held on a regular schedule to keep safety on the employees' minds. A meeting planner is attached to aid supervisors in planning for and conducting their meetings (See Form M-1).

Safety meetings involve employees in the safety program. They can conduct meetings, report on special projects and lead group discussions. All employees are required to attend safety meetings.

DOCUMENTATION:

Only monthly meetings will be recorded (See Form M-2). One copy of this form should be forwarded to the lowest safety committee responsible for that unit. Weekly and daily meetings will not be documented; however, a checklist is enclosed for reference (See Form M-3).

Assistant Director for Maintenance and Materials Safety Meeting

Safety Meetings will include the Shipyard Superintendent and Field Maintenance Supervisors. These meetings will be held monthly and include both previously prepared topics and current events.

Maintenance Safety Meetings

Supervisors will meet with their units monthly.

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Dredge Section Safety Meetings

The Dredge Superintendent will hold monthly safety meetings with the crew of the tug <u>Albemarle</u>, the dredge <u>Carolina's Captains</u> and the construction crew that supports the dredge. The Captains will meet with their crews during their respective shifts.

Operations Safety Meetings

- 1) Superintendents will hold monthly meetings with their supervisors. This will take two meetings due to shift work.
- 2) Supervisors/ Port Captains will hold monthly meetings with their Captains and Shore Support Personnel. This will also take two meetings.
- 3) Captains will hold monthly safety meetings with their crews.

D) Auditing

Auditing is an important key to improved safety performance. Auditing identifies unsafe acts and practices before an injury takes place. Audits should be both announced and unannounced. When used properly, auditing can:

- 1) Maintain standards by ensuring that employees follow NCDOT rules and procedures.
- 2) Identify where rules or procedures are insufficient.
- 3) Measure the effect of safety education.
- 4) Reveal weaknesses in the safety program.
- 5) Motivate employees by showing the results of their safety efforts.
- **6)** Increase safety awareness.

Supervisors will be responsible for auditing. New supervisors will be trained in the methods of auditing by being shown sample conditions and practicing audits (See Form R-1).

DOCUMENTATION: Completed audit forms should be submitted to the next level of management and to the lowest Audit Review Subcommittee responsible for that unit.

Maintenance Audits

- 1) Supervisors will audit their sections weekly.
- 2) Assistant Director will audit each shop semi-annually.
- 3) Plant Maintenance Supervisors will conduct an on-site audit weekly. They will also conduct a monthly audit of current field projects as applicable.

Dredge Superintendent Audits

- 1) The Tug Captain will audit the ship weekly. The Dredge Superintendent will audit the tug monthly.
- 2) The Dredge Captain will audit the <u>Carolina's Captains</u> weekly. The Superintendent will audit the <u>Carolina's Captains</u> monthly.
- 3) The Dredge Superintendent will audit the construction crews monthly.

Operations Audits

- 1) Ferries will be audited weekly by the Captains.
- 2) Supervisors/Port Captains will audit ferries and shore facilities monthly.
- 3) The Superintendent will audit each Operation Unit once per quarter.

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E) Incident Investigation

An incident is an event that could have, or did, result in personal injury or damage to state or private property. **Investigations of these incidents are important for the prevention of future accidents and tracking the quality of our safety program.** Incident investigations will not be a fault-finding process. Once an incident has occurred, it is important to prevent it from happening again.

As soon as possible following a reported incident, the unit supervisor will assemble an incident investigation team. The team will always include the Unit Supervisor, the immediate

Supervisor and a peer of the employee(s) involved. Additional management, technical and safety support staff and the involved employee(s) should be included as needed. There should be a rotation for the selection of the peer for the teams.

Inclusion of the employee(s) involved generally improves the response of other employees to the team's recommendations and can be a valuable resource in discovering vital underlying facts.

The results of the investigation should be communicated to the employees and other supervisors to prevent recurrence of this incident in other groups.

Investigation reports should be reviewed by the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee responsible for that unit. The first line supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the recommendations are implemented. The subcommittees will certify that corrective actions have been taken and documentation is consistent.

DOCUMENTATION:

- 1) Employees will report the incident to the supervisors immediately.
- 2) Employees will complete the Employee's Statement Form I-1 and shall return it to their supervisor within one day of the incident. The supervisor shall forward a copy of Form I-1 to Safety and Loss Control within two days of the incident. If a piece of equipment was involved, a Form 140 will also be completed and a copy forwarded to Safety and Loss Control within two days.
- 3) If an injury has resulted, the immediate supervisor will complete the North Carolina Industrial Commission Form 19 and send within one day from the date of the knowledge of the injury the original and one copy of Form 19 to NCDOT's Workers' Compensation Unit and one copy to each of the following:
 - a. The injured employee
 - b. Safety and Loss Control
 - c. Division/Unit Safety Officer

(NC Industrial Commission requires a Form 19 within five days of the date of the knowledge of the injury.)

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- **4)** Provide the injured worker the following:
 - a. Employee Statement Form (Form I-1)
 - b. NCDOT Medical Authorization/Return to Work Form
 - c. NCDOT Work Ability Evaluation Form
 - d. Leave Option Form (Form FR-26)
 - e. Copy of the most recent Workers' Compensation informational brochure
- 5) As soon as possible following a reported incident, an incident investigation team will review all documentation and complete Parts I, II and IV of the Incident Investigation Summary Form I-2.
- **6**) All documentation (Forms 19, I-1, I-2 and 140, and previous accident history) will be compiled and forwarded to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee at the time of completion.
- 7) The Safety Officer and/or Investigating Supervisor will review the incident documentation, determine what corrective actions have been taken and make a report to the Incident and Injury Investigation Subcommittee.
- **8**) The Subcommittee will review all data and complete Part III of the Incident Investigation Form I-2 and forward a copy of Form I-2 to Safety and Loss Control.
- 9) The Subcommittee will compile trends in their area and make a report at the regularly scheduled full Committee safety meeting. (See Section A of this chapter for full Committee safety meeting frequencies.)

Note: Forms are included in Chapter 7.

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Form M-1

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Supervisor's Worksheet For Planning A Safety Meeting

Date of Meeting: Supervisor:	Time: Unit:	
	Meeting Plan	
Principle		
Topic: Other Topic:		
Type of Meeting: (extension, etc.)	ample: Open discussion, lecture with discussion, video pro	esentation with
Training aids to be us		ng Procedures,
Audit Reports, videota see:h	For online form, see:http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/FORMM-1.doc	
Meeting Outline: (Lis	t severa main points and or concerns to be discussed by	e supervisor)
Wiceting Outline. (Lis	i several main points and/or concerns to be discussed by t	me supervisor)

Meeting Procedure

- 1. Call to order
- 2. Review: Minutes from previous meetings and discuss previous and/or current Incident Investigation Reports.
- 3. Discussion: Planned meeting topics. "Yes or No" questions should be avoided to promote discussions from the group.
- 4. Summary and Conclusion: Summarize the main points of discussion and emphasize how they will improve safety. Conclude the meeting and remind everyone to stay alert and to be safe in their activities.

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Form M-2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MONTHLY SAFETY MEETING REPORT

Department Code		Date	
	District:		Division:
Addross:			
Maratha a Obsahana			
Where feasible attendance should	be documented.		
Other Dercens Present			
Other reisons riesent.			
Formal Presentation: (Name of pre	senter and topic):		
Other Subjects Discussed:			
Other Subjects Discussed.	Sample Form		
	-		
	For online form,		
	see:http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/F	FORMM-2.doc	
Reports on Weekly Meetings:			
Employee's Comments/Suggestion	S:		
	-		Chairman's Signature

CC: Safety Committee

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Form M-3

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SAFETY CHECKLIST

Supervisors should use the following as a guide when conducting weekly or daily safety meetings. This list should be modified as needed to work effectively.

Operation and work Location:	Traffic Control Required:
	-
Equipment required:	Are all traffic control devices onboard vehicle?
Is the equipment right for the iob?	Are all devices in good condition?
	Sample Form ———
	- · · ·
	For online form,
Is the equipment performing	.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/FORMM-3.doc
Is operator aware of equipment limitations?	If so, have appropriate safeguards been taken?
Personal Protective Equipment needed?	Have appropriate SOPs been reviewed?
Do all employees have adequate personal protective equipment?	Safety Message:
	Safety Message:

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Form R-1

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WORKSITE AUDIT

Date:		Tin	ne:	AM/PM Auditor Name:	
				County:	
Worksite Location:					
				ted Speed Limit:	
Operation Being Audited:					
				1	1
		Rati	ng	Observations/Corrective Actions	Abatement Date
Category	S	U	N/A	S=Satisfactory, U=Unsatisfactory, N/A=Not Applicable	If corrective actions needed
Safety Equipment					
Hard Hat					
Vest					
Shoes					
Hearing Protection					
Eye/Face Protection					
Foot Protection					
Gloves				Sample Form	
Chain Saw Chaps				Sample Porm	
Other				For online form,	
Traffic Control		. .	see:httr	o://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/FORMR-1.doc	
Signs					
Work Zone Length		L			
Flaggers					
Taper					
Cones, Drums					
Arrow Boards					
Attenuator					
Sight Distance					
Other					
Worksite					
Utilities Located/Guarded					
Excavation					
Confined Space					
Housekeeping					
Lockout/Tagout					
Fire Protection					
Hazardous Materials					
Electrical Hazards (GFCI)					

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Other

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	Rating			Observations/Corrective Actions	Abatement Date
Category	ory S U N/A		N/A	S=Satisfactory, U=Unsatisfactory, N/A=Not Applicable	If corrective actions needed
Tools					
In Safe Condition					
Used Correctly					
Right for Job					
Other					
Equipment					
Back-up Alarms					
Spotter for Backing					
Strobes/Warning Lights					
Seat Belt Use					
Pinch Points					
Other					
Elevated Work				Sample Form	
Ladders		1		Sample 1 offin	
Lifelines				For online form,	
Harness/Lanyards		S	ee:http	//www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/FORMR-1.doc	
Scaffolds					
Other					
People					
Positioning					
Lifting Techniques					
Respiratory Hazards					
Skin Irritants					
Other					
Tailgate Safety Meeting					
General Comments:					

CC: Supervisor's Supervisor Audit Review Subcommittee

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Form R-2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FACILITY AUDIT AND SECURITY CHECK

Date	::	Time	e:			No. of people audited:		 	
Dep	t: Div:		S	Section	: <u> </u>	County:			
Faci	lity audited:							 	
S=S	atisfactory, U=Unsatisfactory, N/A	A=Not Appli	cable	. All it	ems	should be checked to indicate review			
2.	First Aid a. Certified first aid assistance available b. Emergency numbers posted Fire Protection a. Emergency plan understood/posted b. Extinguisher charged/conspicuous loc c. Access to fire equipment d. Lights/doors/signs e. Employee trained in use of extinguish	cation	U	N/A	8.	Illumination-Wiring a. Necessary and used properly b. Lights on during shutdown c. Wire Condition d. Circuits Loading e. Machinery grounded f. Proper wiring in hazardous location (wa house) g. Wall outlets/extension cords h. Adequate lighting	ash [υ	N/A
3	f. Other Security a. Doors/windows, etc. secured when re b. Department shutdown security c. Equipment secured d. Unauthorized entry policy adhered to e. Other	quired			9.	i. Glare/eye strain j. Other General Area a. Floor condition b. Special purpose flooring c. Aisle, clearance/markings			
- - -	Machinery a. Operating machines attended b. Emergency stops operational c. Platforms/ladders/catwalks d. Instructions to operate/stop posted e. Maintenance performed f. Guards in place g, Area free of pinch points	see:http://v	vww.	Fo	or o	ple Form nline form, te.nc.us/forms/files/FORMR-2.doc			
5	h. Lock-out policy posted/adhered to i. Other Material Storage a. Hazardous & flammable materials ide b. Hazardous & flammable materials sto c. Stacking/loading security d. Lighting, warning signs, ventilation e. Other Policy Procedures a. Specific details of work assignment g b. Oriented/trained for job c. Informed and aware of	orage			11.	b. Machined c. Waste disposal d. Vending machines/food e. Rodent, insect. vermin control f. Other Vehicles a. Cleanliness of vehicle b. Unauthorized use c. Operating unauthorized vehicle d. Vehicle operation e. Obeying traffic rules f. Seat belt use			
7	d. Demonstrate job skills e. Use of safety equipment f. Other Miscellaneous a. b. c.				12.	g. Certified in defensive driving			

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Discrepancies				Form R-2, pg2/2				
			Abatement Date					
Item No.		Corrective Action Needed	Target Date	Date Corrected				
	Ī							
		Sample Form						
General Comm	ents		 					
		For online form,						
		see:http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/fil	les/FORMR-2.doc					
_								
Audited by:								

Copy to: Supervisor's Supervisor, Audit Review Subcommittee

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FORM R-3

								Γ OF TRANSPORTATION			
			Ferry Safe	ty A	Au	dit A		Security Check			
Fer							_	eration:			
Da							Da				
	S=	Satisfactory, U=Un	satisfactory, N/				ole. A	Il items should be checked to indicate			27/1
4	Т	T		S	U	N/A	-	TT7	S	U	N/A
1		Equipment					7	Wiring & Lighting			
		saving equipment atable life raft						a. Wire condition			
								b. Circuit loading			
		igation lights						c. Lighting adequate d. Other			
		n, bell & compass ios, loran & radars					8	General Area			
		•					ð				
		hor gear I shut-off valves & re	a a h ma da					a. Traffic patrol & chocking proceduresb. Deck condition			
								c. Deck markings			
		ring gear & emergen e pumping system	icy steering					d. Deck openings and protective guard			
	I. Dilge	e pumping system						rail			
	i. Wate	er-tight hatches, gask	ets & knife					e. Railings, stairs			
	edge							f. Door closures			
	k. Oth							g. Other			
2	First a						9	Housekeeping			
		tchers and kits						a. Decks			
		tifies first aid assistar	nce available					b. Machinery			
3								c. Waste disposal			
		ergency plan/Fire dri	1					d Other			
		nguisher checked/co			Sa	mpl	e Fo	orm			
	locat				Sa	шрі		71111			
	c. Fire	pumps & hoses			_						
	d. Emp	oloyees sufficiently			Fc	r onli	ne fo	orm,			
	e. Oth	er	see:http://www	w.dol	h.dot	.state.n	ic.us/f	Forms/files/FORMR-3.doc			
4	Securi										
		rs/windows, etc. sed			1			ssignment			
	requ	ired						given			
								b. Employees oriented/trained for job			
		ipment secured						c. Informed and aware of job hazards			
	d. Una	uthorized entry polic	y adhered to					d. Job skills demonstrated			
	e. Oth							e. Safety equipment used			
5	Machi				ļ			f. Other			
		rating machines atter					12	Personal Protection Devices			-
		ergency stops operati			<u> </u>			a. High visibility vests			
		forms/ladders/catwal	KS		ļ			b. High visibility foul weather gear			
		ntenance performed						c. Safety-toe shoes			
		rds in place						d. Hearing protection			-
)	out policy adhered to					12	e. Other			
	g. Pipi						13	People . Desitioning			
		tilation						a. Positioning			
_	i. Othe							b. Lifting techniques			
6		ial storage ardous & flammable	matarial-					c. Handling electricity			
	a. Haz identif		materiais					d. Communication techniques			
		ied ardous & flammable	matariala	_				e. Other			
			шацепаіѕ								
	c. Othe	•									
	c. Ould	√1		1	1	l	l				

Revision Date:	7/96
Revision Date.	1170

Discrepancies Form R-3, pg. 2

No.		Corrective Action Needed	Abatement Date
	[Sample Form	
General Con	nment	For online form, see:http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/FORMR-	3.doc
		•	
Audited by:			

Copy to: Supervisor's Supervisor, Audit Review Subcommittee

Revision Date: 10/95

Form I-1

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION EMPLOYEE'S STATEMENT

Employee Name:	Employee SS#:	
Employee Title:		
Division: County:		t #:
Date of Incident:		
Description of Incident (What happened?)		
	Sample Form	
* If this incide Incident Witnesses- Ye see:http://www.dol	is form. back.	
Cause of Incident (What		
How could this incident have been prevented:	:	
I CERTIFY THAT I HAVE READ THE ABOVE INFOR STATEMENT. I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT IF I AM OF AND IN THE COURSE OF MY EMPLOYMENT W REVIEWED AND EXPLAINED TO ME.)	THE INJURED PARTY THAT MY INJURY/ILL	NESS AROSE OUT
Employee's Signature	Print Witness Name (For state only)	ement and signature
Date	Witness Signature	
	Date	
Employee Home Address (<u>only</u> if above is injured party)		
Home Phone (Area Code-Local Number)		

Revision Date:	10/95

Attach completed form to Form 1-2.

10/95 61-50012

Backing Accident Information

1)	Yes List the	ne immediate area				
3)	Yes	No 🔲	Before backing your ve or employees in the are d no for question number 3, p	ea?	I you request assistance from plain why:	any passengers
			F	e Form ne form, c.us/forms/files/FORMI-1.doc		
In	river's Signicide		tness List		Phone Number (Area Code	e-Local Number)
				_ _ _		,
				_ _ _		
				<u> </u>		

Attach completed form to Form 1-2

10/95 61-50012

Revision Date: 3/05

Form I-2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT INVESTIGATION

Employee Name (s)			SS#		
Division: C No. Of Private Parties Injured:	ounty:	Departme Date of Incident:	nt #:	No. Em No. Em Date Incident F	nployees Injured: Reported:
Note: Form 19 must be completed for each each	mployee injured.				
Part I: Incident Investigation (To be conditional Description of Incident: (What happened	,	Investigation Team)			
Cause of Incident (What caused it to ha	ppen?):				
Corrective action:					_
☐ ☐ If the previous	as cited for a moving above conditions resquestion was answe	For onling ttp://www.doh.dot.state.no.gg traffic violation and a vehicle in the state of the sta	e form, c.us/forms/fi nvolved was dis	sabled and removed from in accordance with NC D	OT's Controlled
					_
Investigating Supervisor's Signature: SS #:			Date o	of Investigation	
Send completed Parts 1 and III i	to Incident and	I Injury Investigation S	Subcommit	tee:	
Part III: Status of Corrective Action (o be completed by i	Incident and Injury Investigation	Subcommittee)	
Safety Officer/Investigating Supervisor: Incident Subcommittee Members: Has corrective action been completed? Comments:					
Subcommittee Chairman: Send copy of completed package to Safety Unit.			S	Subcommittee review d	ate:

			Revision Date: 3/05	
Part IV: Statistical	Data-Personal Injury	(To be completed by Incid	lent Investigation Team.)	
A. Personal Injuries	☐ Petroleum Products		☐ Foreign matter in eyes	Inattention to footing or
Nature of Injury(ies)	■ ☐ Gases	☐ Forklifts	☐ Contact with electrical	surroundings
Amputation	☐ Asphalts	☐ Tractors, & other powered	current	☐ Disconnecting or
Burn	☐ Extreme Temperatures	towing machines	☐ Motor vehicle accident	changing safety devices
☐ Bruise	☐ Motors	☐ Other	☐ Other	Jumping from elevations
☐ Concussion	☐ Electrical Devices	Class Code	D. Cause(s) of	(vehicles, etc.)
Cut (Puncture	☐ Starter/Batteries	C. Personal Injury	Personal Injury	Running
or Open)	□ Vegetation	Accident Type	Unsafe Condition	Throwing materials or
Rash	Sunburn	Striking against Object	☐ Inadequate ventilation	tools
☐ Electric Shock	☐ Heating Apparatus	☐ Objects being handled	☐ Insufficient workspace	☐ Riding in unsafe position
☐ Inhalation Injury	☐ Fire/Smoke	☐ Moving & stationary	☐ Improper illumination	Unnecessary exposure
☐ Freezing/Frostbite	☐ Pipe	object	☐ Use of inadequate or	under suspended loads
☐ Hearing Impairment	☐ Hand Tools	☐ Two moving objects	improper tool or	Operating at unsafe
☐ Heat Exhaustion,	Туре	Collapsing material	equipment	speed
Sunstroke	☐ Power Tools	☐ Machine or machine parts	☐ Improper assignment of	Improper backing
☐ Hernia	Туре	Other	personnel	☐ Failure to obey traffic laws
Scratches, Abrasions	☐ Hoisting Apparatus	Caught In, Under or	Improperly positioned	☐ Injecting or mixing
☐ Strains/Sprains	Туре	Between	☐ Inadequately secured	substances to create
☐ Fracture	Ladders	Object being handled	☐ Unguarded, mechanical	hazard
☐ Insect Bites	☐ Liquids		☐ Inadequate shoring	Using unsafe equipment
☐ Other	Туре	object	Electrical hazard	☐ Other
-	Severity of Injury	☐ Two moving objects	☐ Unshielded radiation	E. Safety Equipment
Part(s) of Body Affected Head/Face	Fatal	☐ Collapsing material	☐ Other	in Use
☐ Eyes	☐ Permanent total disability	machine or machine parts	No Unsafe Condition	- ☐ Hard hats
☐ Arm(s)	☐ Pe	Other	The Crisare Condition	■ ☐ Safety glasses
Hand(s)/	dis	Sample Form	usting, oiling,	Respirator
Finger(s)	☐ Te	Sumple I offin		☐ Movable exhaust hood
Abdomen	☐ Fi		uipment	☐ Ear protection
=		For online form,	a adulta at	□ 0-(-(
☐ Back		i or omme rorm,	pairing	Safety shoes
☐ Back ☐ Chest	See http://www.do	,	∎i	☐ Safety snoes☐ Lanyards & lifelines
☐ Chest	B. Eq see:http://www.do	oh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/	∎i	
☐ Chest☐ Hips & Pelvis	B. Eq see:http://www.do	oh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/	∎i	Lanyards & lifelines
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder	B. Eq see:http://www.do	oh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/	FORMI-2.doc thout	☐ Lanyards & lifelines☐ Fluorescent vest
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist	B. Eq See:http://www.do	h.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/	FORMI-2.doc thout ectrically	☐ Lanyards & lifelines☐ Fluorescent vest☐ Flags
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface	FORMI-2.doc thout ectrically charged equipment	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object	charged equipment Failure to use personal	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron
Chest Hips & Pelvis Shoulder Wrist Ankle Leg Feet/Toe(s)	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee	B. Eq Involution See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury	B. Eq Involution in the involu	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury ☐ Animals	See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use	□ Lanyards & lifelines □ Fluorescent vest □ Flags □ Buoyant work vest □ Chemical apron □ Faceshield □ Gloves □ Seatbelt/shoulder harness □ Other restraining device □ Other
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects	B. Eq Involution in the involu	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by	charged equipment charged equipment sailure to use personal protective equipment sailure to secure sailure to warn others sailure to shut off equipment not in use sailure to place warning signs, signals, etc.	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
Chest Hips & Pelvis Shoulder Wrist Ankle Leg Feet/Toe(s) Knee Other Source of Injury Animals Insects Slip Trip	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object	charged equipment charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc.	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
Chest Hips & Pelvis Shoulder Wrist Ankle Leg Feet/Toe(s) Knee Other Source of Injury Animals Insects Slip Trip	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals	B. Eq See:http://www.do	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person Other	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals ☐ Type	B. Eq Involution in the injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person Other	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals Type Equipment Accider	B. Eq Involution in the injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies	Fall on same elevation	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Other ☐ Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals ☐ Type	B. Eq Involution in the injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies Drist Drist	Fall on same elevation	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals Type Equipment Accider A. Roadway	B. Eq Involution injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies Snow/Sleet/Ice Smoke/Dust	Fall on same elevation	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals Type Equipment Accider A. Roadway Condition:	B. Eq Involuntation See:http://www.docombing.combing	Fall on same elevation	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling Equipment Accidents	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals Type Equipment Accider A. Roadway Condition: ☐ Dry	B. Eq Involution injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies TS Snow/Sleet/Ice Smoke/Dust C. Type of Equipment Accident	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person Other Miscellaneous Rolled from parked position	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling Equipment Accidents Operating at unsafe	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Other ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals ☐ Type ☐ Chemicals ☐ Type ☐ Dry ☐ Wet	B. Eq Invol Injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies Snow/Sleet/Ice Smoke/Dust C. Type of Equipment Accident Turning	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person Other Miscellaneous Rolled from parked position Mechanical Failure	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling Equipment Accidents Operating at unsafe speed	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other ☐ Other ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals ☐ Type ☐ Chemicals ☐ Type ☐ Dry ☐ Wet ☐ Snow/Ice	B. Eq Invol Injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person Other Miscellaneous Position Rolled from parked position Mechanical Failure Hit animal Overturned	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling Equipment Accidents Operating at unsafe speed Improper backing	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals Type Equipment Accider A. Roadway Condition: ☐ Dry ☐ Wet ☐ Snow/Ice ☐ Mud ☐ Other	B. Eq Involution injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other	Fall on same elevation	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling Equipment Accidents Operating at unsafe speed Improper backing Failure to obey traffic laws	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals Type ☐ Chemicals Type ☐ Universe State St	B. Eq Invol Injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies TS Snow/Sleet/Ice Smoke/Dust C. Type of Equipment Accident Turning Backing Rear-end Collision Struck by other vehicle	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person Other Miscellaneous position Rolled from parked position Mechanical Failure Hit animal Overturned Flying Object	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling Equipment Accidents Operating at unsafe speed Improper backing Failure to obey traffic laws Injecting or mixing	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
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☐ Chest ☐ Hips & Pelvis ☐ Shoulder ☐ Wrist ☐ Ankle ☐ Leg ☐ Feet/Toe(s) ☐ Knee ☐ Other Source of Injury ☐ Animals ☐ Insects ☐ Slip ☐ Trip ☐ Chemicals Type Equipment Accider A. Roadway Condition: ☐ Dry ☐ Wet ☐ Snow/Ice ☐ Mud ☐ Other B. Weather: ☐ Clear	B. Eq Invol Injuries Machines/Equipment Crushing, Pulverizing, Mixing Drilling, Auger Drilling, Turning Heavy Equipment Class Code Other Vehicles Passenger Trailer Vehicle Tailgates Handtrucks/ Dollies Turning Backing Rear-end Collision Struck by other vehicle Object dropped on vehicle Hit stationary object Ran off road	Fall on same elevation To walkway of working surface Onto or against object Other Struck by Object Tool or machine in use Falling or flying object Tipping, slipping, or rolling object Object being handled by another person Other Miscellaneous position Rolled from parked position Mechanical Failure Hit animal Overturned Flying Object	charged equipment Failure to use personal protective equipment Failure to secure Failure to warn others Failure to shut off equipment not in use Failure to place warning signs, signals, etc. Horseplay, fighting, etc. Improper use of equipment Overloading Improper handling Improper backing Failure to obey traffic laws Injecting or mixing substances to create hazard Using unsafe equipment	☐ Lanyards & lifelines ☐ Fluorescent vest ☐ Flags ☐ Buoyant work vest ☐ Chemical apron ☐ Faceshield ☐ Gloves ☐ Seatbelt/shoulder harness ☐ Other restraining device ☐ Other ☐ Adequate Safety
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North Car	olin	ia Industria	l Commissi	on			IC Fil	le #	
		_	_				Emp. Cod	le #	
EMPLOY	ER'	S REPORT	OF EMPLO	YEE'S I	NJURY OR		Carrier Cod	ie #	
		NAL DISEA	SE TO THE	Indus'	TRIAL		Employer FI	EIN	
Commissior							Carrier Fil		
The filing of the			er is required by	law. It doe	s not satisfy the emp		e I.C. File # 1 entifier for thi		
			Industrial Commi	ssion throu	gh Your Insurance Ca	errior	provided by	return le	etter and
					s' Compensation Act	15 (o be reference respondence.		future
THE USE OF UITS	101111	13 required under	the provisions of	the Worker	3 Compensation Act		тезропаснее		
Employee's Name				Employ	er's Name			Telephone	Number
Address					er's Address		City	State	Zip
City			State		partment of Transportatice Carrier	tion	Policy Number	r	
<u>()</u>			()	1594 N	Mail Service Center		Raleigh NO	27699-	
Home Telephone		□ M □ F	Work Telephone		s Address 2 50-4200		City (919) 212-31	State	Zip
Social Security Num	nber	Sex	Date of Birth	٠,	s Telephone Number		Fax Number	21	
Employer	1.	Give nature of en	nployer's business						
1 131	2.		where injury occur	red					
Time		County	Departr			State if emp	oloyer's prem	ises	
And	3.	Date of injury		Day of week		ur of day	===	A.M.	P.M.
Place	5.	Was employee p	aid for entire day	6	. Date disability bega	an <i>I I</i>	<u>. </u>	A.M.	☐ P.M.
	7. 9.	Date you or the Occupation wh		Sample	e Form		or		
Person	10.	(a) Time emple							
Injured	11.	(a) No. hours v		For onli	ne form,		f days worke	ed per w	eek
		(d) Avg. weekl	see:http://www.d	loh.dot.state.	nc.us/forms/files/FOR	M19.doc	other advant	ages we	ere
	12.	furnished in Describe fully					per		
Cause							_		
And Nature Of Injury									
		(Sta	tement made witho	ut prejudice a	and without vouching fo	or correctne	ss of informa	tion)	
	13.				g. right hand or left har			,	
	14.	Date & hour retui	ned to work	/ at :	.M. 15. If so, at	what wage:	s \$ p	er	
	16.	At what occupation	on		17. Employee's				
Fatal Cases	18. 19.	Was employee tr Has injured empl	eated by a physicia		ve date of death (Subr	nit Form 20) / /		
i atai Cases	13.	rias injured empi	oyee alea	20. II 30, gi	•				
Employer nam	e				D	ate Comple	ted / /		
Signed by	.—				Official Title				
OSHA 301 In Case Number f			ed: Time Emplo	vee began wo	rk on date of incident:	If off-si	te medical trea	tment pro	ovided.
		1 1		:	A.M. □ P.M.	answei	r entire next line	e.	
Name of facility	.		Address: 5	treet/City/Zip/T	elepnone	ER visi ☐ Yes		ernight sta Yes 🔲 N	
					t be used in a manner tha	at protects th	e confidentiality	of empl	oyees to
the extent poss	ible wh	nile the information is	being used for occup	ational safety	and health purposes.				
FORM 19		For IC use ONLY			SELF-INSURED E	MDI OVED	OR CAPPIED	MAII TC) -
11/2003		ıre		rm 19	NCIC - STATIST			WAIL IC	·-
PAGE 6 OF 2	Cau	y se	•	1111 13	4334 Mail Ser	VICE CENTI	ER		
	SIC	ler			RALEIGH, NORT			34	
	Coc	ICI			MAIN TELEPHON OMBUDSMAN: (

Revision Date: 11/03

Employer must furnish a copy of this form, as completed, to the employee or the employee's representative when submitted to the Insurance Carrier or Claims Administrator for transmission to the Commission. Every question must be answered. This report must be transmitted to the Commission through your insurance carrier/claims administrator, and is required by law to be filed within 5 days after knowledge of accident.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR EMPLOYEE

Reporting an Injury

If you do not agree with the description or time of the accident given on this form, you should make a written report of injury to the employer within thirty (30) days of the injury.

Making A Claim

To be sure you have filed a claim, complete a Form 18, Notice of Accident, within two years of the date of the injury and send a copy to the Industrial Commission and to your employer. The employer is required by law to file this Form 19, but the filing of the Form 19 does not satisfy the employee's obligation to file a claim. The employee must file a Form 18 even though the employer may be paying compensation without an agreement, or the Commission may have opened a file on this claim. A claim may also be made by a letter describing the date and nature of the injury or occupational disease. This letter must be signed and sent to the Industrial Commission and to your employer.

FOR ASSISTANCE OR TO OBTAIN A FORM 18 FROM THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION, YOU MAY CALL (800) 688-8349

USE YOUR I.C. FILE NUMBER (IF KNOWN) OR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER ON ALL FUTURE CORRESPONDENCE WITH THE COMMISSION

[SPANISH TRANSLATION]

INFORMACIÓN IMPORTANTE PARA LOS EMPLEADOS

Si usted no está de acuero de la lesión por escrito y dárse

Cómo Presentar una

Sample Form

For online form,

see:http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/FORM19.doc

rmulario, debe hacer un reporte ir de la fecha de la lesión.

Para ceriorarse de que ha presentado una reciamación, complete el Formulario 18 Notificación de Accidente dentro de un período de dos años a partir de la fecha de la lesión y envíe una copia a la Comisión Industrial y una copia a su empleador. Por ley, el empleador debe presentar el Formulario 19, sin embargo, el presentar el Formulario 19 no cumple con la obligación que tiene el empleado de presentar una reclamación. El empleado debe presentar el Formulario 18 aunque el empleador esté pagando compensación sin tener un acuerdo o si la Comisión ha creado un expediente con respecto a esta reclamación. También se puede presentar una reclamación por medio de una carta explicando la fecha y la naturaleza de la lesión o la enfermedad ocupacional. Esta carta se debe firmar y enviar a la Comisión Industrial así como al empleador.

PARA RECIBIR ASISTENCIA O PARA OBTENER EL FORMULARIO 18 DE LA COMISIÓN INDUSTRIAL, USTED PUEDE HABLAR AL (800) 688-8349

EN TODA LA CORRESPONDENCIA QUE ENVÍE A LA COMISIÓN INDUSTRIAL POR FAVOR ESCRIBA EL NÚMERO DE CASO DESIGNADO POR LA COMISIÓN [I.C. FILE NUMBER] (SI LO SABE)

O SU NÚMERO DE SEGURO SOCIAL.

FORM 19 11/2003 **PAGE 7 OF 2**

FORM 19

SELF-INSURED EMPLOYER OR CARRIER MAIL TO: NCIC - STATISTICS SECTION 4334 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27699-4334 MAIN TELEPHONE: (919) 807-2500 OMBUDSMAN: (800) 688-8349

Revision Date:	2/96
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FORM 140 -Rev. 2/96

(Previous editions should not be used)

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT ACCIDENT AND PROPERTY DAMAGE REPORT

Safety & Loss Control Registration Number

	List of all divisions, units or sections invo	olved	
	Location of accident		
		County) , , , , (City or M	Miles)
	`		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Of City or Intersection)	, AM/PM
	(East, West, No., So.)	(of City or Intersection)	
Accident		Roadway MPH , , ,	
	(Day of Week)	(Speed Limit) (No. of Lanes) (Lane Width)	(Surface Material)
	WIN IN		
		S.S. No Dept. Code Co. No.	Age
	Address	Bus. Phone Home Phone	
	Driver Lic. No.	Class (A, B, C) Driving Experience	
		Temporary Service. (Yrs.) Permanent Service (Yrs.)	
	Dates of previous accidents while driving		
Ct-t-	<u> </u>	S.S. No. Dept. Code Co. No.	Age
State	Address	Bus. Phone Home Phone	
Operators/	Driver Lic. No.	Class (A, B, C) Driving Experience	
Employees	Classification		
1 3			
	Dates of previous accidents while driving	state equipment	
	State Veh. No. 1: Equip No.	Lic. No. Make & Type	Year
	Equip. Damage: (describe fully)		
		Who made estimate	
	Est. Cost of Repair	Who made estimate	
	Speed at time of accident (mph)	Injuries (describe fully, include names)	
	State Veh. No. 2: Equip No.	Sample Form	Year
State	Equip. Damage: (describe fully)	Dampie i oim	
Equipment/	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Est. Cost of Repair	For online form,	
Injuries	Speed at time of accident (mph)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		see:http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/forms/files/FORM140.doc	
TOTE FORM 40 M	COLON FEED FOR EACH END		
NOTE: FORM 19 MU	UST BE COMPLETED FOR EACH EMP	EOTEE INJUNED	
	Veh. No. Name	Address Home Phot	na
		Age Driver Lic. No Veh. Make/Type/Year	
	Veh. Lic. No.	State Speed at time of accident (mph) No. of other	occupants
	Liability insurance company (name, addre	ess & policy number)	
	Liability insurance company (name, addi-	• • •	
	Liability insurance company (name, audi		
		and delivered	
Deimate	Owners name and address (if different fro	,	
Private		om driver) Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age)	
Private Parties	Owners name and address (if different fro	,	
	Owners name and address (if different fro	,	
Parties and their	Owners name and address (if different fro	,	
Parties	Owners name and address (if different fro	,	
Parties and their	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh.	,	
Parties and their	Owners name and address (if different fro	,	
Parties and their	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh.	,	
Parties and their	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh.	,	
Parties and their	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh.	,	
Parties and their Equipment	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age)	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accided	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person)	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accided	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person)	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person)	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person)	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person)	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person Description and cause of accident	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace is involved in property damage)	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person)	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace is involved in property damage)	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person Description and cause of accident	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace is involved in property damage) wered all questions fully and accurately	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person Description and cause of accident	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace as involved in property damage) wered all questions fully and accurately	
Parties and their Equipment Property	Owners name and address (if different from Est. damage to veh. Property Damage Estimated value of property before accide (Note: Complete items 4 and 5 on person Description and cause of accident	Describe injuries to all occupants (identify by name and age) ent Estimated cost to repair or replace is involved in property damage) wered all questions fully and accurately	

FORM 140 Rev. (Previous editions should not be used) Page 2		
	FILL IN THE FOLLOWING SPACE SHOWING DIRECTION & POSITIONS OF AUTOMOBILES INVOLVED, DI	ESIGNATING CLEARLY POINT OF CONTACT. INDICATE BY ARROW DIRECTION OF NORTH
	INSTRUCTIONS (1) USE SOLID LINE TO SHOW PATH OF VEHICLE BEFORE ACCIDENT 2 DOTTED LINE AFTER ACCIDENT (2) NUMBER EACH VEHICLE & SHOW DIRECTION OF TRAVEL	
	Witnesses and remarks (provide witnesses names & addresses)	
	Travelers Insurance Company notified (if applicable): Date: How Sample Fo	Time AM/PM
	Traffic citations (X if applicable): Driv Violations charged For online fo see:http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/fo	
Thrown Objects by Trucks/Mowers	Was mower traveling with flow of traffic? Aga	If so, when?

Revision Date:

2/96

Revision #:	0
Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Chapter 8 - Introduction to Procedures

These procedures have been developed to assist managers and employees in carrying out the work activities and operations of the Department in a safe manner. Potential hazards have been identified for typical activities and work sites in each unit, and Safe Operating Procedures written to avoid these hazards. Similar procedures have also been provided for all vehicles, equipment, tools and accessories.

The Safe Operating Procedures have been divided into three sections: General Safe Operating Procedures, Chapter 10; Work Site and Work Activity Safe Operating Procedures, Chapter 11; and Equipment Safe Operating Procedures, Chapter 12. These are preceded by a departmental index, Chapter 9, that lists the procedures applicable in each department. Each crew leader/supervisor will be furnished a safety manual and are expected to keep it with them at all times.

These procedures should not be utilized as substitutes for employee job training. Rather they should serve as a review for performing the tasks safely. These reviews will be conducted during safety meetings.

All procedures are intended to comply with state, local and federal laws. All laws should be strictly adhered to in case of conflict.

The utilization of the Safe Operating Procedures contained in this manual as related to law enforcement personnel are not intended to be all-inclusive or to usurp any standard law enforcement practices. Governing procedures and policies administered by the North Carolina Justice Standards Division are primary governing policies for law enforcement personnel.

Employees are responsible for working in a safe manner. They will also comply with all applicable Safe Operating Procedures in addition to any other safety laws, rules, policies, or procedures.

Employees must wear the required personal protective equipment specified for each operation. Employees are encouraged to report all safety and health problems without fear of retaliation.

Crew Leaders/Supervisors should review appropriate Safe Operating Procedures before beginning new activities, and should review Safe Operating Procedures for routine operations every ten working days.

Crew Leaders/Supervisors are responsible for providing each employee with the appropriate personal protective equipment, and training to perform their assigned tasks.

Crew Leaders/Supervisors are responsible for their employees observing and obeying all applicable Safe Operating Procedures, rules, policies, and laws necessary for their safety and take disciplinary action as needed to obtain compliance.

Revision #:	0
Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

CHAPTER 9 - DEPARTMENTAL LISTINGS

Facilities Management

Chapter	10 SOPs – General		
			Revision #
	All SOPs	10-1 through 10-23	
Chantar	44 CODe Moule Cites and Moule A		
Cnapter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work A	ctivities	
Α.	Shop/Yard		
	Glass Cutting	11A-8	1
	Loading/Unloading Freight	11A-13	1
	Plumbing Operations	11A-29	1
	Service Station Operation	11A-32	1
	Wood Working	11A-41	1
B.	Field - DOH	115.10	
	Demolition of Structure	11B-18	1
	Masonry, Activities	11B-51	1
	Placing Concrete	11B-60	1
	Structural Steel Fabrication	11B-77	1
E.	Special Activities		
	Confined Space Entry	11E-1	1
	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1
	Rigging	11E-9	1
Chapter	12 SOPs – Equipment		
Α.	Self Propelled		
Α.	Forklift	12A-6	1
	Tractor, Backhoe and Loader	12A-0	1
	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-22	1
	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	l
В.	Tools and Accessories		
	Air Compressor	12B-1	1
	Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw	12B-4	1
	Concrete Mixer	12B-6	1
	Concrete Pump	12B-7	1
	Concrete Saw	12B-8	1
	Generator	12B-12	1

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Facilities Management- Continued		Revision #
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
Ladder	12B-15	1
Scaffolding	12B-23	1
Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30	1
Water Pump	12B-33	1

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

General Services

	Scholar Gervioes	<u> </u>	
Chapter	10 SOPs – General		
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			Revision #
	All SOPs	10-1 through10-23	1
Chapter	· 11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work Ad	tivities	
Α.	•		
	Boiler Operations	11A-2	1
	Electrical Installation/Repairs	11A-4	1
	Glass Cutting	11A-8	1
	Hose Crimp Machine	11A-10	1
	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)	11A-21	1
	Plumbing Operations	11A-29	1
	Print Shop Activities	11A-30	1
	Service Station Operation	11A-32	1
	Wood Working	11A-41	1
В.	Field – DOH		
	Masonry, Activities	11B-51	1
	Placing Concrete	11B-60	1
			1
E.			1
	Confined Space Entry	11E-1	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1

Chapter 12 SOPs – Equipment

A.	Self Propelled		
	Lawn Mower	12A-9	1
B.	Tools and Accessories		
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
	Ladder	12B-15	1
	Scaffolding	12B-23	1

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Bridge Maintenance

Chapter	10 SOPs – General			
•				Revision #
	All SOPs	10-1 thro	ugh 10-23	1
Chapter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work Ac	tivities		
Α.	Shop/Yard			
	Electrical Installation/Repairs		11A-4	1
	Hoisting/Jacking		11A-9	1
	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)		11A-21	1
	Sandblasting		11A-31	1
	Service Station Operation		11A-32	1
	Warehouse		11A-38	1
	Welding, Arc		11A-39	1
	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting/		11A-40	1
	Wood Working		11A-41	1
B.	Field - DOH			
	Bridge Deck Cleaning		11B-9	1
	Bridge Expansion Joint Maintenance		11B-10	1
	Bridge Handrail Maintenance		11B-11	1
	Bridge Jacking		11B-12	1
	Concrete Bridge Deck Maintenance		11B-13	1
	Concrete Bridge Super/Sub Structure Maintenance		11B-14	1
	Construction Elevations on Bridge Beams		11B-16	1
	Demolition of Structure		11B-18	1
	Drawbridge Maintenance		11B-20	1
	Drift Removal		11B-23	1
	Electrical Maintenance of Movable Span Bridges		11B-26	1
	Electrical Maintenance of Navigational Lighting		11B-27	1
	Fender System Maintenance		11B-30	1
	Hand Removal of Vegetation		11B-42	1
	Inspection of Existing Bridges		11B-45	1
	Inspection of New Structures		11B-46	1
	Masonry, Activities		11B-51	1
	Overhead and Cantilever Sign Maintenance)	11B-55	1
	Pile Driving		11B-57	1
	Pipe Installation		11B-58	1
	Pipe/Culvert Maintenance		11B-59	1
	Placing Concrete		11B-60	1
	Post-Tensioning Strand Cutting and Remov	⁄al	11B-62	1

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Bridge	Maintenance - Continued		Revision #
	Post-Tensioning Strand Installation	11B-63	1
	Precast Box Culvert Installation	11B-64	1
	Rip Rap Installation/Removal	11B-67	1
	Steel Plank Floor Maintenance	11B-75	1
	Structural Steel Cleaning	11B-76	1
	Structural Steel Fabrication	11B-77	1
	Structural Steel Painting	11B-78	1
	Timber Bridge Floor Maintenance	11B-79	1
	Timber Bridge Super/Sub Structure Maintenance	11B-80	1
	Towing Disabled Equipment	11B-81	1
	Underwater Inspection and Maintenance	11B-86	1
D.	Emergency Activities		
	Field Emergency Response	11D-1	1
E.			
	Confined Space Entry	11E-1	1
	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3	1
	Explosives	11E-4	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6	1
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1
	Rigging	11E-9	1
Chapte	r 12 SOPs – Equipment		
Α.	Self Propelled		
	Excavator, Hydraulic	12A-5	1
	Forklift	12A-6	2
	Lawn Mower	12A-9	1
	Post Driver	12A-15	1
	Snooper Crane	12A-20	1
	Tractor, Backhoe and Loader	12A-22	1
	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	1
	Truck, Dump	12A-30	1
	Work Boat	12A-37	1
	Wrecker	12A-38	1
	Scissors Lift	12A-39	0
B.			
	Air Compressor	12B-1	1
	Attenuator, Truck Mounted	12B-2	1

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Bridge Maintenance - Continued		Revision #
Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw	12B-4	1
Compactor, Hand Operated	12B-5	1
Concrete Mixer	12B-6	1
Concrete Pump	12B-7	1
Concrete Saw	12B-8	1
Generator	12B-12	1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
Impactor-Asphalt Cutter	12B-14	1
Ladder	12B-15	1
Pavement Breaker	12B-18	1
Power Washer	12B-21	1
Rock Drill-Hydraulic, Crawler	12B-22	1
Scaffolding	12B-23	1
Snow Plow	12B-24	1
Tractor Attachments	12B-29	1
Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30	1
Underwater Air Lift	12B-32	1
Water Pump	12B-33	1

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Division Construction

apter	10 SOPs – General			1 =
		1		Revision #
	All SOPs	10-	1 through 10-23	1
apter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Wor	k Activit	ies	
Α.	Shop/Yard			
	Service Station Operation		11A-32	1
	Trichloroethane Still		11A-37	1
В.	Field – DOH			
	Asphalt Field Laboratory		11B-2	1
	Blast Monitoring		11B-7	1
	Construction Elevations on Bridge Bea	ams	11B-16	1
	Density Inspection		11B-19	1
	Drilled Shaft Inspection		11B-24	1
	Field Surveying		11B-35	1
	Geographic Hazards		11B-36	1
	Inspection of New Structures		11B-46	1
	Nuclear Density Inspection		11B-54	1
	Pile Driving		11B-57	1
	Roadway Inspection		11B-69	1
	Sampling and Inspection at Producer's	Facility	11B-71	1
	Tree Felling		11B-84	1
D.	Emergency Activities			
	Field Emergency Response		11D-1	1
E.	Special Activities			
	Confined Space Entry		11E-1	1
	Construction Safety Emphasis Areas		11E-2	1
	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring		11E-3	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Stora	ge	11E-5	1
	High Pressure Hoses		11E-6	1
	Jump Starting		11E-7	1
apter	12 SOPs – Equipment			
В.	Tools and Accessories			
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)		12B-13	1
	Ladder		12B-15	1

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Division Equipment

<u> </u>	10.000		
Chapter	10 SOPs – General		Revision #
	All SOPs	10-1 through 10-23	
	All SOFS	10-1 tillough 10-23	<u> </u>
Chapter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work Act	tivities	
Α.	Shop/Yard		
	Abrasive and Waterblast Cleaning	11A-1	1
	Electrical Installation/Repairs	11A-4	1
	Equipment/Automotive Painting	11A-5	1
	Equipment Body Repair	11A-6	1
	Glass Cutting	11A-8	1
	Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9	1
	Hose Crimp Machine	11A-10	1
	Hydraulic System Repairs	11A-11	1
	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)	11A-21	1
	Mechanic Operations	11A-22	1
	Metal Cleaning, Chemical/High Pressure Wa	ash 11A-23	1
	Metal Cleaning, Mechanical/Abrasive	11A-24	1
	Metal Punching, Forming and Shearing	11A-25	1
	Metal Removing by Machine	11A-26	1
	Sandblasting	11A-31	1
	Service Station Operation	11A-32	1
	Tire Repair	11A-35	1
	Welding, Arc	11A-39	1
	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting/	11A-40	1
В.	Field - DOH		
	Roadside Equipment Repair	11B-68	1
	Towing Disabled Equipment	11B-81	1
D.	Emergency Activities		
	Field Emergency Response	11D-1	1
E.	Special Activities		
	Confined Space Entry	11E-1	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6	_
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1
	Rigging	11E-9	_

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Division	Equipment-Continued		
Chapter	12 SOPs – Equipment		
_			Revision #
A.	Self Propelled		
	Forklift	12A-6	1
	Lawn Mower	12A-9	1
	Truck, Field Mechanic	12A-31	1
	Truck, Fuel and Lube	12A-32	1
	Truck, Tractor and Trailer	12A-36	1
	Wrecker	12A-38	1
	Scissors Lift	12A-39	0
В.	Tools and Accessories		
	Air Compressor	12B-1	1
	Generator	12B-12	1
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
	Power Washer	12B-21	1
	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30	1

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Division Incident Management

	10 SOPs – General		Revision #
	All SOPs	10-1 through 10-23	1
hapter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work Act	ivities	
Λ	Shop/Yard		
	Service Station Operation	11A-32	1
	Warehouse	11A-38	1
В.	Field - DOH		
	Overhead and Cantilever Sign Maintenance	11B-55	1
D.	Emergency Activities		
	Field Emergency Response	11D-1	1
E .	Special Activities		
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1
	Rigging	11E-9	1
	12 SOPs – Equipment		
<u>napte</u> r	<u> </u>		
napter B.	Tools and Accessories		

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Division Maintenance

Chantor	10 SOPs - Conoral		
Chapter	r 10 SOPs – General		Revision #
	All CODe	10.1 through 10.22	1
	All SOPs	10-1 through 10-23	I
Chapter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work Act	ivities	
Α.	Shop/Yard		
	Loading/Unloading Freight	11A-13	1
	Plumbing Operations	11A-29	1
	Service Station Operation	11A-32	1
	Welding, Arc	11A-39	1
	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting/	11A-40	1
	Wood Working	11A-41	1
В.	Field - DOH		
<u>D.</u>	Asphalt Overlays/Widening	11B-3	1
	Asphalt Pavement Maintenance	11B-4	1
	Asphalt Plant Operations	11B-5	1
	Bituminous Surface Treatment	11B-6	1
	Borrow Pit, Waste Pit and Stockpiling Opera	l l	1
	Concrete Pavement Maintenance	11B-15	1
	Crack Sealing	11B-17	1
	Demolition of Structure	11B-18	1
	Earth Moving	11B-16	1
	Fence Installation/Maintenance	11B-29	1
	Field Surveying	11B-35	1
	Geographic Hazards	11B-36	1
		11B-40	1
	Grouting Operations Guardrail Installation/Maintenance	11B-41	1
		11B-41	
	Hand Removal of Vegetation Inmate Labor	11B-44	1 1
		11B-44	1
	Litter Pickup		1
	Maintenance Stabilization of Unpaved Roads		1
	Masonry, Activities	11B-51	1
	Minor Shoulder Maintenance	11B-52	1
	Pipe Installation	11B-58	1
	Pipe/Culvert Maintenance	11B-59	1
	Placing Concrete	11B-60	1
	Rip Rap Installation/Removal	11B-67	1
	Towing Disabled Equipment	11B-81	1

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	Traffic Survey Equipment/Maintenance	11B-83	1
	Tree Felling	11B-84	1
D.		445.4	4
	Field Emergency Response	11D-1	1
E.	Special Activities		
	Confined Space Entry	11E-1	1
	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3	1
	Explosives	11E-4	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6	1
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1
	Rigging	11E-9	1
hapter	12 SOPs – Equipment		1
Α.	Self Propelled		
	Asphalt Distributor/Kettle	12A-1	1
	Broom	12A-3	1
	Crane/Dragline	12A-4	1
	Excavator, Hydraulic	12A-5	1
	Forklift	12A-6	1
	Grader	12A-7	1
	Lawn Mower	12A-9	1
	Loader, Force Feed	12A-10	1
	Loader, Front End	12A-11	1
	Pavement Grinder	12A-13	1
	Paving Machine/Widener	12A-14	1
	Post Driver	12A-15	1
	Rollers, Patch	12A-16	1
	Rollers, Sheep Foot/Rubber-Tired/Vibratory	12A-17	1
	Rotary Slope Mower	12A-18	1
	Scraper	12A-19	1
	Spreader, Aggregate	12A-21	1
	Tractor, Backhoe and Loader	12A-22	1
	Tractor, Crawler	12A-23	1
	Tractor Mower	12A-24	1
	Tractor, Wheel	12A-25	1
	Truck, Aerial Device	12A-26	1
	Truck, Asphalt Patcher	12A-27	1
	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	1

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Division	Division Maintenance - Continued		
	Truck, Dump	12A-30	1
	Truck, Tractor and Trailer	12A-36	1
В.	Tools and Accessories		
	Air Compressor	12B-1	1
	Attenuator, Truck Mounted	12B-2	1
	Brush Chipper	12B-3	1
	Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw	12B-4	1
	Compactor, Hand Operated	12B-5	1
	Concrete Mixer	12B-6	1
	Concrete Pump	12B-7	1
	Concrete Saw	12B-8	1
	Conveyor	12B-9	1
	Curb Machine	12B-10	1
	Generator	12B-12	1
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
	Impactor-Asphalt Cutter	12B-14	1
	Ladder	12B-15	1
	Pavement Breaker	12B-18	1
	Rock Drill-Hydraulic, Crawler	12B-22	1
	Snow Plow	12B-24	1
	Soil Conditioner, Rotary	12B-25	1
	Spreader, In-Body Salt	12B-26	1
	Spreader, Material Tow Type	12B-27	1
	Spreader, Tailgate	12B-28	1
	Tractor Attachments	12B-29	1
	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30	1
	Trenching Machine	12B-31	1
	Water Pump	12B-33	1

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Division of Motor Vehicles

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	All SOPs 10-1 thro		1
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Α.	Shop/Yard		
	Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9	1
	Lifting/Fleeting Vessels	11A-12	1
	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)	11A-21	1
	Warehouse	11A-38	1
В.	Field - DOH		
	Inmate Labor	11B-44	1
C.	Field – DMV		
	Behind the Wheel Training of School Bus Driv	rers 11C-1	1
	Commercial Vehicles Examination and Road		1
	Investigations	11C-3	
	Non-Commercial Vehicles Examination and R Test	oad 11C-4	1
	Training for Firearms	11C-5	1
D.	Emergency Activities		
	Field Emergency Response	11D-1	1
Ε.	Special Activities		
	Confined Space Entry	11E-1	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1
Chapter	· 12 SOPs – Equipment		
Α.	Self Propelled		
	Truck, Tractor and Trailer	12A-36	1
В.	Tools and Accessories		
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
	Ladder	12B-15	1

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Division Road Oil

Chapter	10 SOPs – General		
			Revision #
	All SOPs	10-1 through 10-23	1
Chapter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work Ac	tivities	
A.	Shop/Yard		
	Service Station Operation	11A-32	1
В	Field DOLL		
В.	Field - DOH	14D 6	1
	Bituminous Surface Treatment	11B-6	1
D.	Emergency Activities		
<u> </u>	Field Emergency Response	11D-1	1
	The same general transfer and the same same same same same same same sam		
E.	Special Activities		
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6	1
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
Chapter	12 SOPs – Equipment		
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Α.	Self Propelled		
	Asphalt Distributor/Kettle	12A-1	
	Broom	12A-3	
	Lawn Mower	12A-9	
	Rollers, Patch	12A-16	
	Rollers, Sheep Foot/Rubber-Tired/Vibratory		
	Spreader, Aggregate	12A-21	
	Tractor, Wheel	12A-25	
	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	+
	Truck, Dump	12A-30	1
	Tools and Assessaries		
В.		40D C	1
	Attenuator, Truck Mounted	12B-2	
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual) Tractor Attachments	12B-13 12B-29	
	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30) 1

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Division Roadside Environmental

Chapter	10 SOPs – General		
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	All SOPs 10-1 through 10		
Chapter	11 SOPs – Work Sites and Work A	Activities	
Α.	Shop/Yard		
	Loading/Unloading Freight	11A-1;	3 1
	Plumbing Operations	11A-29) 1
	Service Station Operation	11A-3	2 1
	Warehouse	11A-38	3 1
В.	Field - DOH		
	Hand Removal of Vegetation	11B-42	2 1
	Herbicide and other Spraying Operations		
	Planting and Plant Bed Maintenance	11B-6	
	Rest Area Maintenance	11B-60	
	Seeding, Mulching and Topdressing	11B-7	
	Towing Disabled Equipment	11B-8	
	Tree Felling	11B-84	
	Emergency Activities		
D.	<u> </u>	11D-	1 1
	Field Emergency Response	ווט-	1
E.	Special Activities		
	Confined Space Entry	11E-	1 1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-	
	High Pressure Hoses	11E-	5 1
	Jump Starting	11E-	
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	
	Rigging	11E-9	
Chantor	12 SOBs Equipment		
Silapier	12 SOPs – Equipment		
A.	Self Propelled		
	Bark Spreader	12A-2	
	Forklift	12A-	
	Hydro Seeder	12A-8	
	Lawn Mower	12A-9	
	Tractor, Backhoe and Loader	12A-2	2 1

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Division	Roadside Environmental - Continued		Revision #
	Tractor, Wheel	12A-25	1
	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	1
	Truck, Dump	12A-30	1
	Truck, Herbicide	12A-34	1
	Scissors Lift	12A-39	0
B.	Tools and Accessories		
	Air Compressor	12B-1	1
	Attenuator, Truck Mounted	12B-2	1
	Brush Chipper	12B-3	1
	Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw	12B-4	1
	Fumigation (Gassing) Rig	12B-11	1
	Generator	12B-12	1
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
	Ladder	12B-15	1
	Mulch Blower	12B-17	1
	Tractor Attachments	12B-29	1
	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30	1
	Water Pump	12B-33	1

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Division Traffic Services

Chapter	10 SOPs – General		
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A.	Shop/Yard		
	Metal Punching, Forming and Shearing	11A-25	1
	Service Station Operation	11A-32	1
	Traffic Services' Shops and Warehouse	11A-36	1
	Warehouse	11A-38	1
B.	Field - DOH		
	Installation of Paint Lines	11B-47	1
	Overhead and Cantilever Sign Maintenance	11B-55	1
	Pavement Marking Removal	11B-56	1
	Raised Pavement Marker Installation/Maintena	ince 11B-65	1
	Roadway Lighting Installation/Maintenance	11B-70	1
	Sign Installation/Maintenance	11B-73	1
	Special Markings Installation	11B-74	1
	Traffic Signal Installation/Maintenance	11B-82	1
	Traffic Survey Equipment/Maintenance	11B-83	1
	Tree Felling	11B-84	1
D.	Emergency Activities		
	Field Emergency Response	11D-1	1
E.	Special Activities		
	Confined Space Entry	11E-1	1
	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3	1
	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage	11E-5	1
	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6	1
	Jump Starting	11E-7	1
	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	1
	Rigging	11E-9	1

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Division Traffic Services - Continued			Revision #
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A.	Self Propelled		
	Paint Machine, Centerline	12A-12	1
	Truck, Aerial Device	12A-26	1
	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	1
	Truck, Sign Erector	12A-35	1
	Scissors Lift	12A-39	0
В.	Tools and Accessories		
	Air Compressor	12B-1	1
	Attenuator, Truck Mounted	12B-2	1
	Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw	12B-4	1
	Concrete Saw	12B-8	1
	Curb Machine	12B-10	1
	Generator	12B-12	1
	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	1
	Ladder	12B-15	1
	Line Remover, Traffic Paint	12B-16	1
	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30	1

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Equipment and Inventory Control

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Approved by	: Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ferry Division

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Preconstruction

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Accident and Injury Response

SOP 10-1

- 1. Take appropriate action to prevent additional injuries and/or accidents.
- 2. Attend to injured person(s) in accordance with first aid training. The safe working practice for First Aid is an excellent review on how to handle a situation involving personal injury. (Ref. SOP 10-8)
- 3. When an injured employee requires medical treatment, the immediate supervisor is responsible for ensuring that prompt medical treatment is provided. The welfare of the injured employee is primary; do not economize; use an ambulance if necessary. A supervisor will accompany the injured employee to the medical facility.
- 4. For motor vehicle accidents, call the Police and the EMS and fire department when needed.
- 5. Be courteous, answer police questions, and give identifying information to other parties involved. Do not assume responsibility.
- 6. Complete the information in the Motor Vehicle Accident Reporting Kit provided by the Travelers Company.
- 7. Employees are required to report minor incidents to their supervisor as soon as possible, or at least before the end of the work shift and before going to a doctor.
- 8. Serious incidents shall be reported immediately. If there is a fatality, an immediate report to the Raleigh Office is also required.
- 9. If a serious injury or fatality occurs, the highest level supervisor available should meet with family members to explain the circumstances and to provide assistance.

Related SOP's

General SOP's......Chapter 10

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Cold Weather Safety

SOP 10-2

- 1) Whenever possible, schedule coldest part of work for the warmest part of the day.
- 2) Reorganize work procedures to minimize sitting still or standing for long periods of time.
- 3) All employees who have not been working in the cold environment must adjust to the cold before expecting to be fully productive (5-7 days).
- 4) Be sure to drink plenty of warm, sweet, caffeine-free, non-alcoholic drinks or soup.
- 5) Take regular rest breaks in a warm place, if possible.
- 6) Wear the proper clothing in layers. Wool, polypropylene or 50/50 cotton and polyester blend should be worn next to the skin. Outer garments should be of waterproof, wind resistant material like nylon.
 - A good example of layering would be a wool shirt or sweater over a cotton one and then an outer nylon jacket.
- 7) Employees should be sure to wear a hat or other head covering as up to 40% of heat loss occurs when the head is exposed.
- 8) Wear waterproof boots with two pairs of socks. The inner pair should be cotton and the outer pair wool.
- 9) Employees should wear gloves for light to moderate work anytime the air temperature falls below 40 degrees F.
- 10) Keep as dry as possible and have extra clothing readily available to change into if you do get wet
- 11) Remember! The frequency of accidents is higher in cold weather. Make allowances for your slowed reflexes and numbed hands when doing your job.
- 12) Be aware of ice on sidewalks, pavement and in shaded areas around buildings. Avoid areas where accumulated ice may cause a slip and/or fall.

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General SOP's.....Chapter 10

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Computer Data Entry

SOP 10-3

Hazard Review		
Repetitive Motion Illness	Carpal Tunnel Syndrome	Back Discomfort
Neck Strain	Headaches	Eye Strain

- 1) Adjust seat height and backrest angle to fit the user in a seated position. Thighs should be parallel to the floor or sloping downward slightly. Adjust footrest for proper height and angle.
- 2) Adjust keyboard to keep forearms parallel to the floor, or sloping downward slightly. Use wrist-rests if necessary to maintain neutral position when needed.
- 3) Maintain correct hand and wrist posture when entering data. Keep wrists in a neutral position.
- 4) Position documents roughly perpendicular to the line of sight using a document holder and maintain monitor at eye level. Eyes should look straight ahead or downward 10 to 15 degrees.
- 5) Locate video display terminals away from windows and/or use anti-glare screens when needed.
- 6) Use caution when working behind CPU equipment because of multiple cords.
- 7) Repetitive motion illness develops over an extended period of time. Learn work habits that reduce risks. These include properly adjusting your work station, taking breaks at least every two hours (more often if you are having symptoms) and performing stretching exercises.

Rel	ated	SO	P's

General SOP's......Chapter 10

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Domestic and Wild Animals

SOP 10-4

Field employees are at risk from exposure to all types of animals, their waste products and their carcasses. Rodents and other animals can harbor disease-causing agents very harmful to humans. Care should be taken to avoid all wild animals and domestic animals that have the potential to harm you.

To avoid accident or injuries associated with rodents and other animals observe the following guidelines:

- 1) Be aware of your surroundings and note any wild or suspicious acting animals in your work area. If necessary, seek safe shelter from these animals.
- 2) Avoid reaching or stepping into or over hidden areas that may contain such animals.
- 3) When working with soil, be aware of signs that indicate above or below ground animal nests and take appropriate action to prevent contamination by dust or injury from bites.
- 4) Spray animal carcasses with a disinfectant (Lysol) prior to removal and wear rubber gloves to remove animal carcasses. Dispose of dead animals in compliance with applicable county health guidelines. Wash exposed skin with an antibacterial or disinfectant soap (i.e., Dial or Dermascrub) after removal and disposal of the animal.
- 5) If an animal bite occurs, clear the wound with soap and water, and follow appropriate first aid procedures. Immediately report the incident to your supervisor.
- 6) Transport any bite victim to the NCDOT preferred provider located in your Division/area. (If possible, safely capture or kill the animal so it can be tested for any known disease-causing agents.)
- 7) If exposure to airborne particles and dust from a nest does occur, immediately report the incident to your supervisor. (If possible, and without exposing yourself, mark the site without disturbing it so trained personnel can collect samples to determine if any disease-causing agents are present.)
- 8) Avoid direct contact with bird, bat and other animal droppings. Areas where birds and bats roost should be avoided or appropriate respiratory protection shall be used.

Related SOP's

General SOP's.....Chapter 10

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Equipment Mounting and Dismounting

SOP 10-5

- 1) Park in an area that provides maximum protection for operator and passengers and which provides a solid landing during mounting and dismounting.
- 2) Do not leave equipment unattended with engine running. Shut off engine and set parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 3) When mounting or dismounting equipment, use all steps and all handholds provided.
- 4) DO NOT JUMP FROM EQUIPMENT.
- 5) Use a three-point method in mounting and dismounting equipment. When mounting, face the equipment and using both hands, firmly grasp handholds while placing one foot solidly on step. When dismounting, face the equipment and place both feet solidly on steps and use one hand to firmly grasp handhold.

Related SOP's

General SOP's......Chapter 10

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Exposure to Blood or Bodily Fluids (Bloodborne Pathogens)

SOP 10-6

- 1) Always treat blood and bodily fluids as if they are infected with transmittable diseases.
- 2) Report any accident/incident involving the transfer of blood or bodily fluids to the supervisor immediately.
- 3) Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) will be provided and used by all employees considered to be at risk of infection.
- 4) Gloves are to be worn for touching blood and bodily fluids, mucous membranes or non-intact skin of all persons, for handling items or surfaces soiled with blood or bodily fluids, and for rendering assistance to injured persons.
- 5) Always wash hands and arms after helping a victim. If washing facilities are not available, transport the exposed individual to a facility where soap and water are available.
- 6) For employees trained in CPR, separate yourself from direct contact with the victim by using a face shield or mask, or one-way resuscitating device.
- 7) Any items located that are believed to be human waste products (i.e., blood, soiled clothing, needles, or items identified with the universal biohazard symbol) should be handled only with personal protective equipment.
- 8) All items known to be contaminated with blood or bodily fluids should be disposed of in a plastic bag, along with gloves and other protective equipment used in the disposal process. This bag should then be labeled as to its contents and a Safety Officer notified for disposal procedures.
- 9) All equipment and working surfaces shall be decontaminated with an appropriate disinfectant to eliminate the potential for infection.
- 10) NCDOT will provide a free hepatitis B vaccination for employees considered at the greatest risk of infection.
- 11) A copy of the exposure control plan is available by request for all employees to review, (Bloodborne Pathogens SPP #1910.1030.)



Biohazard Symbol This is a universal symbol identifying material or objects contaminated with human blood or bodily fluids.

Related SOP's

General SOP's.....Chapter 10

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Fire Safety SOP 10-7

Buildings

- 1. All employees should know escape routes and locations of fire exits.
- 2. All fire exits must be unobstructed, unlocked and marked.
- 3. Fire/smoke alarms should be tested and fire drills conducted regularly.
- 4. All employees should know the location of and how to use fire extinguishers.
- 5. Facilities should be periodically inspected to ensure fire extinguishers are charged and to identify and eliminate fire hazards. Fire extinguisher locations should be properly marked.
- 6. Wiring and/or extension cords used for office machines or other appliances should be checked periodically.

Job Sites

- 1. When refueling vehicles, turn off engines. No smoking or open flames are permitted in the area.
- 2. Use extra caution when working with flammable materials on job site. Refer to MSDS.
- 3. Use only approved marked safety containers for storing and transporting flammable materials.
- 4. After refueling portable tools/equipment with gasoline engines, move at least 25 feet from refueling site to start engine.
- 5. Operator should know the location of and how to use the fire extinguishers. Fire extinguishers should be inspected to ensure that they are charged.
- 6. Allow space for fuel expansion in fuel tanks and containers.

Related SOP's

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

First Aid SOP 10-8

If an injury occurs, the first aider should:

- 1) Evaluate the accident area to ensure he does not become involved in the same accident situation. The injured person should not be moved unless a life threatening condition exists.
- 2) Remain calm and take charge of the situation until professional medical help arrives.
- 3) Direct others briefly and clearly as to how they can help or secure help.
- **4**) Conduct a primary survey of the victim to detect life-threatening conditions that require immediate attention. These include:

A. Respiratory Arrest

- Ensure adequate breathing by establishing and maintaining an open airway.
- If there are no signs of breathing, give artificial breathing (mouth-to-mouth using by-pass resuscitator is preferred method).
- If victim experiences circulatory failure, start CPR if trained to perform it.

B. Severe Bleeding

- Determine if from capillaries, veins or arteries.
- If artery or vein is involved, use the following methods in this order:
- Apply direct pressure using a sterile bandage or the cleanest material available.
- Elevate the bleeding part of the body above the head if no fractures are involved and injury will not be aggravated.
- Apply pressure at closest available pressure point.
- Apply a tourniquet only as a last resort and only if bleeding cannot be controlled any other way.

C. Shock

- Be prepared to treat for shock even when there is little or no injury. First aid procedures are:
- Keep victim lying down.
- Provide as much fresh air as possible.
- Loosen tight clothing at the neck, waist and chest.
- Keep the victim warm and dry by wrapping in blankets or similar materials
- Do not give victim anything by mouth.
- Help victim maintain a good positive attitude by remaining calm, using reassuring tones and keeping onlookers away.
- 5) Determine if transportation is necessary. Transportation of the injured person will depend on the judgment call of the first aider. In many cases, particularly with fractures, back and similar injuries, it is wiser to call the rescue squad or Emergency Medical Services for professional help. They have backboards, inflatable splints and other equipment that can be used to move the victim without causing additional injuries.

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 6) Only after the life threatening injuries and medical help has been requested, should the first aider proceed to the following steps. Most of these additional steps may not be necessary if medical help can get to the site.
- 7) Dress any open wounds with bandage compresses, cravat bandages or any other clean materials that are available. It is only necessary for this material to last until the victim can be moved to professional medical help.
- 8) Splint any fractures with the best available material. Shovel handles, sticks, rolled up newspaper, etc., can be used as improvised splints.
- 9) When all else fails, the first aider should use his best judgement and do whatever is necessary to save the life.

Definition

First aid is the immediate care given to a person who is injured or ill.

Principal Aims are:

- Care for life threatening conditions.
- Protection from further injury or complications.
- Arranging transportation for the victim to a medical facility.
- Making the victim as comfortable as possible while waiting for assistance.

Training Policy

OSHA regulations require that someone in each crew be trained in first aid procedures
when medical assistance is not reasonably accessible in terms of time and distance. NC
DOT policy is to train all employees in first aid with refresher courses every three years.

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Flagging Traffic

SOP 10-9

- 1. Always set up flagging stations so that they are highly visible to traffic with good approach sight distance.
- 2. **NEVER** stand in a lane that is open to traffic.
- 3. Signs and paddles should be clean and readable. Always remove signs when flagging operations are not in progress.
- 4. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment including a safety vest and orange cap. High visibility vests or hard hats may be required in some situations. (e.g. orange covers on hard hats).
- 5. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency and always face oncoming traffic.
- 6. Give clear and concise messages to drivers and coordinate with other flaggers.
- 7. Flaggers should be trained in flagging techniques prior to beginning a flagging operation.
- 8. Be aware of moving equipment in the work zone. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 9. Air horns that are used to alert workers of emergency situations should only be used when absolutely necessary.

Related SOP's

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hazardous Materials

SOP 10-10

Below are the responsibilities of supervisors and employees when dealing with hazardous materials.

Supervisors

- 1. Ensure that labels on hazardous materials are legible when the material is received and that they are maintained in a legible condition. Containers should be stored with warning labels visible.
- 2. Maintain the collection of Material Safety Data Sheets in a good condition and to ensure employee access as requested.
- 3. Provide initial and refresher training on the Hazard Communication Standard and the DOT's Hazard Communication Program.
- 4. Maintain records of employees' training.
- 5. Insure employees are provided with and instructed on the use of any personal protective equipment that may be necessary for working with the hazardous materials.
- 6. Provide proper devices and containers for transfer of hazardous material.

Employees

- 1. Acquire the necessary training before working with any hazardous material.
- 2. Review chemical labels for procedures to follow, personal or environmental hazards and safety information.
- 3. Acquire and wear necessary personal protective equipment before working with any hazardous material.
- 4. Use acceptable containers for transporting hazardous material.

Related SOP's

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hot Weather Safety

SOP 10-11

- 1. Supervisors should schedule heaviest work during the cooler morning hours whenever possible.
- 2. All employees who have not been working in a hot environment must adjust to the heat before expecting to be fully productive (5-7 days).
- 3. Employees should drink 2 cups of water before beginning work. Then 2-4 additional cups should be taken during each hour of work.
- 4. Employees must begin drinking fluids before they feel thirsty to avoid heat-related problems.
- 5. Employees should not take sale tablets but should get extra salt through their normal meals.
- 6. Light meals are better than fatty foods as they are easier on the digestive system.
- 7. Frequent, short breaks in the shade are better than infrequent, long ones.
- 8. Employees should wear the proper clothing such as loosely woven cotton shirts, sunglasses, sweatbands and the proper footwear.
- 9. Supervisors should ensure that each crew has adequate water and that employees are allowed enough break time for drinking purposes.
- 10. Employees must remember that a lack of sleep, obesity, alcohol use and similar factors can increase the risk of heat related injuries.

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Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Housekeeping and Sanitation

SOP 10-12

- 1. Good housekeeping is important for maintaining a safe workplace.
- 2. Each employee is responsible for maintaining a clean and sanitary workplace.
- 3. All materials must be properly stored with stock being placed neatly in racks or bins wherever possible.
- 4. Clear all floors and walkways of tripping hazards on a regular basis. Marked aisles must be kept clear of obstructions.
- 5. Maintain all floors, decks and working surfaces in non-slippery condition by removing spills as soon as possible. Any non-slip material should be inspected on a regular basis for wear.
- 6. Place trash in proper receptacle. Do not throw it on the floor or ground
- 7. Provide a waste receptacle that is in good condition and appropriate for the type of waste material.
- 8. Clean all machinery regularly and keep free of shavings, excess oil and pieces of stock.
- 9. Oily waste, rags or other flammable material shall only be stored in the proper metal receptacles.
- 10. Materials should not be stored where they block access to fixed ladders, stairways, electrical switch boxes, fire fighting or other rescue equipment.
- 11. Hand tools should be neatly stored in a designated place.
- 12. Food or beverages should not be consumed in any area exposed to toxic materials or infectious agents.
- 13. Shields and guards will be provided on grinders, air compressors and other belt driven equipment in accordance with applicable regulations. Machines with removed or improperly functioning guards or shields shall not be operated.
- 14. Ample space for each employee to work safely and to achieve a sound footing shall be provided.
- 15. Ample light for the work to be performed will be provided.
- 16. Any person working in shop area shall wear steel toe shoes.
- 17. Maintain all air, hydraulic lines and electrical cords in good repair.
- 18. Provide adequate fresh airflow in work area.
- 19. Follow proper safety procedure for use of all power tools and equipment.

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Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Lifting SOP 10-13

- 1. Before lifting the load, think of alternate means of moving it (push, pull, roll, pour or pump).
- 2. Have firm footing and make sure the standing surface is not slippery.
- 3. Determine the best way to hold the load using any handles, gripping areas or special lifting tools. Get a firm grip on the load.
- 4. Keep your back straight by tucking your chin in.
- 5. Tighten your stomach muscles and lift with your legs.
- 6. Lift the load slowly. DO NOT JERK!
- 7. Hold the load as close to the body as possible. Be sure you position the load close to the body before lifting.
- 8. Do not twist during your lift or when moving the load. Turn with your feet, not with your back.
- 9. Set the load down gently. Use your legs and keep your back as straight as possible.
- 10. Be sure your fingers are out of the way when putting the load down and when moving the load through tight spaces.
- 11. Don't try to be a superman. Ask for help if you need it and use mechanical means whenever it's available.

Related SOP's

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Office Safety

SOP 10-14

Hazard Review		
Workstation Design	Material Storage and Handling	Pinch Points
Lifting	Slip, Trip and Fall Hazards	

- 1. Perform a Hazard Risk Assessment.
- 2. Know where building emergency exits are located. These areas should not be used for storage or be blocked. Access ways should be kept clear at all times. Walkways within the office should be open and not restricted by stacked boxes or garbage.
- 3. Electrical cords, computer, communication and phone lines must be secured to prevent tripping. Carpet and desk mats must be secured to prevent tripping or falling.
- 4. File drawers should be closed immediately after use so no one can run into or trip over them. Only one drawer should be opened at a time to prevent the cabinet from falling forward. Use caution when closing drawers.
- 5. Avoid handling supplies more than once by putting materials in their stored location upon receiving them.
- 6. Always use proper lifting techniques. Use mechanical lifting devices and/or ask for assistance when moving heavy and/or bulky items.
- 7. Never walk with items stacked so high that your vision is obstructed. Do not stack items in such a manner that they are unstable.
- 8. Be aware of and keep hands and fingers out of pinch points throughout the office, especially desk drawers, file cabinets and stacked materials.
- 9. Eating, drinking or smoking should be avoided around office equipment and computer terminals. Paper clips and staples should be used with caution around copying equipment and keyboards.
- 10. Be aware of stress and strain associated with the use of video display terminals and poorly arranged workstations. Arrange your workstation so that excessive reaching and poor posture is eliminated. Your arms and shoulders should be at a rest position and your wrist should not rest against the edge of the desk.
- 11. Office equipment such as chairs and desks that are broken and are a safety hazard should be labeled as "Broken, Do Not Use" and removed from the area until they are repaired or replaced.
- 12. To prevent slips on wet floor surfaces, facility entrances with smooth tile or concrete flooring shall be covered with an absorbent mat that has a non-skid backing. Use signs or cones to alert others of wet floor surfaces. Any wet areas found on floors shall be cleaned up immediately. Employees should be reminded to consider that shoe soles with tread offer better traction during wet weather.

Related SOP's	
General SOP'sChapter 10	Computer Data Entry10-3

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Personal Protective Equipment - DMV

SOP 10-15

Data Entry Operator

Adjustable chair with arm rest

Anti-glare screen

Document holder

Foot rest

Padding for wrist protection

Law Enforcement

Equipped vehicle

Coveralls

Bulletproof vest (if issued)

Weapon

Handcuffs

Flashlight, flares

First aid kit

Safety stand/traffic cone

White gloves

Rubber gloves

Reflective vests

Baton

Whistle

Firearms Training

Ear protection

Safety glasses

Bulletproof vest (if available)

First aid kit

Radio communication

Process Officer

Hand held radio

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Personal Protective Equipment - DOH

SOP 10-16

The following are guidelines/requirements for the use of personal protective equipment (PPE). It is not possible to list every instance where PPE is required so it shall be the Supervisor's responsibility to exercise prudent judgement to determine if additional protective equipment is necessary and to insure that the appropriate equipment is worn. The failure to wear appropriate PPE could result in disciplinary action.

Hard Hats shall be worn:

- When there is a clear and present danger of falling objects that may cause injury.
- When exposed (or reasonably expected to be exposed) to falling or flying material.
- When exposed to overhead electrical conductors.
- At the direction of the supervisor.

Orange Caps shall be worn when flagging traffic except in hard hat areas.

Safety vest or approved orange shirts shall be worn:

- When exposed to moving traffic or equipment.
- At the direction of the supervisor.
- When operating equipment within the right-of-way and without an enclosed cab.
- Orange shirts must be supplemented with vests for nighttime operations.
- Reflectorized vests shall be worn for all nighttime operations on the right-of-way.

Safety glasses shall be worn:

- Whenever there is risk of injury to the eye such as: grinding, drilling or sawing.
- When operating various power tools or machines (e.g., weed eaters, woodworking tools, power or concrete saws, rock drills, chippers, jackhammers, etc.) which may throw particles.
- At the direction of the supervisor.
- By any person in a shop area outside of designated aisles or marked areas.
- When jump-starting a battery.

Safety goggles shall be worn:

- When their use is more appropriate than that of safety glasses (as determined by the supervisor).
- Whenever there is a need to protect the eye from dust, sawdust, and mist (e.g., during sandblasting or when using a chainsaw) which can enter or blow into an employee's eye although he or she is wearing safety glasses.
- Whenever there is a danger of a foreign object entering through the side of the glasses.
- When working with chemicals that may be acidic or caustic.

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Face shields shall be worn:

- When there is danger of splashing chemicals or other substances that may cause injury to the face or neck area (grinding, drilling, etc.).
- Whenever, in the judgement of the supervisor, their use is more appropriate than other eye protection.
- When removing or installing a battery.
- When working with chain saws.

Work gloves should be worn:

• During any operation where there is a risk of abrasion, laceration, burns, blisters or puncture to the hands. Special impermeable gloves shall be worn when picking up dead animals.

Typical Operations include:

- Hot mix paving or patching
- Tree trimming and related activities
- Handling lumber
- Sharpening tools

- Fence and guardrail repair
- Welding and grinding
- Sign repair
- Using shovels, picks, etc.
- Loading or unloading tanker or distributor
- Operating chain saws, weedeaters or other gaspowered tools

Foot protection must be worn:

By all employees except those who do not have regular exposure to hazardous conditions (e.g., office personnel). Foot protection includes safety shoes or work boots, toe caps, or special orthopedic shoes and must meet ASTM F2412-05. If an employee, due to health reasons or physical abnormalities, can not wear safety shoes then toe caps shall be worn. If an employee, due to health reasons or physical abnormalities cannot wear toe caps, then special orthopedic safety shoes or boots constructed under the supervision of a physician shall be worn. If an employee, due to health reasons or physical abnormalities, cannot wear special orthopedic safety shoes or boots, then efforts will be made to move the employee to a position with no exposure to foot hazards.

Special impermeable gloves shall be worn:

When working with hazardous chemicals or as directed by the Material Safety Data Sheets.

Coveralls or long-sleeved shirts should be worn:

- When welding or cutting.
- When exposed to poison oak, ivy or sumac.
- When exposed to hot materials while hot mix patching or paving, crack sealing or placing thermoplastic markings.

Rubber boots shall be worn:

- When required by the Material Safety Data Sheets.
- When mixing and applying certain pesticides.

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Fall protection devices (approved belt and lanyard or harness) shall be worn:

- When in the bucket of a traffic truck.
- While working on unguarded work platforms where the fall would be six feet or more.

Respirator protection shall be worn:

(filters/cartridge, supplied air, SCBA, etc.)

- When required by the product label or the Material Safety Data Sheets.
- When mixing and applying certain herbicides.
- When welding or cutting on galvanized metals.
- When sandblasting
- When working with bridge steel containing lead based paint
- When spray painting.
- When determined by the supervisor

Hearing protection must be worn:

• When ever the noise levels in the work environment exceed 85 dba. (The noise level can be determined by your Safety Engineer.

Examples include:

Sandblasting

Jackhammers

• Chain saws and

• Concrete Saw

Pile drivers

weedeaters

All types of heavy equipment (dozers, loaders, graders, mixers, etc.) may require hearing protection. This equipment is included in the ongoing testing by the Safety and Loss Control and employees will be advised on individual basis.

Floatation vests or life jackets shall be worn:

- When working over or near water, where the danger of drowning exists.
 - All jackets or vests shall be inspected for defects that would alter the strength of buoyancy.
 - Defective units shall not be used.
 - All jackets or vests shall be U.S. Coast Guard approved.

Clothing NOT appropriate for NCDOT use:

- Shorts
- Tank tops that expose bare shoulders
- Sandals or canvas shoes

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Poisonous Snakes, Insects and Plants

SOP 10-17

Like most accidents and injuries, prevention is important in controlling hazards from poisonous snakes, insects and plants. Therefore, each employee should review the work activities planned to determine what exposures might exist. Efforts should then be made to minimize situations, which might result in a snakebite, insect sting or exposure to poisonous plants. Employees should also avoid wearing bright clothes, perfumes, after-shaves, etc., to help minimize attraction of snakes or insects.

Snakes

- 1. Employees should wear work boots, long pants and long sleeved shirts when going into hazardous areas.
- 2. Employees should make as much noise as possible when approaching a possible snake area to give the snake time to leave.
- 3. Employees should be equipped with a bush axe for clearing underbrush and for protection.
- 4. Employees should avoid reaching or stepping into hidden areas whenever possible.
- 5. If a snakebite should occur, the employee should:
 - a) Remain as calm as possible.
 - b) Move away from the snake.
 - c) Apply a constricting bandage (not tourniquet) between the wound and heart. A finger should be able to pass under it. Apply ice to bite area, if available.
 - d) Allow a fellow worker to transport him/her to closest medical facility.
 - e) If possible, kill the snake and carry to medical facility for identification.
- 6. Under no circumstances should incisions and suction be used to treat a snakebite unless:
 - a) The victim is over 1.5 hours from medical assistance, and
 - b) The person administering first aid has received advanced training in medical assistance such as First Responder, EMT, etc.

Insect Stings

Employees should:

- 1. Wear appropriate clothing.
- 2. Avoid areas where insects might be whenever possible.
- 3. Schedule work in infested areas during the cool months.
- 4. Avoid high smelling after-shaves, colognes, etc., that may attract insects.
- 5. Use available insect repellents (Wasp Spray DOT # 34-02250 and Flying Insect Spray DOT # 34-01825).
- 6. If a sting does occur, any stinger should be removed with a knife blade or fingernail. The area should then be treated with Sting Kill Swabs (DOT # 34-01850) and/or Hydrocortisone (DOT # 34-02350).

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ticks

Ticks are especially important to pay attention to because of the possibility of Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever of Lyme Disease.

To minimize exposure, employees should follow these guidelines:

- 1. Wear appropriate clothing when working in wooded area.
- 2. Check yourself at least twice a day, paying particular attention to the hair, neck, and groin area.
- 3. Use the available Tick Repellent (DOT #34-02050).
- 4. Notify your supervisor if a tick is found and request that the date and condition (i.e. attached? crawling?) be noted for future reference. (If possible retain engorged ticks and place in a container for identification of the tick type by a NCDOT preferred provider.)
- 5. Call your NCDOT preferred provider if fever, chills, headaches or muscle aches develop within 3-10 days after exposure. In some cases, a rash may develop on the wrists and ankles 1-3 days after the fever begins.

Poisonous Plants

The typical NCDOT employee has exposure to at least three types of poisonous plants: poison oak, poison ivy and poison sumac. Reactions range from mild (very little or none) to severe (rash and blisters). Employees who have no reaction may not have become sensitized, but once they are, future exposures can result in an allergic reaction.

To avoid problems with poisonous plants, employees should:

- 1. Avoid working in severely infested areas if at all possible. (Learn what the plants look like.)
- 2. Wear long sleeve shirts, long pants, and work gloves. If you are performing clearing activities with either hand (e.g. bush axes, machetes, etc.) or powered tools use eye goggles/Safety glasses to prevent poisonous plants from entering your eyes.
- 3. Use silicone protective or other barrier creams where available.
- 4. Use TECNU poison Ivy Wash (NCDOT # 34-01610) on any place that may have been exposed. In some cases, even 24 hours after exposure may help.
- 5. Be sure that any clothes or shoes that may have been exposed receive thorough washing. Leftover oils on anything could cause a reaction even days later.
- 6. If a severe reaction develops, contact your NCDOT preferred provider for possible treatments. If you do not know the preferred provider, contact the Workers' Compensation clerk or Safety Officer.
- 7. Avoid rubbing your eyes if you have been in contact with poisonous plants.

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Sun Exposure

SOP 10-18

Information for both on and off the job.

- 1. By far, the most common cause of skin cancer is overexposure to the sun. Ninety percent of all skin cancers occur on parts of the body that usually are not covered by clothing.
- 2. People who sunburn easily and have fair skin with red or blond hair are most prone to develop skin cancer. The amount of time spent in the sun also affects a person's risk of skin cancer.
- 3. To prevent skin cancer:
 - a. Cover up with a wide-brimmed hat and a bandanna for your neck. Wear long-sleeved shirts and pants that the sun cannot penetrate.
 - b. Use sunscreens to help prevent skin cancer as well as premature aging of your skin. Use a Sun Protective Factor (SPF) rating of 15 or higher. Women may receive added protection by using tinted opaque cosmetic foundation along with a sunscreen. Apply sunscreen at least an hour before going into the sun and again after swimming or perspiring a lot. Do not use indoor sunlamps, tanning parlors, or tanning pills.
 - c. You can still get burned on a cloudy day. Try to stay out of the direct sun at midday, because sunrays are the strongest between 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Beware of high altitudes where there is less atmosphere to filter out the ultraviolet rays. Skiers should remember that snow reflects the sun's rays, too.
- 4. Know your skin. Whatever your skin type, do a monthly self-examination of your skin to note any moles, blemishes or birthmarks. Check them once a month and if you notice any changes in size, shape or color, or if a sore does not heal, see your physician without delay.

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Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Dan DeVane	Date Issued:	3/2006

Vehicle Operation

SOP 10-19

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of vehicle before allowing the vehicle to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their vehicle. Be familiar with operator's manual.
- 4. No vehicle shall be operated in an unsafe condition.
- 5. Drivers and passengers are required to wear seat belts in state vehicles.
- 6. All loose material such as papers, books, tools radios and brief cases shall be secured to avoid material falling into the floorboard.
- 7. Drive defensively, observe speed limits and obey all traffic laws when operating vehicles.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Utilize a spotter when backing is required. If no spotter is available, operator should physically check behind vehicle before backing.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park vehicles. Avoid parking in other vehicle's blind spots.
- 10. Dumptruck operators will check for overhead power lines prior to raising the bed.
- 11. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 12. Clean headlights, taillights and emergency light covers.
- 13. Remove key from unattended vehicles.
- 14. Vehicle should not be left running when unattended. If it is necessary to leave a manual transmission vehicle running while unattended (to power warning lights, etc.), the vehicle must be properly secured with wheel chocks in front and back on the same tire.
- 15. Automatic transmission vehicles, that must be left running while attended, shall have the transmission placed in "Park" with the parking or emergency brake firmly engaged.
- 16. Vehicles shall be backed into parking spaces whenever practicable.

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Wet Weather SOP 10-20

1. Area supervisors should be aware of the safety of their area and be alert to wet floor hazards.

- 2. Wet floor signs or cones should be placed at entranceways during times of inclement weather.
- 3. Housekeeping crews shall inspect entrances and keep water accumulations removed throughout the workday.
- 4. Door mats should be located inside doorways and length-way with the hall
- 5. Doormats should be periodically examined for saturation.

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Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	3
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Work Zone Safety/Traffic Control

SOP 10-21

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vests Safety Shoes Gloves

Safety Glasses Orange Hat or Hard Hat

- 1. Follow Part VI of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and the North Carolina Construction and Maintenance Operations Supplement to the MUTCD.
- 2. For typical daytime operations, the Work Zone Safety guidelines can be used.
- 3. Before going to the work site:
 - a. Have a traffic control plan.
 - b. Load needed traffic control devices and check their condition.
 - c. Ensure employees have necessary Personal Protective Equipment. Employees exposed to falling objects must wear a hard hat.
 - d. Make sure employees designated as flaggers are properly trained and equipped.
- 4. Vehicles and equipment in the work zone should be parked on the same side of the road in areas that:
 - a. Provide safe entrances and exits for the work area.
 - b. Do not create potential conflicts with vehicles/equipment operating in the work area.
 - c. Provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of vehicles.
- 5. Employees should work facing traffic as much as possible. If this is not practical, a lookout should be provided.
- 6. Employees should be alert to job site hazards and should identify appropriate escape routes.
- 7. Personnel may be positioned on a truck or trailer for the placement and retrieval of traffic devices in the workzone as long as appropriate fall protection measures are used.
- 8. When not actively placing or retrieving traffic cones or similar devices, employees must be transported in the cab of the vehicle.
- 9. Slow moving operations shall utilize a truck mounted impact attenuator behind the placement vehicle whenever possible.
- 10. Work zones should be inspected frequently to ensure devices are in place and that traffic is flowing adequately. When inspecting, ask yourself, "What is the driver's view?"
- 11. Signs should not be left out during lunch or overnight unless necessary.
- 12. Police support may be useful under certain conditions. (Example: Traffic Signal Technician servicing a traffic signal.) However, they must be notified as early as possible.
- 13. Be alert to wide or oversized loads progressing through work zones.
- 14. If possible, avoid working during peak hours on high volume traffic routes.
- 15. Do not leave equipment (tripods, etc.) unattended when positioned in/adjacent to travel way.
- 16. Remove traffic control devices in a timely manner and in a manner that provides the workers with the most protection. Devices should be removed in the opposite order from how they were placed. Cones first (in reverse order) with signs last.

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Working Near Overhead High-Voltage Lines

SOP 10-22

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Electrocution Fire Moving Equipment Burns Electrical Arc Explosions Moving Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Hard Hat Safety Shoes

- 1. Prior to beginning job, examine the worksite to determine if there are any overhead high-voltage lines (600 volts or higher) at the worksite. If it is necessary to perform work within six feet (or ten feet for equipment) of overhead high-voltage lines (600 volts or higher), the project supervisor shall immediately contact the utility company, but no later than 48 hours prior to the beginning of the job. The project supervisor shall provide the utility company or their representatives the following information:
 - His/her name, address and telephone number
 - The location of the proposed work
 - The name, address and telephone number of the person responsible for the work The field telephone of the worksite if available
 - The type, duration and extent of the proposed work
 - The name of the person for whom the proposed work is being performed
 - The time and date of the notice
 - The approximate date and time when the work is to begin
- 2. If it is necessary to perform work within six feet (or ten feet for equipment) of overhead high-voltage lines (600 volts or higher), the project supervisor shall make precautionary safety measures with the utility company that may include any or all of the following:
 - The overhead high-voltage lines being de-energized
 - Temporary placement of mechanical barriers being done to separate and prevent contact between equipment, material, other objects, or persons and high-voltage lines
 - Temporary relocation or raising of the high-voltage lines being done
 - Other precautionary safety measures as recommended by the utility company
- 3. Perform pre-operational checks of the equipment prior to beginning the job.
- 4. Ensure that warning signs that state "UNLAWFUL TO OPERATE THIS EQUIPMENT WITHIN TEN FEET OF OVERHEAD HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES" are located within the equipment and is readily visible to the equipment operator and is located on the outside of the equipment to be readily visible to other personnel at the work site.

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 5. All personnel on the worksite shall wear Class B hard hats which provide protection against high-voltage. Additionally, any other electrical protective devices (e.g., rubber insulating gloves, rubber matting, etc.) shall be used as applicable.
- 6. No materials or any covered item is to be stored within ten feet of the overhead high-voltage line.
- 7. The overhead high-voltage line is not to be raised, moved or displaced for any reason unless precautionary safety measures have been made with the utility company.
- 8. No excavation of any portion of any foundations of the structures, including guy anchors which support any overhead high-voltage lines is permitted.
- 9. If the equipment does contact an overhead high-voltage line, the equipment operator and other on-board personnel shall remain on that piece of equipment until the overhead high-voltage line is de-energized.
- 10. If fire breaks out from the contact between the equipment and the overhead high-voltage line, the equipment operator and any other persons, shall jump off the piece of equipment with both legs against each other (not spread apart). These individuals shall then "bunny" jump/hop with both legs against each other for no less than 25 feet but as far as the individuals can get away from the overhead high-voltage line.

Related SOP's

General SOPs......Chapter 10 Self-Propelled Equipment SOPs... Chapter 12A

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Work Zone Tail Gate Safety Meetings

SOP 10-23

- 1. Tail gate safety meetings shall be held at the beginning of each work period (normally in the morning before leaving the yard or work staging area) and as conditions change from job site to job site.
- 2. The crew leader or the senior man for the crew shall conduct these meetings.
- 3. Describe the work that is likely to be performed to the crew.
- 4. Review and discuss with the crew all safe-operating procedures (SOPs) that relate to the work being performed.
- 5. Describe and/or show the planned work zone traffic control set-up that will be used to perform this work.
- 6. Review with the crew, each person's responsibility regarding the traffic control set-up (e.g., sign installation, lane closure setup, etc.).
- 7. Review the traffic control devices you plan to take to the site and make sure you have what you need to install the traffic control set-up properly.
- 8. Document what traffic control setup was used (including the sign types and sign locations) and how it was installed. (This is especially important if an accident occurs).
- 9. For major traffic control set-ups, you may need to plan several days in advance to make sure you have traffic control devices such as truck mounted attenuators, flashing arrow panels, changeable message signs and portable concrete or water filled barriers.
- 10. You may need to consult with your County Maintenance Engineer and others with more work zone traffic experience when installing major traffic control set-ups.

Work Zone Crew Leader				
Location	Date		Name	
Supervisor's Work Zone Checklist				Yes
_				No
				N/A
1. Do you have the appropriate number legible for today's work activity?	r and size of m	nessa	ge signs that are clean and	
2. Do you have the appropriate number activity?	r and size of co	ones	or drums for today's work	
3. Do you have the appropriate number trained flaggers for your operation?	,	ige h	ats, stop/slow paddles and	
4. Do you have all other needed traffic	control device	es foi	r today's work activity?	
List:				_
				_
5. Have you reviewed the traffic control		the c	rew?	
6. Have you reviewed related SOPs with	th the crew?			

Related SOP's	
General SOPs	Chapter 10

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Abrasive and Waterblast Cleaning

SOP 11A-1

Hazard Review

Noise Debris Hazard to Eyes and Uncovered Skin Burns
Crushing Caustic or Volatile Hydrocarbon Liquids Pinching and Cutting
Noxious or Irritating Fumes Moving Equipment High Pressure Air or Liquids
Slip, Trip and Fall Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vests Hard Hat Hearing Protection Protective Clothing Safety Shoes Gloves

Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles/Face Shield

1. Know and follow the manufacture's procedure for operation of this equipment

- 2. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 3. Check for fluid leaks at the fitting area before the equipment is put into use.
- 4. Check the trigger lock, and tighten thread connections before each operation. If the trigger lock is faulty or damaged, do not use the spray gun.
- 5. Check for worn, damaged, perforated, or weakened hoses before using the equipment. If any defects are found, the unit shall be taken out of service until the equipment unit can perform repairs.
- 6. Shield work area or exclude unprotected personnel from air or water-borne debris.
- 7. Determine safe routing for electrical cords, air lines and hoses to prevent tripping hazards and unnecessary exposure to ruptured lines
- 8. Ensure that the wash down gun is always pointed away from another person.
- 9. Keep hand and body parts away from the spray nozzle tip.
- 10. Always use two hands and have a secure body stance during spraying operations.
- 11. Use the lowest rated operating pressure to get the job done and never exceed the maximum rated operation pressure.
- 12. Never use the spray gun without the spray nozzle or tip installed.
- 13. Equipment shall be de-pressurized before leaving it unattended.
- 14. Keep the gun handle clean and dry to allow for positive grip.
- 15. Avoid touching metal parts of the gun when spraying hot liquids; otherwise, severe injury can occur.
- 16. DE-ENGERIZE all equipment by shutting it off, setting the trigger in the locked position and drain the fluid in the hose and gun before attempting to remove the spray nozzle or tip.
- 17. Where differences in elevation exist, wash out driveway pipes from the low to the high end.
- 18. If use in a potentially explosive or flammable environment, proper ventilation must be provided and the gun must be properly grounded.

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 19. In case of skin penetration from the spray, immediately contact you supervisor. Always seek medical assistance if skin penetration from the spray occurs.
- 20. Only the equipment unit is authorized to perform maintenance repairs on this equipment.
- 21. Review and follow the SOP's for Trailers and Towed Equipment. (Chapter 12-B)

Related SOP's	
General SOP'sChapter 10	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage11E-5
Crane/Dragline 12A-4	Forklift 12A-6

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Boiler Operations

High Pressures

SOP 11A-2

Hazard Review		
Noise	Flying Debris	Moving Equipment
Noxious Fumes	Lifting	Confined Spaces
Slip, Trip and Fall	High Temperatures	Flying Objects
Dark Work Areas	Flammable Materials	Rotating Machinery

Pinch Points

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Protective Clothing Hearing Protection Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operating checks.

- 2. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate these conditions.
- 3. Determine routing for electrical cords and equipment lines to avoid tripping hazards.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Ensure adequate ventilation.
- 6. Be aware of first aid kit, fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce risk of fires, slipping and tripping.
- 7. Ensure ready access to and operating conditions of eye washers and emergency showers in case of exposure to skin and eye irritants.
- 8. Be particularly aware of wet stains on insulation, piping and associated joints that may indicate a small leak that could become a major steam leak.
- 9. Correct fuel leaks immediately, securing boilers or other heat sources as appropriate.

Related SOP's	
General SOP'sChapter 10	Electrical Installation/Repairs11A-4
Hydraulic System Repairs11A-11	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)11A-21
Mechanic Operations11A-22	Confined Space Entry11E-1
Lockout/Tagout 11E-8	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Dyno Room SOP 11A-3

Hazard Review

Noise Debris Hazard to Eyes and Uncovered Skin Lifting Heavy Objects
Noxious Fumes Slip, Trip and Fall Flying Objects
High Temperatures High Pressures Rotating Machinery

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hearing Protection Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves
Protective Clothing Safety Shoes

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operating checks.

- 2. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate these conditions.
- 3. Determine routing for electrical cords and equipment lines to avoid tripping hazards.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Inspect chains, hoist and lift rings prior to use.
- 6. Ensure engine is securely mounted and all connections are secure prior to start-up.
- 7. Ensure adequate ventilation when equipment is operating.
- 8. When tests are in progress, stay in operating booth and prevent entry by others to test area.

Related SOP's	
General SOP'sChapter 10	Electrical Installation/Repairs11A-4
Hydraulic System Repairs11A-11	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)11A-21
Mechanic Operations11A-22	Lockout/Tagout11E-8
Truck, Fuel and Lube	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Electrical Installation/Repairs

SOP 11A-4

Hazard Review

Electrical Shock Overhead Loads Crushing or Pinching Injuries
Slip, Trip and Fall Poisonous Plants/Snakes/Insects Lifting
Confined Space Moving Traffic and Equipment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Vest

1. Do not attempt to make any electrical repairs unless qualified or properly supervised.

- 2. Review Safe Operating Procedures for job required.
- 3. Review plans to determine electrical hazards and ways to protect operators.
- 4. Locate all utilities in and near the work site.
- 5. Evaluate site and follow excavation and trenching guidelines.
- 6. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 7. Use proper lifting or pulling techniques. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 8. Be aware of crushing or pinching hazards in jointing pipe and conduit.
- 9. Rubber boots may be needed in wet ditches.
- 10. Employees must use extreme caution to stay clear of moving equipment.
- 11. Establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 12. Use proper tools for the work required.
- 13. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 14. Allow ample workspace for each employee.
- 15. Park in areas that provide safe entrance and exit of work areas.
- 16. Locate and use all electrical lockout devices and tags properly.
- 17. Locate all fire extinguisher and first aid kits at each job site.

Related SOP's	
General SOP'sChapter 10	Ladder
Traffic Services' Shops and Warehouse 11A-36	Roadway Lighting Installation/Maintenance 11B-70
Traffic Signal Installation/Maintenance 11B-82	Lockout/Tagout11E-8
Truck, Aerial Device12A-26	Generator
Ferry Marine Maintenance Facility11A-7	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13
Power Building	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Equipment/Automotive Painting

SOP 11A-5

Hazard	Review
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Noxious Fumes High Pressures Skin Disorders

Fire Hazardous Chemicals and Solvents

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Protective Clothing Respirator

Gloves Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles/Face Shield

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and materials safety data sheets for recommended safe handling of materials to be used. Make sure that MSDSs are readily accessible to work area.
- 2. In case of spills or leaks, secure ignition sources. Scoop materials into proper containers for disposal. Keep on hand inert absorbent aid, such as oil dry or rags.
- 3. Store dirty rags in properly marked containers. Minimize trash build-up. Empty containers frequently.
- 4. Dispose of waste in appropriate containers and in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
- 5. Store paints and other flammable materials in appropriate cabinets or containers. Keep away from heat and provide adequate ventilation. Open only enough materials and supplies to perform job at hand.
- 6. The use of over garments, gloves, creams, etc. is recommended to reduce damage to skin.
- 7. Know overexposure effects and emergency first aid procedures.
- 8. Ensure that safety equipment is within reach and in proper working order. Eyewashes, fire extinguishers and a first-aid kit must also be available.
- 9. Use only proper equipment and maintain it in accordance with recommended procedures.
- 10. Assure that fittings and connections are kept tight and that air hoses and pressure hoses aren't frayed or leaking. Ensure that air pressure is regulated, applying only enough pressure to operate the equipment being utilized such as spray gun, pressure pot spray apparatus, sanders and grinders.
- 11. Maintain proper exhaust and airflow within spray booth; monitor air flow meters.
- 12. Ensure that all spray booth safety features are operable and that spray booth warning bell is functional.
- 13. Keep exhaust filters changed as required or necessary. Keep paint overspray build-up to a minimum by frequently changing paper on spray booth floor. Keep filters on inlet side of booth changed.
- 14. Use only properly fitted, approved respirators. When using a positive pressure air supplied respirator, assure that hood and hoses are free of tears and breaks and that air pump inlet filter is frequently inspected and changed as needed.
- 15. Maintain proper warning signs in the paint shop. Signs informing of paint spraying operations, flammability dangers, no smoking and no open flames should be located both

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

inside as well as outside the paint area. "No parking" signs should be posted and enforced at the entrance and exit to ensure they are not blocked.

16. When working alone in the spray booth, there should be another worker nearby to provide assistance in the event of an emergency.

Related SOP's	
General SOP'sChapter 10	Equipment Body Repair11A-6
Maintenance and Repair Shops (General) 11A-21	Mechanic Operations11A-22
Metal Cleaning, Chem./High Press. Wash 11A-23	Metal Cleaning, Mechanical/Abrasive11A-24
Sandblasting11A-31	Shipyard Painting11A-34
Ferry Field Maintenance	Structural Steel Painting11B-78
Confined Space Entry11E-1	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage 11E-5

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Equipment Body Repair

SOP 11A-6

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Toxic Fumes Cuts and Pinch Points Solvents Reactive Materials Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Protective Clothing Respirator
Gloves Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles/Face Shield

- 1. Review safe operating procedures for applicable equipment.
- 2. Review Materials Safety Data Sheets for material to be used.
- 3. In the event of spills, extinguish all sources of flame and ignition, absorb with inert material such as vermiculite or sand, sweep up and collect in container for disposal as solid waste.
- 4. Extinguish open flames when using plastic body fillers.
- 5. Thoroughly wash any skin with soap and water that has been exposed to harmful solvents or other materials.
- 6. Assure ventilation adequate to draw dust and fumes away from work area.
- 7. Dispose of waste and scrap in accordance with policy and regulations.
- 8. Take special precautions to avoid cuts to hands and fingers caused by burns and sharp edges on metal parts.
- 9. Assure shields and guards are in place on all machinery.
- 10. Use only approved jacks and jack stands and assure they are rated for the load to be lifted.
- 11. Maintain a neat, clean and orderly work place.
- 12. Never use unknown or outdated chemicals or materials.
- 13. Assure any electrical or mechanical equipment is in good repair.
- 14. Report all malfunctioning equipment to supervisor.
- 15. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.

Related SOP's	
General SOP'sChapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
Maintenance and Repair Shops (General) 11A-21	Mechanic Operations11A-22
Metal Cleaning, Chem./High Press. Wash 11A-23	Metal Cleaning, Mechanical/Abrasive11A-24
Metal Punching, Forming and Shearing 11A-25	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40
Sandblasting11A-31	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ferry Marine Maintenance Facility-**Power Building**

SOP 11A-7

Hazard Review		
Noise	Temperature Extremes	Electrical Shock
Hot Surfaces	Moving Machinery Parts	Slip, Trip and Fall
Fire	Hazardous Materials	Pressurized Systems

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves **Protective Clothing Hearing Protection** Safety Shoes

- 1. Eye protection, rubber gloves and apron shall be worn when working on batteries.
- Take extra precautions to prevent heat stress when working in extremely hot temperatures. Leave building if necessary. Drink plenty of fluids.
- 3. Always stand on rubber padding when working around electrical transfer and monitoring systems. Keep floors dry, especially near electrical equipment.
- 4. Be alert for sprayed fuel, lube oil, or engine cooling water from pressurized systems. In case of fire, shut off equipment immediately. If conditions permit, shift power to another generator. Activate fire alarm system.
- 5. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- Avoid contact with engine manifolds, turbines, piping, etc., which build up high temperatures that can cause severe burns.
- 7. Standby diesel generators and air compressors start and stop automatically; stay clear unless the equipment is de-energized, locked and tagged out.
- 8. Periodically observe all equipment for malfunctions and be alert for loose electrical connections that may be indicated by spattering (hissing) noises, arcing and burn marks.
- 9. Equipment shall be operated in a safe manner as established in applicable training programs and manufacturer's guidelines.
- 10. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate them.
- 11. Review MSDS for each chemical used.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Electrical Installation/Repairs11A-4
Ferry Operations	Confined Space Entry11E-1
Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage 11E-5	High Pressure Hoses11E-5
Lockout/Tagout11E-8	Rigging11E-8
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Glass Cutting

SOP 11A-8

Hazard Review		
Pinch Points	Flying Particles	Punctures
Slip, Trip and Fall	Cuts and Abrasions	Broken Glass

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield Gloves

- 1. Be aware of first aid kit locations and check routinely to make sure they are complete.
- 2. Use proper lifting and handling techniques. When required, use overhead cranes, forklifts or another person.
- 3. Do not wear loose fitting clothes or neckties.
- 4. Before beginning a job, ensure a neat orderly workspace with sufficient clearance for handling raw material, finished goods and scrap.
- 5. Be aware of loose or slippery materials and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate them.
- 6. Practice good housekeeping techniques, keeping the area clear of broken materials that present safety hazards.
- 7. Be certain materials are stored properly to prevent damage and avoid safety hazards.
- 8. Be certain materials are positioned properly before performing and working or cutting operations.
- 9. Use appropriate glass handling devices when positioning glass in frames.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)1	1A-21
Mechanic Operations	11A-22	Ferry Field Maintenance	11B-32
Ferry Shore Facilities	11B-34	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hoisting/Jacking

SOP 11A-9

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Crushing Injuries

Slip, Trip and Fall

Back Injuries

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Gloves

- 1. Use proper safe lifting techniques.
- 2. Ensure chain hoist or jack is rated for weight being lifted. Operate with safe limits.
- 3. Assure hoist dollies and beams are rated correctly for shop use and are properly maintained.
- 4. Assure that the hoist chain and hook are within the allowed wear tolerance as required by OSHA and that the hook is in compliance with a safety latch.
- 5. Use an approved web or chain sling to hold load.
- 6. Never get under load being raised or suspended.
- 7. Assure that area around lift is clear of personnel and obstacles.
- 8. Ensure that a floor lift is safe to operate and properly maintained.
- 9. Place vehicles on lift using proper procedures to locate lift brackets under vehicle.
- 10. Closely monitor vehicle as it is being raised and assure that it is stable on lift.
- 11. Lock safety rod into place under lift to prevent the lift from leaking down.
- 12. When lowering lift, assure that area around lift is clear and safety rod is removed. When lift is down, properly secure all lift brackets.
- 13. Move vehicle from lift area when completed.
- 14. After the vehicle is raised, place garage stands under the vehicle to provide safe support. Never depend on the floor jack to hold up the load.
- 15. When work is complete, remove stands, lower the floor jack and secure it in the designated storage area.
- 16. Block wheels when using above ground lift or when only one end of a vehicle is being lifted.

Related SOP's				
General SOPsChapter 10	Equipment Body Repair	11A-6		
Maintenance and Repair Shops (General) 11A-21	Mechanic Operations	11A-22		
Tire Repair	Bridge Jacking	11B-12		
Ferry Shore Facilities	Roadside Equipment Repair	11B-68		
Rigging	Wrecker	12A-38		
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13				

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hose Crimp Machine

SOP 11A-10

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Cuts, Bruises and Blisters Eye Injury Pinching and Crushing Injuries
High Pressure Fluid Electrical Shock Hazard

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield Gloves

- 1. Make sure work area is clean and clear of all hazards.
- 2. Ensure machine is oiled and that regular preventative maintenance is performed.
- 3. Keep hands out from under ram at all times.
- 4. Wear leather gloves when using skiving tools.
- 5. Keep bottom of die-cage clean.
- 6. Never re-use any component. Use new components (i.e., hoses, ferrules and stems).
- 7. Use a magnet to insert proper die halves, one at a time, into base ring.
- 8. Ensure proper setting of Digital Readout Pressure.
- 9. Use proper die and hose assembly components.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hydraulic System Repairs11A-11
Metal Punching, Forming and Searing 11A-25	High Pressure Hoses11E-6
Lockout-Tagout11E-8	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)11A-21
Roadside Equipment Repair	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hydraulic System Repairs

SOP 11A-11

Hazard Review		
High Pressures	Slip, Trip and Fall	High Temperatures
Skin Abrasions	Crushing Injuries	Infection From Oil Penetration
Lifting		

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes

Safety Glasses/Face Shield Protective Clothing/coveralls

Gloves

- 1. Never begin work on a hydraulic system until fully trained.
- 2. Carefully review the manuals on equipment before beginning work. Ask questions about anything you do not fully understand.
- 3. Maintain a clean work area free of slipping hazards and debris.
- 4. Use all required safety equipment.
- 5. Always use safety glasses.
- 6. Block, secure or lower to the ground all components that may move, rotate or fall.
- 7. Relieve system pressures. (Note: Some systems use accumulators that store pressure. Identify the system before working on it.)
- 8. Use extreme caution when disconnecting hydraulic lines. Severe burns from hot fluid can result.
- 9. Use test equipment designed for higher pressures than the system being repaired. Use of gauges, lines, connectors, etc., designed for lower pressures can result in bursting or equipment damage. Start with high pressure gauges and work down. (Note: A good rule is to use equipment rated at twice what is expected. Example: For a 2500-psi system, use a 5000-psi gauge.)
- 10. DO NOT USE HANDS OR FINGERS to find leaks. Fluid under high pressure can be injected into skin causing extreme injury and serious infection.
- 11. Clean up spills immediately. Hydraulic fluid is an oily substance, which can cause slipping, falling and resulting injuries.
- 12. Do not work under equipment/apparatus being supported by hydraulics. Stops, safety pins, etc. must be in place prior to beginning repairs.
- 13. Review MSDS's for all chemicals used.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
Maintenance and Repair Shops (General) 11A-21	Mechanic Operations11A-22
Ferry Engineering	Ferry Field Maintenance11B-32
Ferry Operations	Ferry Shore Facilities
Roadside Equipment Repair11B-62	High Pressure Hoses11E-6

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Lifting/Fleeting Vessels

SOP 11A-12

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Moving Machinery PartsSlip, Trip and FallLiftingMoving EquipmentSuspended LoadsMaterial Under StressCrushing InjuriesAdverse Weather ConditionsDrowning/Hypothermia

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Personal Flotation Device Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves
Hard Hat Safety Shoes

- 1. Ensure that life rings are readily available.
- 2. Stay clear of all open gears, cables and moving equipment.
- 3. Never use more than two turns on the capstan. Do not use excessive pull and keep clear of loose ends and bights in rope.
- 4. Be aware of loose objects, slippery deck, tripping hazards and uneven docking.
- 5. Always use signalman with crane, loader and forklift. ONLY LICENSES PERSONNEL SHALL OPERATE THIS EQUIPMENT.
- 6. All operations shall be under the direction of the Dockmaster, who shall ensure that the Synchrolift is in a safe operating condition.
- 7. Warning sirens will be sounded prior to Synchrolift operation. Employees shall stand clear of winches and platform when alarm sounds.
- 8. Use proper lifting techniques when positioning blocks.
- 9. No unauthorized person shall be allowed in lift house during operation.

Related SOP's		
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)11A-21
Rigging	11E-9	Crane/Dragline12A-4
Forklift	12A-6	

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Loading/Unloading Freight

SOP 11A-13

Hazard Review	
Lifting	Slip, Trip and Fall

Crushing Injuries

Heat Stress

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes

- 1. Ensure that all trucks or trailers are securely chocked prior to entering with a forklift.
- 2. Ensure that the hydraulic dock levelers are properly positioned on the bed of the trailer to allow for safe entry.
- 3. Forklift speeds must be at a minimum to avoid damage to trailers and material. When ramps are wet or icy, special attention is required to avoid slipping or sliding.

Gloves

- 4. Care must be taken to avoid hitting pedestrians who may be in the work area.
- 5. When loading trailers, ensure that all pallets are secured with stretch wrap and properly loaded to avoid shifting while being transported. Use chains or straps to guard against shifting.
- 6. All heavy pallets should be placed in the front of the trailer to avoid being thrown forward during quick stops.
- 7. All hazardous material must be properly marked and placards displayed on the trailer to indicate hazardous contents.
- 8. All forklift operators must be qualified and approved prior to loading or unloading any trailers.
- 9. Do not load pallets or handtrucks in a manner that blocks vision when moving loads.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Warehouse
Forklift12A-6	Truck, Tractor and Trailer12A-36

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

M&T Unit – Aggregate Gradations

SOP 11A-14

Hazard	Review
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Lifting Hot Materials Noise Cuts Crushing Injuries **Dust**

Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety shoes **Hearing Protection** Safety Glasses/Goggles

Gloves

1. Use proper lifting techniques.

- Be aware of possible sharp edges when removing trays from Gilson shaker.
- 3. Be aware of hot surfaces when placing samples in and removing samples from oven.
- 4. Wear heat-resistant gloves when removing samples from oven.
- 5. Use proper ventilation.
- 6. Be aware of loose objects or aggregate on floor.

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Sampling and Inspection at......11B-71 Producer's Facility

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

M&T Unit – Bituminous Testing

SOP 11A-15

Hazard	Review
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Lifting Fumes Cuts
Hot Materials Splashes Slip, Trip and Fall
Burns Crushing Injuries

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves Lab coat

1. Use proper lifting techniques.

- 2. Wear heat-resistant gloves when handling hot materials.
- 3. Be aware of hot surfaces when placing samples in and removing samples from oven.
- 4. Use tongs to handle hot crucibles in ash correction.
- 5. Wear rubber gloves when pouring solvents, when placing specimens in hot water and when agitating Ash Correction samples.
- 6. Use proper eye and/or face protection when pouring materials, mixing ingredients and agitating samples and when around Abson Recovery distillation apparatus.
- 7. Maintain proper temperature per AASHTO test procedure for Abson Recovery.
- 8. Use proper ventilation when pouring, evaporating and burning Ash Correction samples and in all distillation or extraction areas.
- 9. Secure lids before agitating Ash Correction sample.
- 10. Check to see that gas is off before using any ignition device.
- 11. Be alert to moving parts of equipment that could injure hands.
- 12. Maintain a dry floor surface in area of gravity apparatus.
- 13. Before moving any TRICO barrels, check to see that all openings are closed.
- 14. Observe all Still Operating Procedures.
- 15. Wear film badge when working with nuclear asphalt content gauge.
- 16. Review MSDS for TRICO, Asphalt Cement, etc.

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Sampling and Inspection at......11B-71

Producer's Facility

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

M&T Unit – Chemical Testing

SOP 11A-16

Hazard Review		
Cuts	Fumes	Flying Particles
Chemical Burns	Crushing Injuries	Splashing Chemicals
Hot Materials	Puncture Injuries	Chemical Reactions
Poisoning	X-Ray Exposure	Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Face Shield Lab Coat
Gloves Safety shoes Rubber Apron
Splash Goggles Respirator

- 1. Use proper lifting techniques.
- 2. Wear proper footwear.
- 3. Wear protective clothing such as lab coats and aprons.
- 4. Wear gloves when working with asphalt, when cutting with knives and when cutting wires and other metal articles.
- 5. Shield ends of wires and rods to prevent them from being propelled across room when cut.
- 6. When using knives, cut away from body. When breaking glass rods or tubing, hold with rags or use gloves and break away from body.
- 7. Wear heat resistant gloves when placing samples in and removing samples from oven.
- 8. Wear solvent proof gloves when cleaning apparatus with solvent.
- 9. Wear eye protection when boiling samples on hot plates, when opening muffle furnace and ovens, when cutting wires and other metal articles, when pressing pellets, when cutting glass rods and in designated areas.
- 10. Use proper ventilation when using solvents.
- 11. Keep flammable solvents away from open flames and electric sparks.
- 12. Be sure knives and cutters are sharp and in good working order. Check all glassware for cracks and chips and discard damaged glassware.
- 13. When pressing pellets, check press for leaks in hydraulic system and be sure items being pressed are set flush under press.
- 14. When distilling liquid samples in glass stills, be sure shield is around still and lids are in place over shield.
- 15. When running impact test on pipe coating, be sure fingers are clear of impact hammer.
- 16. When using instruments, be sure cylinders of compressed gas are properly secured, check fittings for gas leaks, do not use lubricant on fittings, be sure burner heads are safely secured and have cooled before handling, and be aware of sharp needles when injecting GC samples.
- 17. When using autoclave, do not overfill and be sure temperature is down to safe level and open carefully, being aware of escaping steam.
- 18. When saybolt tubes are being cleaned with solvent, be sure to keep lids on tubes.
- 19. Wear film badges when working with x-ray equipment.
- 20. Do not leave unattended beakers on hot plates or burners.

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 21. Be familiar with the MSDSs for reagent or solvent in use.
- 22. Transport jugs of reagents in appropriate rubber containers.
- 23. Know location of safety showers and eye wash.
- 24. Be sure all reagents are properly labeled. If a bottle is relabeled, old label should be completely removed before adding new one. Do not try to identify unknown by smelling or tasting.
- 25. Check reagents for dates and properly dispose of outdated chemicals.
- 26. Do not mouth pipette liquids.
- 27. Do not eat or drink in designated working areas.
- 28. Before operating instruments and equipment, verify safety shields and guards are in place and effectively operating.

Related SOP's	
General SOPs Chapter 10	Sampling and Inspection at 11B-71

Producer's Facility

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

M&T Unit – Physical Testing

SOP 11A-17

Hazard Review			
Lifting	Flying Objects	Fume	
Slip, Trip and Fall	Pinching Injuries	Dus	

Cuts Noise Chemical Burns
Crushing Injuries Burns UV Light

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety shoes Respirator Safety Glasses
Hearing Protection Gloves

- 1. Use proper lifting techniques.
- 2. Wear proper footwear and other personal protective equipment as required.
- 3. Wear eye protection when sawing pipe, drilling cylinders for calcium nitrite, spraying curing compound, mixing mortar, testing cubes, using bolt cutter and during L.A. machine operations.
- 4. Keep body parts and clothing clear of moving parts of equipment.
- 5. Wear hearing protection when drilling cylinders for calcium nitrite, when charging or discharging L.S. machine and when in L.A. room with L.A. machine in operation.
- 6. Be sure that protective shield is in place when performing compression tests and tensile tests and stand clear of machine during test.
- 7. Be sure ladder is secure before climbing and do not lean over rails.
- 8. Be aware of sharp ends and edges of samples and sign panels.
- 9. Keep fingers and hands clear of cutting edge of bolt cutter and knife-edges of rubber slicer.
- 10. Be aware of potential falls and trips while performing rotational capacity tests on bolts. Sudden breakage of bolts may occur.
- 11. Avoid slips and falls from wet floor caused by dripping water from blocks, bricks and stone during absorption test.
- 12. Do not open weatherometer while it is in operation due to possible exposure to high temperature, acid-water spray and ultraviolet light.
- 13. Wear heat resistant gloves when placing samples in and removing samples from ovens and curing cabinet and when handling hot samples.
- 14. Wear chemical resistant gloves when immersing and retrieving samples in sodium sulfate solution and handling glassware exposed to acid.
- 15. Wear rubber gloves when handling cement, lime, mortar, grout, epoxy, fly ash, slag and rapid repair materials.
- 16. Wear dust mask when splitting, pouring or scooping dry cementitious and other fine materials and during L.A. machine operations.
- 17. Use exhaust fan when mixing mortar.
- 18. Use respirator when spraying curing compound and when exposed to acid cleaning solutions.

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

19. Read warning labels on all commercial grouts, rapid repair materials and epoxies. Take appropriate precautions to avoid toxic fumes, corrosive materials and other hazards.

Related SOP's		
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13
Loddon	12D 15	

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

M&T Unit – Preparing Samples for Physical Testing

SOP 11A-18

Hazard R	Review
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Lifting Slip, Trip and Fall Crushing Injuries
Cuts Noise Electrical Shock
Flying Particles dust Toxic Fumes
Splashing Molten Sulfur

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety shoes Safety Glasses/Face Shield Lab coat Disposable coveralls Hearing Protection

- 1. Use proper lifting techniques.
- 2. Wear proper footwear and other personal protective equipment as required.
- 3. Wear eye protection when sawing, chiseling, breaking bricks or using mechanical splitter.
- 4. Wear face shield and gloves when capping with molten sulfur.
- 5. Wear hearing protection and ensure proper ventilation when sawing.
- 6. Be aware of crushing hazards of dropping materials and using hammer and chisel.
- 7. Utilize blade guard and shield on saws.
- 8. Utilize exhaust fan when capping with molten sulfur.
- 9. Keep body parts and clothing clear of circular saw.
- 10. Do not attempt to manually support loads to be sawed.
- 11. Wear rubber suit when sawing cores or cylinders.
- 12. Stand on rubber mat when saw is in operation.
- 13. Maintain dry floor surface in area of bituminous core gravity apparatus.
- 14. Wait until fog clears before entering moist room.
- 15. Use caution when walking on wet floor of moist room.
- 16. Balance all cylinders and cores securely on pushcart and in stacks. Do not stack more than two high.

Related SOP's	
General SOPs Chapter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

M&T Unit - Receiving Samples

SOP 11A-19

Hazard	Poviow
Hazard	Keview

Lifting Cuts Spillage Dropping Objects Slip, Trip and Fall Flying Particles

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Gloves

- 1. Use proper lifting techniques and obtain assistance if necessary.
- 2. Check metal ties on bags for exposed ends and remove ties carefully.
- 3. Check containers for loose lids and caps and bags for torn places that might rupture.
- 4. Check samples for sharp points or edges, such as barbed wire points and slivers on reinforcing bars.
- 5. Wear appropriate personal protection equipment consistent with the hazard, such as safety shoes, safety gloves and safety glasses.
- 6. Be aware of loose objects, loose aggregate, uneven floor and other environmental hazards.

Related SOP's

General SOPs......Chapter 10

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

M&T Unit – Soils Testing

SOP 11A-20

Hazaru Keview	Hazard	Revi	iew
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Lifting Cuts Compressed Air Burns Slip, Trip and Fall Pressurized Hoses Flying Particles Crushing Injuries Hot Materials Dust Noise Pinching Injuries

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety shoes Hearing Protection Safety Glasses
Gloves Respirator

- 1. Use proper lifting techniques.
- 2. Wear proper footwear and other personal protective equipment as required.
- 3. Wear safety glasses when using compressed air and do not place compressed air nozzle against skin.
- 4. Gloves, dust masks and hearing protection are to be used when hazard warrants.
- 5. Be aware of hot surfaces when placing samples in and removing samples from oven.
- 6. Wear heat-resistant gloves when handling hot materials.
- 7. Use tongs when removing samples from oven.
- 8. Be aware of crushing hazards of dropping materials.
- 9. Be alert to moving parts of equipment that could injure hands.
- 10. Use safety latch on compactor when placing mold on and removing mold from compactor.
- 11. Grasp molds and triaxial cells with both hands when moving items.
- 12. Hold rammer approximately two inches below top of cylinder casing while pulling hammer with other hand.
- 13. Unplug mixer before changing blade.
- 14. Be sure to allow enough clearance when placing glass cylinders in water bath and when removing them from water bath so the cylinder does not hit edge of water bath.
- 15. Be aware of loose objects or aggregate on floor.
- 16. Maintain a dry floor surface in soil mechanics section.
- 17. Stack bags of material on cart in a balanced and secure pattern.
- 18. Be alert to possible splinters from shelves when placing or removing samples on shelves in drying room.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Air Compressor12B-1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	•

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Maintenance and Repair Shops (General) SOP 11A-21

Hazard Review

Hazardous Materials

Moving Equipment
Flammable Materials

Dark Work Areas

Pinch Points

Slip, Trip and Fall
Improperly Stacked Material
Confined Spaces
Electrical Shock
Pressurized Containers

Sharp Edged Tools
Noise
High Pressure Hoses
Lifting
Sparking

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield

Hearing Protection

- 1. Be aware of the wide variety of chemicals, cleaning agents, degreasers, paints thinners and other combustible materials used in the shops. Read and follow warning labels on containers and on MSDS's, to ensure materials are handled and stored properly.
- 2. Be familiar with the Facility Contingency Plan. Notify the supervisor if a hazardous substance is spilled. Follow proper procedure for clean up.
- 3. Be aware of first aid kit, fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- 4. Material handling equipment (forklifts, cranes, etc.) shall be operated in a safe manner, as established in applicable training programs and manufacturer's guideline. Pedestrians should be alert for moving equipment within and adjacent to shops.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate these conditions.
- 7. Determine routing for electrical cords and equipment lines to avoid tripping hazards.
- 8. Ensure adequate ventilation.
- 9. Ensure ready access to and operating conditions of eye washers and emergency showers in case of exposure to skin and eye irritants.

Related SOP's

General SOPs	Chapter 10	Dyno Room	11A-3
Equipment/Automotive Painting	11A-5	Equipment Body Repair	
Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9	Hydraulic System Repairs	
Lifting/Fleeting Vessels		Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting	11A-40
Tire Repair		Welding, Arc	
Ferry Engineering	11B-31	Ferry Field Maintenance	11B-32
Ferry Operations		Confined Space Entry	
• •		Forklift	
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13		

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Mechanic Operations

SOP 11A-22

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Cuts, Bruises and Blisters Flying Metal Particles Pinching and Crushing Injuries Lifting Eye Injury

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield Hearing Protection

- 1. Make sure work area is clean and clear of all hazards.
- 2. Clean up spills as soon as they happen.
- 3. Use and keep in good shape all applicable safety equipment.
- 4. Use caution when moving equipment into or out of a shop. Use a spotter when necessary.
- 5. Locate such items as fire extinguishers and eyewash stations so you can find them in the event of an emergency.
- 6. Use lock-out tag-out on equipment that is not to be started or moved.
- 7. Always use the proper tools for the job. See your supervisor for any special tools.
- 8. Inspect drop cords routinely. See your supervisor for repair or replacement if needed.
- 9. Always use approved chains or slings and inspect before use.
- 10. Make sure hoist is in good operating condition. Report any defects to your supervisor or safety officer.
- 11. Use extreme caution when working around cranes. Use proper hand signals so you can communicate with the operator.
- 12. Do not get under any object being lifted by crane or hoist.
- 13. Do not charge batteries within 18" of floor.
- 14. Always inspect the area around you to make sure you have a clear path so you can get out of the way in an emergency.
- 15. Never get under any equipment supported only be a jack. Always use the proper stands.
- 16. Make sure the full weight is resting on the stand and the equipment is secure.
- 17. Use only jacks that are in good condition and proper tonnage for your application. Report any defective jack or stands to your supervisor. Do not use them.
- 18. No smoking in shop or while repairing equipment.

Related SOP's

General SOPsChapter 10	Dyno Room
Equipment/Automotive Painting11A-5	Equipment Body Repair11A-6
Hydraulic System Repairs11A-11	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)11A-21
Metal Cleaning, Chem./High Press. Wash 11A-23	Metal Cleaning, Mechanical/Abrasive11A-24
Metal Punching, Forming and Shearing 11A-25	Metal Removing by Machine11A-26
Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40	Tire Repair
Welding, Arc11A-39	Roadside Equipment Repair11B-68
Towing Disabled Equipment11B-81	Confined Space Entry11E-1
High Pressure Hoses 11E-6	Jump Starting
Lockout/Tagout11E-8	Rigging
Forklift	Wrecker
Air Compressor	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Metal Cleaning, Chemical/High Pressure Wash

SOP 11A-23

Hazard Review

Noise Debris Hazard to Eyes and Uncovered Skin Caustic or Volatile Hydrocarbon Liquids Burns
Crushing Injuries Noxious or Irritating Fumes Slip, Trip and Fall
Moving Equipment High Pressure Air or Liquids

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Goggles/Face Shield Protective Clothing Gloves
Safety Shoes Hearing Protection

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Ensure ready access to and operating conditions of eye washers and emergency showers in case of exposure to cleaning materials.
- 3. Determine safe routing of hoses to prevent tripping hazards and unnecessary exposure to ruptured hoses or leaking fittings.
- 4. Minimize splashing of caustic solvents in dip tanks. Cover vats for cleaning cycle.
- 5. Ensure fire hazards are minimized when using volatile hydrocarbon degreasers. Know the location of and ensure access to fire fighting equipment.
- 6. Ensure adequate ventilation when cleaning vats are within buildings.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting/handling equipment if necessary.
- 8. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate these conditions.
- 9. Ensure adequate rinsing or aid drying of cleaned material prior to unprotected handling.
- 10. Hazardous wastes and cleaning chemicals are to be stored and disposed of only in accordance with approved procedures.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage 11E-5
Forklift 12A-6	Power Washer 12B-21

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Metal Cleaning, Mechanical/Abrasive

SOP 11A-24

Hazard Review

Burns Caustic or Volatile Hydraulic Liquids Noise
Flying Particles Power Tool Operation Lifting
Pinching & Cutting Noxious or Irritating Fumes Crushing
Moving Equipment Cuts and Abrasions Slip, Trip and Fall
Pressurized Hoses Electrical Shock

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Goggles/Face Shield Safety Shoes Protective Clothing Hearing Protection Respirator Gloves Hard Hat

- 1. Be familiar with first aid kits, fire extinguishers in the work area and check regularly for proper operations.
- 2. Review Safe Operating Procedures for hand tools-chippers and grinders.
- 3. Route for electrical cords or airlines to prevent tripping hazards.
- 4. Shield work area or exclude unprotected personnel from high velocity flying debris.
- 5. Hazardous wastes and cleaning chemicals are to be stored and disposed of only in accordance with approved procedures.
- 6. Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided when working in confined spaces.
- 7. Ensure that work area is free of combustible materials, liquids and gases.
- 8. Review MSDS's for all chemicals used.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Metal Cleaning, Chem./High Press. Wash	.11A-23
Metal Removing by Machine	11A-26	Confined Space Entry	11E-1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12R-13	•	

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Metal Punching, Forming and Shearing

SOP 11A-25

Hazard Review

Pinching and Crushing Injuries Cuts, Scrapes and Bruises

Eye Injuries

Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Face Shield Gloves
Hearing Protection Protective Clothing

1. OSHA regulations related to punching, forming and shearing equipment are specific and stringent; be certain that applicable rules have been explained and are fully understood.

- 2. Never operate a machine without proper guarding in place and functioning.
- 3. Eye protection is required by any personnel in proximity of punching, shearing or bending operations as defined by yellow aisle markings.
- 4. Never operate a power actuated punch, shear or bending machine until you have received instructions on the specific machine to be used and its safety devices.
- 5. Check punches, dies, rams, hold-downs and strippers (when applicable) for proper adjustment, alignment and proper, secure mounting prior to operation.
- 6. If two operators are used to feed material, agree on who will actuate the machine and a "ready" signal for each person.
- 7. Use proper lifting and handling techniques. When required use overhead cranes, forklifts or another person.
- 8. Be certain where scrap material or "bend-ups" will go and that this area is clear.
- 9. Do not wear loose fitting clothes or neckties.
- 10. Before beginning a job, ensure a neat orderly workspace with sufficient clearance for handling raw material, finished goods and scrap.
- 11. Review the MSDS for all chemicals used.

Related SOP's		
General SOPsChapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9
Maintenance and Repair Shops (General) 11A-21	Metal Removing by Machine	11A-26
High Pressure Hoses 11E-6	Rigging	11E-9
Forklift 12A-6		

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Metal Removing by Machine Drills, Mills, Lathes and Grinders of All Types

SOP 11A-26

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Hazard	KAMIAW
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Eye Injuries Pinch Points Slip, Trip and Fall Electric Shock Solvents

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Hearing Protection Protective Clothing Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield

1. Never operate any metal removal machine until you have been fully instructed on the machine's set-up, controls, safety devices and proper operation.

- 2. Never operate a machine in this category wearing loose fitting clothes, long sleeve shirts with cuffs either unbuttoned or not rolled up above the elbow, a necktie, rings or jewelry.
- 3. Safety glasses are required of any person in proximity of metal removing machinery as defined by the yellow aisle markings.
- 4. Never adjust a machine until the spindle has completely stopped.
- 5. Be certain that all guards and shields are in place and functioning.
- 6. Do not use a machine in any manner other than that intended by the manufacturer; do not overload a machine.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 8. Maintain a neat, orderly work area; place all scrap in proper containers periodically to avoid dangerous build-ups around rotating machines or where they represent a tripping hazard.
- 9. Do not allow machines to continue running unattended. Do not carry on conversations with your back to a machine in operation.
- 10. When using hand tools to adjust or tighten machine parts or tools, be sure the spindle is completely stopped and that you have sound footing and good balance.
- 11. Be sure that cutting tools are sharp, properly adjusted and fully tightened before turning on the machine.
- 12. Review MSDSs for all chemicals used.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9
Maintenance and Repair Shops (Go	eneral) 11A-21	Mechanic Operations	11A-22
Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	Rigging	11E-9
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13		

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Photogrammetry Laboratory

SOP 11A-27

Hazard Review		
Hazardous Chemicals	Electric Shock	Slip, Trip a

Moving Machinery

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses/Goggles Rubber Gloves Lab Apron
Safety Shoes Respirator

- 1. Be thoroughly familiar with the hazards of the chemicals used. Review applicable MSDS's.
- 2. Avoid splashing and spilling chemicals. Wipe all spills immediately.
- 3. Wear protective clothing, such as lab apron eye protection and rubber gloves when handling chemicals.
- 4. Wear respirator when mixing and transferring chemicals.
- 5. If chemicals get into the eyes, immediately flush eyes with water for approximately 15 minutes.
- 6. If chemicals come in contact with the skin, immediately wash with water.
- 7. Always dispose of chemicals properly. Do not mix with other chemicals.
- 8. Observe all warnings and cautions as noted on equipment.
- 9. Do not defeat or bypass built in equipment safety features.
- 10. Disconnect electrical power before servicing when possible.
- 11. For equipment with separate electrical switch boxes, use lockout/tagout methods.
- 12. If electrical power must be applied for servicing or trouble shooting, use caution to prevent injury.
- 13. Keep hands, fingers and tools clear of moving parts.
- 14. Do not wear loose-fitting clothing or jewelry while performing maintenance on equipment.
- 15. Store all cables and tubing properly to eliminate tripping hazards.

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General SOPs......Chapter 10 Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage......11E-5

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pipefitting, Shop/Vessel

SOP 11A-28

Hazard	Review
11azai u	

NoiseHazardous MaterialsExplosive AtmospheresConfined SpacesPoor VisibilityLiftingTemperature ExtremesPressurized SystemsOxygen Deficient Atmospheres

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Gloves

- 1. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry and checked by a certified competent person. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 2. Be aware of the safety precautions regarding handling of hazardous materials. Ensure MSD units are pumped out, flushed and well ventilated prior to work. A "Certified Competent Person" must test the affected space for hydrogen sulfide and explosive vapors.
- 3. Electrical equipment, including lighting, pumps, switches, power tools and automatic starting machinery, should be checked for defects. Use Lockout/Tagout procedures as appropriate.
- 4. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- 5. Know the causes and symptoms of heat stress and respond accordingly.
- 6. Check pressurized piping, hoses, tanks, steering systems, etc., for unsafe conditions prior to work. De-energize, de-pressurize and/or exercise systems prior to repair. If in doubt, consult supervisor.
- 7. Ensure chain hoist, lifting devices and other rigging equipment are in good operating condition prior to use. Return defective equipment for repair.
- 8. Read and comply with Facility Safety Manual and other pertinent instructions.
- 9. Read product labels, the MSDS and manufacturers labels before handling chemicals. Hazardous materials should be properly stored and must be in accordance with manufacturers' guidelines.
- 10. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate them.
- 11. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 12. Use appropriate supplemental lighting when working in dark, poorly lighted and/or limited workspaces.
- 13. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting	11A-40
Welding, Arc	11A-39	Confined Space Entry	11E-1
High Pressure Hoses	11E-6	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8
Rigging	11E-9	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Plumbing Operations

SOP 11A-29

Hazard	Review
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Trench Collapse Burns Lifting
Slip, Trip and Fall Noise Hazardous or Noxious Fumes
Moving Equipment Crushing Injuries

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Vest

1. Ensure use of proper equipment and procedures in excavating and shoring of ditches.

- 2. Use proper techniques in lifting pipes; use equipment or more help if needed.
- 3. Use correct tools and equipment designed for the job.
- 4. Use extreme caution and ensure clear work area.
- 5. Ensure required protective equipment is in working order and accessible at the job site.
- 6. Evaluate site and follow Excavation, Trenching and Shoring Standards.
- 7. Use extreme caution in the removal of streamlines. Discharge all pressure and drain lines before opening.
- 8. Safety glasses must be worn during any soldering, cutting or threading operation.
- 9. Establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 10. Determine traffic control needs from Work Zone Safety Handbook.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Confined Space Entry11E-1
Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	High Pressure Hoses11E-6
Rigging	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Print Shop Activities

SOP 11A-30

Hazard	Review
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Slip, Trip and Fall Pinch Points Moving Machinery
Cuts and Scrapes Burns

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles Shop Apron

- 1. Switch machines off when clearing paper jams or straightening paper in machines. When servicing, cleaning or setting up machine, use lockout/tagout procedures.
- 2. Make sure all safety covers and guards are in place.
- 3. Do not turn hand wheels with finger on perforating blades.
- 4. Do not leave operating machine unattended.
- 5. Keep loose-fitting clothes away from rollers and gears.
- 6. Keep hands and fingers clear of heating wire and machinery.
- 7. Only one person at a time should operate paper cutter.
- 8. Use two hands to operate paper cutter.
- 9. Dispose of oily or cleaning rags in an OSHA-approved metal container secured by a metal lid.
- 10. Store flammable materials in an OSHA-approved fire safety cabinet.
- 11. Store corrosive materials separate and apart from flammable materials.
- 12. Do not stack cases more than four (36") high.
- 13. Review applicable MSDS for chemicals used.

Related SOP's

General SOPs Chapter 10

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Sandblasting

SOP 11A-31

Hazard Review

Flying Particles Dust Lifting Hazardous Material Moving Traffic Pressurized Fluids

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Gloves Safety Shoes
Hearing Protection Respirator Safety Glasses
Sandblasting Hood/Helmet Protective Clothing

Sand Reservoir and Hose Assembly

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Check all fittings for leaks and alignments.
- 3. Muffler should be attached to compressor to reduce blowback noise.
- 4. Check position of all valves before activating blaster. Nozzle should have a "Dead Man" shutoff valve.
- 5. Drain water from the separator.
- 6. Stand clear and do not face sand reservoir after filling. Be careful not to overfill and never try to remove debris from the top of the hopper by hand, while the lines are still pressurized.
- 7. Keep unauthorized personnel out of immediate sandblast area.
- 8. Check blasting hoses for rips, tears and soft spots. Do not use defective or blocked hoses.
- 9. Check nozzle shutoff mechanism prior to use and check nozzle for wear, and make sure all safety latches and pins are in place.
- 10. Do not allow vehicles to run over hoses. Avoid kinks and sharp turns in hoses.
- 11. Avoid dragging hoses over concrete or any surface that could induce wear.
- 12. Never point an operational sand blasting hose toward personnel or equipment.

Sandblasting Hood

- 13. Adjust helmet headband and chinstrap to proper size. Clean and disinfect hood before and after use
- 14. Make sure hood-skirting is fitted down over shoulder and snaps are fastened.
- 15. The waist belt for the air hose should be worn outside of skirting to allow easy adjustment.
- 16. Check the air supply system (including connections and kinks in the air supply line to the hood).
- 17. Long sleeve shirts, safety glasses, safety shoes and hearing protection are required.
- 18. A positive pressure air hood is required. The supplied air must be at least *Grade D* breathable air.

Grade D air has the following characteristics:

• Oxygen content from 19.5 to 23.5 percent

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- Condenses oil at 5 mg/m³
- Carbon monoxide (CO) not to exceed 10 parts per million (PPM)
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂) not to exceed 100 PPM
- No odor
- If a fresh air pump is being used to supply air to the hood, air intake on the pump must be a minimum of fifty feet away from any running piston driven engine.

Hazardous Material Note

When red lead is encountered or is suspected in removal operation, stop immediately and consult supervisor.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Abrasive and Waterblast Cleaning	11A-1
Hazardous Waste Handling and	l Storage 11E-5	Rigging	11E-9
Air Compressor	12B-1		

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Service Station Operation

SOP 11A-32

Hazard Review

Explosions Smoking Moving Vehicles and Equipment

Spills or Fuel Leaks Remove Hose From Vehicles

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes

- 1. Drive up to the dispensers with filler cap adjacent to dispenser and leave enough room to get fuel safely. Do not drive over hose.
- 2. Turn off engine.
- 3. Extinguish all smoking material before dispensing fuel.
- 4. Lower risk of static spark by touching bare hand to metal part of vehicle after exiting and before beginning fueling process.
- 5. Stay with dispenser until tank is filled.
- 6. Place fuel in properly labeled containers. Place containers on ground before fueling.
- 7. Return dispensing hose to its proper rest.
- 8. Watch for other traffic; do not back away from island.
- 9. Check for clearance and traffic in all directions before moving away from island.
- 10. Fire extinguishers should be prominently displayed and routinely checked for sufficient charge.
- 11. Warning decals and symbols should be displayed on each dispenser.
- 12. Use specifically designed oil absorption materials to clean up spills. Do not rinse and wash away.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage11E-5
Lockout/Tagout11E-8	8 Truck, Fuel and Lube12A-32

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Sewing and Upholstery

SOP 11A-33

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Sharp-Pointed Tools Chemical Solvents Cuts and Pinch Points Eye Injuries Puncture Wounds Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes

Safety Glasses

- 1. Safety glasses are required for all operations.
- 2. Never re-thread a sewing machine or replace a bobbin with power switch on.
- 3. Assure all covers and guards are in place and functioning.
- 4. Review MSDS before using glues, solvents or epoxies.
- 5. Be aware of excess material and yard goods that can create a tripping hazard; maintain a neat orderly work place, free of cuttings and trimmings.

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Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Shipyard Painting

SOP 11A-34

Hazard	Review
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NoiseConfined SpacesPressurized HosesSkin IrritationToxic ChemicalsAirless SprayersOxygen Deficient AtmospheresTemperature ExtremesPoor Visibility

Hazardous Materials

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respirator Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves
Protective Clothing Safety Shoes Hard Hat
Hearing Protection

- 1. Each employee shall be fit tested and instructed on the use and care of respirators. Proper protective equipment shall be worn to protect against contaminants.
- 2. Read product labels, MSDSs and manufacturers labels before handling chemicals. Hazardous materials should be properly stored and must be in accordance with manufacturers' guidelines.
- 3. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate them.
- 4. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry and checked by a certified competent person. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 5. Painting involves the use of high-pressure hoses, which shall be inspected for defects before each use and replaced as necessary.
- 6. Always keep the tips of airless sprayers away from yourself or others since they can cause the injection of chemicals into the skin or eyes.
- 7. Accessory equipment (Man lifts, Scissors lifts, etc.) shall be operated in a safe manner as established in applicable training programs and manufacturer's guidelines.
- 8. Use flashlights or appropriate supplemental lighting when working in dark, poorly lighted and/or limited workspaces.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOPsChapter 10Lifting/Fleeting Vessels11A-12Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)11A-21Metal Cleaning, Chem./High Press. Wash11A-23Metal Cleaning, Mechanical/Abrasive11A-24Sandblasting11A-31Confined Space Entry11E-1High Pressure Hoses11E-6Rigging11E-9Air Compressor12B-1

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Tire Repair

SOP 11A-35

Hazard Review		
Lifting	Crushing Injuries	Slip, Trip and Fall
Explosions	Noise	Pinching Injuries

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
Safety Shoes	Hearing Protection	Gloves
Safety Glasses	_	

- 1. The employee must not service any rim or wheel unless the employee has been instructed in correct procedures of mounting, demounting and servicing activities for tires and rims and the safe operating precautions for the type of wheel being serviced.
- 2. The employee must wear eye and foot protection.
- 3. The tire must be completely deflated by removing the valve core before a rim wheel is removed from the axle.
- 4. An approved rubber lubricant must be applied to the bead and rim mounting surfaces when assembling the wheel and inflating the tire. Never use any flammable material, soap or grease to seat tires.
- 5. If a tire on a vehicle is under-inflated but has more than 80 percent of the recommended pressure, the tire may be inflated while the rim wheel is on the vehicle, provided remote control inflation equipment is used, and no employee remains in the trajectory area during inflation. When 80% or less of the pressure remains, the repair must be handled by a trained tire mechanic.
- 6. The tire shall be inflated outside a restraining device only to a pressure sufficient to force the tire bead onto the rim ledge and create an air tight seal. (Not to exceed 10 psi.)
- 7. Whenever a rim wheel is in a restraining device, the employee must not rest or lean against the restraining device. Always stand to the side.
- 8. After inflation, the tire and wheel must be inspected while still within the restraining device to make sure that they are properly seated and locked. If further adjustment is necessary, the tire must be deflated by removing the valve core before the adjustment is made.
- 9. Do not attempt to correct the seating of side and lock rings by hammering, striking, or forcing the components while the tire is pressurized.
- 10. Cracked, broken, bent or otherwise damaged wheel components must not be reworked, welded, brazed, or otherwise heated. Heat must not be applied to any wheel.
- 11. After repairs or installation of tire or rim, place tire in safety cage and inflate to maximum inflation pressure. Then deflate to 20 PSI before removing from cage.
- 12. Stored mounted tires should not exceed 20 PSI.
- 13. Fully inflated, multi-piece wheels must not be transported except in a restraining device.

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

14. For additional information consult the following: Hand and Power Tools, OSHA 3080; OSHA Reg. 1910.17; National Rim & Wheel W-770; OSHA Pamphlet 3086; OSHA Rim Wheel Characteristics.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Maintenance and Repair Shops (General)11A-21
High Pressure Hoses	Air Compressor

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Traffic Services' Shops and Warehouses SOP 11A-36

Hazand	Darriarr
Hazard	Review

Slip, Trip and Fall Lifting Hot Surfaces
Sharp Tools Sharp Edges, Burrs Electrical Shock

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles

- 1. Gloves should be used when handling hot materials and materials or tools with sharp edges or burns. Eye protection is important when task creates flying chips, burrs, etc.
- 2. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 3. Be aware of loose material, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Good housekeeping is important to eliminate slips, trips and falls.
- 4. Do not touch any wiring with which you are unfamiliar because of danger of electrical shock.
- 5. Spilled glass beads should be removed promptly to eliminate slippery surface.
- 6. All sign shop painting and screening shall be conducted in a well-ventilated area, using exhaust fans and filters.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Electrical Installation/Repairs11A-4
Metal Punching, Forming and Shearing 11A-25	Warehouse

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Trichloroethane Still

SOP 11A-37

Hazard	Review
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Hazardous Chemicals

Noxious Vapors

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes

Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield

Gloves

Protective Clothing

- 1. No employee may operate the still until he has received thorough training on the procedures for operating a still.
- 2. Each still operator shall review the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) before starting work.
- 3. Employees should inspect the still and related equipment to ensure it is in good condition before each work shift.
- 4. Each still operator must obtain and wear the proper personal protective equipment such as face shield, safety goggles, gloves, rubber aprons, etc.
- 5. Each still operator must ensure that adequate ventilation (mechanical or natural) is properly operating before beginning work.
- 6. Each still operator shall follow proper lifting procedures or use mechanical devices whenever trico cans must be moved or poured.
- 7. Still operators shall never leave a still unattended while distillation is in progress.
- 8. Each still operator should thoroughly review the work area before beginning operation to ensure that safety response items (eye wash bottle or shower), spill control materials, and other items for emergency response are readily available and accessible.
- 9. Still operators must report all spills to their supervisor as soon as possible after containing the leakage.

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General SOPs......Chapter 10 Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage......11E-5

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Warehouse SOP 11A-38

Hazard Review

Hazardous Materials Slip, Trip and Fall Improperly Stacked Material Moving Equipment

Fire

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Gloves

- 1. Steel-toe shoes are required.
- 2. Be aware of the wide variety of chemicals, cleaning agents, degreasers, paints, thinners and other combustible materials stored in the warehouse. Read and follow warning labels on containers and on the MSDS, ensuring materials are handled and stored properly.
- 3. Be familiar with the Facility Contingency Plan. Notify the supervisor if a hazardous substance is spilled. Follow proper procedure for clean up.
- 4. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- 5. Material handling equipment (forklifts, pallet truck, etc.) shall be operated in a safe manner, as established in applicable training programs and manufacturer's guidelines. Pedestrians should be alert for moving forklifts when approaching blind corners.
- 6. Material shall be stacked properly for safe and efficient retrieval. Keep heavier materials near floor. Stack items so that they do not extend into aisles. Be sure bin items do not extend into walkways and that bin drawers are not left open.
- 7. Be alert for materials, which may have been stored improperly.
- 8. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting equipment if necessary.
- 9. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate them.
- 10. If ladder is used, follow standard operating procedures and manufacturer's recommendations.
- 11. Label all fire exits.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Loading/Unloading Freight11A-13
Forklift12A-6	Ladder

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Welding, Arc

SOP 11A-39

Hazard Review

Ultraviolet Burns to Eyes and Sin Fire Debris to Eyes and Exposed Skin Slip, Trip and Fall Hot Metal Spatter Overhead Loads Cuts and Pinches Lifting Electrical Shock

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Respirator

Welding Helmet Flame Resistant Clothing

1. Do not attempt to use welding equipment until properly trained.

- 2. Welding machine shall be equipped with a power disconnect switch which is conveniently located at or near the machine.
- 3. Protect yourself and others from flying objects. Make sure your own eyes and eyes of others are protected when chipping slag, etc.
- 4. Be sure the welding area has a good safe floor. Concrete or masonry is recommended. The floor should not be wood, plastic tile or carpeted.
- 5. Keep combustible or flammable materials at a safe distance (at least 35 feet).
- 6. Do not use gloves or other clothing which contain oil and grease. Do wear appropriate gloves.
- 7. Always be sure your machine is properly grounded.
- 8. The polarity switch must never be changed while machine is under load. Wait until the machine is idling and the circuit is open.
- 9. Protect others with a screen and yourself with a protective welding helmet. Flying sparks are a danger to your eyes. Arc rays can also cause painful burns to yourself and onlookers.
- 10. Keep a fire extinguisher handy at all times.
- 11. Avoid damp areas and keep the hands and clothing dry at all times. Dampness on the body may cause an electrical shock.
- 12. Never strike an arc on a compressed cylinder or tank, even if empty, that has contained combustible material.
- 13. Suitable spark shield must be used around welding equipment in flash welding.
- 14. Keep the uninsulated portion of the electrode holder from touching the welding ground when the current is on. This will cause a flash.
- 15. Keep welding cables dry and free from oil and grease and uncoil cable to remove loops and tangles.
- 16. Weld in open area. If welding is to be done in a confined area, provide an adequate exhaust fan system and ventilation.
- 17. Dress properly with flame resistant clothing. Protect all areas of body from arc burns.
- 18. Be sure all power wiring is correctly installed and maintained. Don't overload the welding cables.
- 19. Do not operate power tools off generator/welder while it is being used for welding.

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

20. For additional information consult the following: AWS Specifications & Safe Practice Codes.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40
Structural Steel Fabrication	Confined Space Entry

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Welding, Arc

SOP 11A-40

Hazard Review

Ultraviolet Burns to Eyes and Sin Fire Debris to Eyes and Exposed Skin Slip, Trip and Fall Hot Metal Spatter Overhead Loads Cuts and Pinches Lifting Electrical Shock

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Respirator

Welding Helmet Flame Resistant Clothing

1. Do not attempt to use welding equipment until properly trained.

- 2. Welding machine shall be equipped with a power disconnect switch which is conveniently located at or near the machine.
- 3. Protect yourself and others from flying objects. Make sure your own eyes and eyes of others are protected when chipping slag, etc.
- 4. Be sure the welding area has a good safe floor. Concrete or masonry is recommended. The floor should not be wood, plastic tile or carpeted.
- 5. Keep combustible or flammable materials at a safe distance (at least 35 feet).
- 6. Do not use gloves or other clothing which contain oil and grease. Do wear appropriate gloves.
- 7. Always be sure your machine is properly grounded.
- 8. The polarity switch must never be changed while machine is under load. Wait until the machine is idling and the circuit is open.
- 9. Protect others with a screen and yourself with a protective welding helmet. Flying sparks are a danger to your eyes. Arc rays can also cause painful burns to yourself and onlookers.
- 10. Keep a fire extinguisher handy at all times.
- 11. Avoid damp areas and keep the hands and clothing dry at all times. Dampness on the body may cause an electrical shock.
- 12. Never strike an arc on a compressed cylinder or tank, even if empty, that has contained combustible material.
- 13. Suitable spark shield must be used around welding equipment in flash welding.
- 14. Keep the uninsulated portion of the electrode holder from touching the welding ground when the current is on. This will cause a flash.
- 15. Keep welding cables dry and free from oil and grease and uncoil cable to remove loops and tangles.
- 16. Weld in open area. If welding is to be done in a confined area, provide an adequate exhaust fan system and ventilation.
- 17. Dress properly with flame resistant clothing. Protect all areas of body from arc burns.
- 18. Be sure all power wiring is correctly installed and maintained. Don't overload the welding cables.
- 19. Do not operate power tools off generator/welder while it is being used for welding.

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

20. For additional information consult the following: AWS Specifications & Safe Practice Codes.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Oxy-Acetylene Cutting/Welding11A-27
Structural Steel Fabrication	Confined Space Entry 11E-1

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Wood Working

SOP 11A-41

Hazard Review

Cuts Allergic Reaction Splinters
Fire Flying Wood Chips or Parts Pinching/Crushing Injuries
Eye Injury Dust Inhalation

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hearing Protection Respirator

Safety Glasses/Face Shield Gloves

1. Know and regularly review Safe Operating Procedures of each piece of equipment.

- 2. Make sure work areas are clear and safe for work to be done.
- 3. Wear safety shoes, eye and ear protection.
- 4. Make sure depth and thickness levels are properly set.
- 5. See that blades and knives are sharp and working properly.
- 6. Make sure all work surfaces are clear of scraps and obstructions.
- 7. Never operate equipment until guards are in place and operating properly.
- 8. Be aware of others around so that nothing is thrown from a saw, which may cause injury.
- 9. Make sure on and off switches are in proper working condition.
- 10. Keep hands and clothing away from cutting surface.
- 11. Never adjust settings on machinery until switch is off and blades have ceased to rotate.
- 12. Safety glasses are required inside the yellow lines of the shop.
- 13. Use safe lifting practices.
- 14. Do not wear rings, ties or loose fitting clothing when operating machinery.
- 15. Use respirators when needed.
- 16. Do not use any equipment or perform any operation until fully trained and certified by the supervisor.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Aerial Photography

SOP 11B-1

Hazard Review

Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes

Ground Activities

- 1. Do not lift the aerial camera system without the aid of a mechanical lift.
- 2. Use extreme caution when installing/removing the camera system in the aircraft.
- 3. For operations requiring the use of interchangeable lens cones always obtain additional employees for removal of the drive unit and appropriate lens cone.
- 4. Use proper lifting techniques and support devices when moving camera systems.

In-flight Activities

- 1. Secure all equipment (film cassettes, tool kits, etc.) before flight to prevent injury during turbulent conditions.
- 2. When shooting aerial photography in high-density traffic areas, one intercom system should be used between the pilot and the photographer; a separate intercom should be used for communication between the co-pilot and the air traffic controller.
- 3. Changing aerial camera lens cones must take place while the aircraft is on the ground. Under no circumstances should the lens cones be changed while in flight.
- 4. Aircrew members suffering from head colds or other upper respiratory ailments should not fly in non-pressurized aircraft operating at multiple altitudes until the symptoms have dissipated.

Related SOP's

General SOPs.....Chapter 10

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Asphalt Field Laboratory

SOP 11B-2

Hazard Review		
Lifting	Overhead Loads	Hazardous Chemicals
Clin Trin and Fall	Maying Faurinment	

Slip, Trip and Fall Moving Equipment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Shoes	Hearing Protection	Safety Glasses/Goggles	
Hard Hat	Gloves	Safety Glasses	

- 1. Park in areas that provide safe entrances and exits for the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 2. Gloves and eye protection are recommended. Plant sites are generally designated "Hard Hat Areas", requiring hard hats outside of buildings and equipment. Hard hats should always be worn when obtaining samples and inspecting plant.
- 3. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 4. Be aware of moving equipment on plant site. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Review the MSDS for 1,1,1 Trichloroethane, AC and aggregates.
- 9. Be sure that an eye wash bottle is readily available and accessible before beginning work.
- 10. Be sure ventilation equipment is operating during trichloroethane use. Be sure trichloroethane containers are properly sealed when not in use and stored.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Trichloroethane Still11A-37
Roadway Inspection11B-69	Sampling and Inspection at11B-71
Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage 11E-5	Producer's Facility

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Asphalt Overlays/Widening

SOP 11B-3

Hazard	Review	7
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Moving Traffic Hot/Flammable Materials Overcrowding of Workers Flying Particles Slip, Trip and Fall Moving Equipment Temperature Extremes Utility Lines

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Protective Clothing Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Keep fire extinguishers available at all times when using a fired kettle.
- 7. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review the MSDS for each material used.
- 8. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 9. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 12. Observe and stay clear of overhead utility lines.
- 13. Watch for flying sand and rock from sweeping operation and adjacent traffic.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOPsChapter 10Asphalt Distributor/Kettle12A-1Grader12A-7Pavement Grinder12A-13Paving Machine/Widener12A-14Rollers, Patch12A-16Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29Truck, Dump12A-30Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Asphalt Pavement Maintenance

SOP 11B-4

Hazard Review		
Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall Utility Lines	Moving Equipment Overcrowding of Workers Flying Particles	Hot/Flammable Materials Temperature Extremes
Dagwing d Danger of Duck	active Equipment (DDE)	

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Safety Glasses	
Hearing Protection	Gloves	•	

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Keep fire extinguishers available at all times when using a fired kettle. Extinguisher should be on other equipment, not kettle.
- 7. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review the MSDS for each material used.
- 8. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 9. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Use proper lifting and handling techniques while shoveling asphalt.
- 12. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 13. Observe and stay clear of utility lines.
- 14. Use extra precautions when mounting and dismounting trucks to cover and uncover loads and to dispense material.
- 15. Be aware of flying debris from power broom, moving traffic, jack hammers, saws, picks, etc.

Related SOP's Asphalt Overlays/Widening.....11B-3 General SOPsChapter 10 Bituminous Surface Treatment 11B-6 Inmate Labor......11B-44 Asphalt Distributor/Kettle......12A-1 Truck, Asphalt Patcher......12A-27 Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed 12A-29 Compactor, Hand-Operated12B-5 Air Compressor......12B-1 Hand Tools (Power and Manual).....12B-13 Impactor-Asphalt Cutter 12B-14 Trailers and Towed Equipment......12B-30

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Asphalt Plant Operations

SOP 11B-5

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Hazard	Key	new

Moving Equipment Temperature Extremes

Hot/Flammable Materials
Flying Particles

Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hearing Protection Safety Glasses Hard Hat Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks before arriving at the asphalt plant site.
- 2. The asphalt plant site is a hard hat area. Hard hats shall be worn at all times while on the asphalt plant site.
- 3. Upon arriving at the asphalt plant site, spray dump truck bed with water or other protectant liquid.
- 4. Upon arriving at the asphalt plant, communicate with the asphalt plant operator on:
 - The amount of asphalt (the size of the load) that is to be received
 - The number of asphalt drops from the asphalt plant mixer box for your load
 - The amount of time (in seconds) between asphalt drops.
 - What methods are being used to communicate that the last drop is completed (e.g. traffic signals, horns, instructional signs, flashing lights, hand signals, eye contact, etc.)
- 5. Prior to pulling the dump truck under the asphalt plant mixer box, wait for a signal from the asphalt plant operator.
- 6. Pull receiving dump truck under the asphalt plant mixer box and position the dump truck bed directly under the asphalt plant mixer box. If more than one asphalt drop is to be dumped into the receiving dump truck bed, the dump truck operator may reposition the dump truck bed after each dump to evenly distribute the asphalt product in the truck bed.
- 7. If the dump truck cannot pull underneath the asphalt plant mixer box due to its height, the dump truck may be backed underneath the asphalt plant mixer box.
- 8. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 9. While asphalt is being dumped from the asphalt plant mixer box into the dump truck bed, the dump truck operator shall remain inside the dump truck cab. Only between asphalt drops may the dump truck operator inspect the asphalt product in the truck bed.
- 10. Once the last asphalt drop is made into the dump truck bed, proceed slowly from underneath the asphalt plant mixer box.
- 11. Once the dump truck is completely from underneath the asphalt plant mixer box, check the asphalt load and cover as applicable to minimize asphalt particles and debris flying off the dump truck bed during travel to the project site.
- 12. Use extra precautions when mounting and dismounting trucks to cover and uncover loads and to dispense material.
- 13. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDS as applicable.

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 14. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 15. Use proper lifting and handling techniques while shoveling asphalt.

Related SOP's		
General SOPsChapter 10	Asphalt Overlays/Widening	11B-3
Bituminous Surface Treatment11B-6	Asphalt Distributor/Kettle	12A-1
Truck, Asphalt Patcher12A-27	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29
Truck, Dump	Impactor-Asphalt Cutter	12B-14

Author:	Greg Roberts	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Bituminous Surface Treatment

SOP 11B-6

Hazard	Rev	iew
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Moving TrafficHot/Flammable MaterialsOvercrowding of WorkersFlying ParticlesSlip, Trip and FallMoving EquipmentTemperature ExtremesUtility Lines

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hearing Protection Safety Glasses Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Keep fire extinguishers available at all times when using a fired kettle.
- 7. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review the MSDS for each material used.
- 8. Take extra precautions to prevent heat stress when working in extremely hot temperatures.
- 9. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 12. Observe and stay clear of overhead utility lines.
- 13. Watch for flying sand and rock from sweeping operation and adjacent traffic.
- 14. Use proper lifting and handling techniques while shoveling stone.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOPsChapter 10Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30Asphalt Distributor12A-1Broom12A-3Loader, Front End12A-11Rollers, Patch12A-16Spreader, Aggregate12A-21Truck, Dump12A-30Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13Borrow Pit11B-8Waste Pit and Stockpiling Operations

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Blast Monitoring

SOP 11B-7

Hazard	Review
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Fly-rock Noise Moving Equipment

Premature Initiation

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Safety Vest Hard Hat Hearing Protection Gloves

1. Be aware that premature initiation of explosives is a possibility and exercise extreme caution in the vicinity of explosives.

- 2. Be aware of emergency escape routes. It is a good idea to stand close to a sheltered location, which will provide protection from flyrock.
- 3. Employees on foot must use caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 4. Take care not to operate radio transmission equipment in the vicinity of blast sites which are utilizing electric blasting caps.
- 5. Monitoring equipment should be placed a safe distance from the blasting area to ensure the safety of the individual and to avoid damage to equipment.
- 6. Review signal system between monitor and blaster prior to operation.

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Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Borrow Pit, Waste Pit and Stockpiling Operations

SOP 11B-8

Hazard Review		
Stockpile/trench Collapse	Moving Equipment	Blowing Sand/fines
Noise	Uneven Terrain	Utility Lines

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Safety Vest Hard Hat

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Review Mine Safety Act requirements.
- 3. Evaluate site and follow excavation, trenching and shoring standards that apply.
- 4. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Avoid areas behind operating equipment.
- 6. Observe and stay clear of overhead utility lines.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-offs, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 9. Be aware of stockpile stability when removing material. Do not leave vertical slopes in stockpiles that could collapse on a person on foot.
- 10. Drivers should stay in cab while truck is being loaded.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Bituminous Surface Treatment11B-6
Earth Moving	Crane/Dragline12A-4
Excavator, Hydraulic12A-5	Loader, Front End12A-11
Tractor, Backhoe and Loader12A-22	Tractor, Crawler12A-23
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed 12A-29	Truck, Dump12A-30

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Bridge Deck Cleaning

SOP 11B-9

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Moving Traffic Lifting Flying Particles
High Pressure Hoses Utilities Noise
Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Vest Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 7. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 8. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 9. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 10. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 11. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 12. Observe Safe Operating Procedures for handling high-pressure hoses.
- 13. Unnecessary personnel shall stay away from work area.
- 14. Safety goggles should be worn by personnel that are in the immediate work area due to flying particles caused by high-pressure air or water.
- 15. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 16. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 17. Review MSDS's for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 18. High-pressure air hoses should have a "dead-man" shutoff valve.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Air Compressor	12B-1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	Water Pump	12B-33

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Bridge Expansion Joint Maintenance

SOP 11B-10

Hazard	Review
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Moving Traffic Lifting Hazardous Materials
Utilities Parking Noise
Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves Safety Shoes Safety Vest

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 6. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 7. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 8. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 9. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 10. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 11. Review MSDS's for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 12. Do not clean hands with pressurized air.
- 13. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 14. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 15. Dispose of salvage materials properly.
- 16. Watch for flying sand, dust or other debris when blowing out joints with compressed air. Eye protection must be worn. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Crack Sealing	11B-17
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Air Compressor	12B-1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	-	

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Bridge Handrail Maintenance

SOP 11B-11

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Moving Traffic Welding/Cutting Parking Utilities Lifting Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Shoes Respiratory Protection (Welding)
Hard Hat Safety Vest Face Protection (Welding)
Body Harness/Lanyard Gloves Personal Flotation Device

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 5. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Try to perform work while facing traffic.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 11. Be alert to poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 12. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 13. Review MSDS's for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 14. Dispose of salvage materials properly, use gloves and long-sleeved shirts when handling treated timbers.
- 15. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 16. Take extra precaution to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 18. Observe Safe Operating Procedures for welding and cutting.
- 19. Observe Safe Operating Procedures for scaffolding if applicable.

Related SOP's

General SOPs	•	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting Guardrail Installation/Maintenance	
Placing Concrete	11B-60	Snooper Crane	12A-20
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Bridge Jacking

SOP 11B-12

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Overload Kickout Crushing Shifting Loads Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves Safety Shoes Safety Vest Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Know rated capacity of jacks to avoid overload.
- 3. Know approximate weight of load. Operate within safe limits.
- 4. Use stable base to position jacks.
- 5. Keep unnecessary personnel clear of loaded area when lifting or lowering.
- 6. When multiple jacks are used, lifting and lowering should be uniform.
- 7. The load shall be braced with blocks or with some other approved means before work commences.
- 8. Keep all objects clear that could cause lateral forces to be applied to the jack.
- 9. Be aware that jacks could "kick out" due to shifting loads. If jack starts to tilt while jacking, stop immediately, relieve load and reposition jack.
- 10. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
High Pressure Hoses 11E-6	Rigging11E-9
Snooper Crane12A-20	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Ladder
Scaffolding 12B-23	

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Concrete Bridge Deck Maintenance

SOP 11B-13

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Moving Traffic Lifting Hazardous Material Parking Utilities Noise Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Shoes Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 6. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 7. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 8. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 9. Be alert to protruding nails, spikes or reinforcing bars in decks and rails.
- 10. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 11. Review MSDS's for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 12. Do not clean hands with pressurized air.
- 13. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 14. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 15. Dispose of salvage materials properly.
- 16. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOPsChapter 10Sandblasting11A-31Placing Concrete11B-60High Pressure Hoses11E-6Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29Air Compressor12B-1Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13Pavement Breaker12B-18

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Concrete Bridge Super/Sub Structure Maintenance

SOP 11B-14

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Moving TrafficHazardous MaterialsParkingUtilitiesLiftingJackingSlip, Trip and FallScaffoldingNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/goggles Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 7. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 8. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 9. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 10. Be alert to poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 11. Be alert to protruding nails, spikes or reinforcing bars in decks and rails.
- 12. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 13. Review MSDS's for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 14. Use gloves and wear long-sleeved shirt when handling hazardous materials.
- 15. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 16. Take extra precaution to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Sandblasting	11A-31
Bridge Jacking	11B-11	Pile Driving	11B-57
Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6
Rigging	11E-9	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Concrete Pavement Maintenance

SOP 11B-15

Hazard Review

Moving TrafficMoving EquipmentSlip, Trip and FallNoiseFlying ParticlesPinch PointsOvercrowding Of WorkersLiftingPower Tool OperationSuspended LoadsTemperature Extremes

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Vest Gloves
Safety Shoes and/or Rubber Boots

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 6. Review MSDS's for each material used.
- 7. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 8. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-offs, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Use proper lifting and handling techniques while breaking and loading old concrete.
- 11. Wear rubber boots and rubber gloves when working with fresh concrete.
- 12. Watch for flying sand and rock from sweeping operation and adjacent traffic.
- 13. Be aware of flying debris, wind, moving traffic, jack hammers, saws, picks, etc.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOP'sChapter 10Placing Concrete11B-60Excavator, Hydraulic12A-5Backhoe and Loader12A-22Air Compressor12B-1Attenuator, Truck-Mounted12B-2Concrete Mixer12B-6Concrete Pump12B-7Concrete Saw12B-8Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13Pavement Breaker12B-18Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Construction Elevations on Bridge Beams

SOP 11B-16

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Hazard	Review	7

Slip, Trip and Fall Parking Communication Difficulties
Temperature Extremes Overhead Loads Heights

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Shoes
Body Harness/Lanyard Personal Flotation Device

- 1. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicle.
- 2. Avoid walking or working under suspended loads.
- 3. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 4. Do not work on beams without fall protection.
- 5. Personal flotation devices may be required, when working over water.
- 6. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 7. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials and tools.
- 8. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Crane/Dragline	12A-4
Rigging	11E-9	Scaffolding	12B-23
Inspection of New Structures	11B-46	-	

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Crack Sealing

SOP 11B-17

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Moving Traffic Moving Equipment Hot/Flammable Material Flying Particles Temperature Extremes Overcrowding of Workers Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves

Safety Glasses/Goggles

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Keep fire extinguishers available at all times when using a fired kettle. Extinguishers should be on the other equipment, not the kettle.
- 7. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDS's for each material used. Avoid direct contact.
- 8. Do not adjust burners or fill pour pots while kettle/distributor is in motion.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Be aware of flying sand, dust or other debris when blowing out cracks with compressed air. Eye protection must be worn. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind.
- 11. Use proper lifting and handling techniques when pouring cracks and shoveling blotting material.
- 12. Never leave a fired kettle unattended.
- 13. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.

Related SOP's General SOPs......Chapter 10 Asphalt Distributor......12A-1 Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29 Air Compressor......12B-1 Hand Tools (Power and Manual)......12B-13 Trailers and Towed Equipment...... 12B-30

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Demolition of Structure

SOP 11B-18

Falling Objects
Particles in Air

Flying Objects

Swing Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Shoes Gloves Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Keep an escape route cleared in case of emergencies.
- 3. Never wreck a structure, which could cause another part to fall.
- 4. Allow plenty of room for a person to work.
- 5. Avoid cutting one end of a structure allowing it to swing.
- 6. Keep area where majority of work is being done clean enough to flee danger without stumbling or falling.
- 7. Keep dust and trash as minimal as possible.
- 8. Ensure that an asbestos inspection is made when there is suspicion of asbestos in the structure.
- 9. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Explosives	11E-4
Rigging	11E-9	Crane/Dragline	12A-4
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	Ladder	12B-15
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Density Inspection

SOP 11B-19

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Lifting Flying Particles Moving Equipment
Slip, Trip and Fall Burns Propane
Heat Stress Moving Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles Hard Hat

1. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential

- 1. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 2. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 3. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 4. Be aware of others when swinging pickax.
- 5. Be certain that propane tanks have been secured in off position. Ventilate area for 5 minutes before relighting blow pot.
- 6. Be aware of hot materials when drying moisture sample in frying pan.
- 7. Ensure that equipment operators and all concerned personnel on the job site are aware that a density test is being performed and the location of the density inspection on the job site. Use flasher, flag, cones, or drums to identify the location of the density gauge. Use a second person for a spotter if necessary.
- 8. Have a fire extinguisher available.
- 9. Be aware of the dangers of confined spaces.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Inspection of New Structures	11B-46
Roadway Inspection	11B-69	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3
Nuclear Density Inspection	11B-54		

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Drawbridge Maintenance

SOP 11B-20

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Moving TrafficHazardous MaterialsParkingCommunication DifficultiesMachineryElectrical ShockSlip, Trip and FallConfined SpacesNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hard Hat Gloves Safety Glasses Hearing Protection

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials and tools.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely. Be aware of other employees in the work areas.
- 10. Watch for poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots in suspect areas.
- 11. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 12. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to be encountered.
- 13. Dispose of waste materials properly.
- 14. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 15. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 16. Do not leave tools or materials in areas where vibration could cause them to fall.
- 17. Maintain communications between employees at all times.
- 18. Always lockout controls when working on machinery.
- 19. All electrical tools shall be properly grounded and insulated.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Bridge Jacking11B-12
Fender System Maintenance	Confined Space Entry11E-1
Lockout/Tagout11E-8	Scaffolding12B-23
Elect. Maint. of Movable Span Bridges 11B-26	Elect. Maint. of Navigational Lighting11B-27

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Dredging (Construction Crew)

SOP 11B-21

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Hazard	KOMIOM
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Slips, Trips and Falls Moving Equipment Crushing Injuries Lifting Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes **Blowing Sand** Quicksand Noise **Animals**

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Vest

Safety Glasses

- 1. Construction equipment shall be operated in a safe manner, as established in applicable training programs, manufacturers' guidelines and applicable Equipment Safe Operating Procedures.
- 2. When operating construction equipment, be alert for other people or obstructions in the immediate vicinity.
- 3. When necessary to jump-start equipment, use only those procedures approved by the equipment manufacturer.
- 4. When operating construction equipment, avoid any medications which cause drowsiness or which decrease alertness.
- 5. Be alert for quicksand and potential cave-ins near trenches.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting equipment if necessary.
- 7. Maintain first aid kit at construction site.
- 8. Equipment operators should never work at a site alone. Also, keep two-way radio handy.
- 9. Use caution when working with dredge pipeline. Never position yourself or equipment under raised pipeline.
- 10. Use caution when working with pipeline fusing machine. Guard against contact with hot surfaces and sharp edges.
- 11. Post signs around spoils area to keep public away from the site.
- 12. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Tractor, Crawler
Dredging (Operations) 11B-22	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring11E-3
Rigging11E-9	Crane/Dragline12A-4
Excavator, Hydraulic12A-5	Loader, Front End12A-11
Borrow Pit,11B-8	
Waste Pit and Stockpiling Operations	

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Dredging (Operations)

SOP 11B-22

Lifting

Noise

Hazard	Review	7
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Moving Machinery Parts Slip, Trip and Fall Drowning/Hypothermia Crushing Injuries **Sharp-Edged Tools** Communication Difficulties Fire **Unsecured Objects** Temperature Extremes

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Shoes Body Harness/Lanyard Personal Flotation Device Safety Glasses **Hearing Protection** Gloves

- 1. Hearing protection shall be worn in designated areas. Personal Flotation Device shall be worn when working in areas where slips, trips and falls would likely result in falling overboard. Protective gloves shall be worn when handling cable.
- 2. Be aware of loose objects, slippery decks, tripping hazards, uneven deck coatings, "headbangers" and other obstructions. Always use handrails when ascending or descending ladders.
- 3. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting equipment if necessary.
- 4. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry and checked by a certified competent person. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 5. Never leave doors ajar. Doors should be securely closed or hooked in the opened position. Be mindful of stress on doors due to either created vacuum or high wind.
- 6. Ensure shore connections are de-energized before connecting shore power. Before using portable power tools, inspect for frayed or cut wiring, loose connections and proper grounding.
- 7. Provide adequate ventilation when cleaning with chemicals or painting.
- 8. Always stand on rubber padding when working around switchboards.
- 9. Be alert for falling or shifting objects during heavy weather conditions.
- 10. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 11. When working with dredge pipeline, never position yourself or equipment under the raised pipeline.
- 12. Use caution when working with pipeline fusing machine. Guard against contact with hot surfaces and sharp edges.
- 13. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Dredging (Construction Crew)	11B-21
Ferry Engineering	11B-31	Tug Operations	11B-85
Confined Space Entry	11E-1	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6
Lockout/Tagout	11E-8	Rigging	11E-9
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B 13		

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Drift Removal SOP 11B-23

Hazard	Review
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Traffic Unstable Footing Swinging Objects
Communication Difficulties Drowning Rigging
Slip, Trip and Fall Crushing Hidden Hazards

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hard Hat Gloves Personal Flotation Device

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and unstable footing on brush, logs and other drift material. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials or tools.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely. Be aware of other employees in the work areas.
- 10. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 11. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to be encountered.
- 12. Dispose of waste materials properly. Use gloves when handling treated lumber.
- 13. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 14. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 15. Do not leave tools or materials in areas where vibration or wave action could cause them to fall.
- 16. Maintain communications between employees at all times.
- 17. Be alert to swinging loads and loads suddenly being snatched due to tensile load from cable and winch.
- 18. Be aware that swift-moving currents can cause a sudden increase in load on cable and boom if attached to material that breaks free from the drift pile.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs		Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9
Rigging	11E-9	Crane/Dragline	12A-4
Tractor, Backhoe and Loader	12A-22	Truck, Crane	12A-28
Work Boat	12A-37	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Drilled Shaft Inspection

SOP 11B-24

Hazard Review		
Hazardous Atmospheres	Casing Integrity	Crane Operation
Moving Equipment	Falling Objects	Cave In

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Body Harness Vertical Lifeline Tyveck Coveralls Hearing Protection Hard Hat Gloves Safety Shoes

- 1. A drilled shaft is a permit-required confined space and requires specialized training before employees may enter. All conditions (e.g., atmospheric monitoring by a qualified person, proper ventilation if required and proper respiratory protection equipment) related to a permit-confined space must be met before employee entrance.
- 2. Spoil materials and all excavated and loose material should always be piled at least 2 feet away from the shaft surface opening or the edge of the excavation.
- 3. The shaft should be cased from the ground elevation to near the bottom of the excavation. The casing should be no smaller than 12 inches (preferably 6 inches) less than the shaft diameter. The casing itself should be no smaller than 30 inches in diameter. It should be verified that the casing is thick enough to prevent buckling under soil and water pressure.
- 4. The components involved with drilled shaft entry include:
 - A load line with a boatswain chair that lowers and lifts personnel into and out of the drilled shaft
 - A vertical lifeline that attaches to the personnel's safety harness and that is separate from the load line and is secured in a manner that will provide prompt rescue and fall protection in the event of a load line failure.
 - An optional safety rope that could be sued as an alternate method of communication
- 5. No loose or flowing clothing is allowed. Down-hole personnel must wear hearing protection where the use of mechanical or electrical equipment in the shaft generates high noise levels.
- 6. If a crane is used for hoisting, an anti-two block device must be used on the load line of the crane. A hook with an automatic safety catch should be used on the hoisting cable.
- 7. The person entering the shaft should mount the boatswain chair (personnel carrier) adjacent to the shaft after having a lifeline secured to the back D-ring of the safety harness. Then the crane's load line with the boatswain chair (personnel carrier) should be placed over the shaft
- 8. The person being lowered into the hole should be lowered in a safe, slow and controlled fashion by the boatswain chair (personnel carrier) that is connected to the load line of a crane. Lowering should be stopped when the individual being lowered signals or when the individual indicates that the bottom of the shaft has been reached.
- 9. Equipment should be lowered into the shaft prior to personnel whenever possible. Conversely, personnel should be lifted out of a shaft prior to the removal of any equipment.

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 10. Personnel working in drilled shaft excavations should never disconnect their lifeline from their safety harness while working inside a drilled shaft.
- 11. Air powered equipment should be pinned or secured so that there is no danger of the release of high pressure air lines while personnel are in the shaft.
- 12. If water cannot be removed from the shaft, then alternative means of inspecting the shaft (such as a remote camera) should be used. Dewatering should continue as necessary during down-hole operations. A shaft with water in it shall be entered only if equipment is available to remove accumulating water. Surface water should be prevented from entering the excavation.
- 13. Machines that produce exhaust should not be operated in the vicinity of the shaft during the inspection.
- 14. Any welding or heating activities should be prohibited during drilled shaft inspections. Welding should not be conducted in or around shafts where combustible gases have been detected until ventilation or other remedial measures have reduced concentrations of contaminants to below safe levels.
- 15. After work in the shaft has been completed, personnel should be raised in a slow and controlled fashion.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Confined Space Entry11E-1
Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	Crane/Dragline12A-4
Welding, Arc	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Earth Moving

SOP 11B-25

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Hazard	RAMAN
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Moving Equipment Slip, Trip and Fall Moving Traffic Animals Poisonous Plants/Snakes/Insects Suspended Loads Explosives

Noise Utilities Temperature Extremes

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Gloves Safety Shoes

Orange Hat or Hard Hat

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Locate all utilities in and near the work site prior to commencing work. Call ULOCO.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment. Avoid areas behind equipment.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to work facing oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 7. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 8. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 9. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 10. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 11. Strictly adhere to departmental policy regarding handling of explosives. Utilize licensed specialists in this operation.
- 12. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Wear hard hat when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, etc.
- 13. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30
Hand Removal of Vegetation11B-42	Pipe Installation
Rip Rap Installation/Removal11B-67	Tree Felling11B-84
Explosives	Broom12A-3
Excavator, Hydraulic12A-5	Grader12A-7
Loader, Force Feed12A-10	Loader, Front End12A-11
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Scraper12A-19
Tractor, Backhoe and Loader12A-22	Tractor, Crawler
Tractor, Wheel	Truck, Dump12A-30
Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw 12B-4	Rollers,12A-17
Borrow Pit, Waste Pit and11B-8	Sheep-Foot/Rubber-Tired/Vibratory
Stockpiling Operations	-

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Electrical Maintenance of Movable Span Bridges

SOP 11B-26

Hazard	Review	
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Moving Traffic Lifting Parking
Toxic Materials Electrical Shock Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Eye Protection Hard Hat Safety Shoes
Safety Vest Hearing Protection Personal Flotation Device
Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Whenever possible, perform work while facing traffic.
- 6. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 7. Do not work over rails or bridge structures without being properly secured.
- 8. When servicing batteries be aware of hazards due to toxic gas or liquid exposure. Always wear hand and eye protection.
- 9. When working at night, have adequate lighting available.
- 10. Always use proper testing equipment and procedures.
- 11. Always use radios or two-way communication for electrical maintenance involving bridge operation.
- 12. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to be encountered.
- 13. Plan and conduct trouble shooting and maintenance to minimize traffic interruption and risks.
- 14. Keep bridge operators briefed at all times as to status of maintenance/trouble shooting.
- 15. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 16. Always lockout and tag controls before performing any maintenance or repairs on draw span machinery.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Electrical Installation/Repairs11A-4
Drawbridge Maintenance11B-18	Ladder
Lockout/Tagout11E-7	Snooper Crane
Elect. Maint. of Navigational Lighting 11B-25	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Electrical Maintenance of Navigational Lighting

SOP 11B-27

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Hazard	Review	•

Moving Traffic Parking Toxic Materials
Electrical Shock Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses/Goggles Hard Hat Safety Shoes
Safety Vest Gloves Personal Flotation Device
Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Whenever possible, perform work while facing traffic.
- 6. Do not work over rails or bridge structures without being properly secured.
- 7. When servicing batteries be aware of hazards due to toxic gas or liquid exposure. Always wear hand and eye protection.
- 8. When working at night, have adequate lighting available.
- 9. Always use proper testing equipment and procedures.
- 10. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOPsChapter 10Electrical Installation/Repairs11A-4Drawbridge Maintenance11B-20Lockout/Tagout11E-8Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13Ladder12B-15Electrical Maintenance of11B-26

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Environmental Assessment Activities

SOP 11B-28

Hazard Review

Hazardous Materials Toxic Chemicals Airborne Contaminants
Unknown/Unlabeled Substances Traffic Overhead Loads
Moving Equipment Slip, Trip and Fall Temperature Extremes
Confined Space Stockpile/Trench Collapse

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hard Hat Protective Clothing Respirators

- 1. All posted MSDSs should be read and followed.
- 2. Protective clothing, respirators and other equipment may be required.
- 3. Avoid working under suspended loads. Wear hard hats around backhoes, cranes and excavators.
- 4. Evaluate site and follow Excavation, Trenching and Shoring Standards.
- 5. All employees shall be trained in the proper procedures for handling hazardous materials.
- 6. All employees must follow established procedures for entering confined spaces.
- 7. Beware of containers with unknown and/or unlabeled substances. Accidental mixing of waste materials could cause a chemical reaction resulting in fire, explosion or atmospheric release of toxic vapors. Be alert for heat buildup, vapors, rumbling noises, leaks, dampness, unusual debris and strange odors caused by airborne contaminants.
- 8. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers entering and exiting the vehicle.
- 9. Employees on foot must use caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 10. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 11. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot and cold temperatures.
- 12. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 13. All work should be performed in well-ventilated areas.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Confined Space Entry11E-1
Excavating, Trenching and Shoring 11E-3	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage 11E-5

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Fence Installation/Maintenance

SOP 11B-29

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Hazard	Review
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Moving Traffic Moving Equipment Slip, Trip and Fall Sharp Wire Overcrowding of Workers Animals

Poisonous Plants/Snakes/Insects Splinters

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Gloves Hard Hat

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to work facing oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 7. Be alert to wire and posts that are under tension.
- 8. Be alert to sharp or jagged edges and splinters when handling fence posts and wire.
- 9. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, Gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 10. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 11. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Wear hard hat when working around equipment.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOPsChapter 10Earth Moving11B-25Hand Removal of Vegetation11B-42Inmate Labor11B-44Tree Felling11B-84Post Driver12A-15Tractor, Backhoe and Loader12A-22Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw12B-4Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13Tractor Attachments12B-29

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Fender System Maintenance

SOP 11B-30

Hazard Review		
Water Traffic	Climbing	Parking
Communication Difficulties	Drowning	Rigging
Slip, Trip and Fall	Crushing	Confined Spaces

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hard Hat Gloves Personal Flotation Device

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats must be worn when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, etc.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely. Be aware of other employees in the work areas.
- 10. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 11. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 12. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials or tools.
- 13. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to be encountered.
- 14. Dispose of waste and salvage materials properly. Use gloves when handling treated lumber.
- 15. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 16. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 18. Do not leave tools or materials in areas where vibration or wave action could cause them to fall.
- 19. Maintain communications between employees at all times.
- 20. All electrical tools shall be properly grounded and insulated.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting	11A-40
Welding, Arc	11A-39	Pile Driving	11B-57
Rigging	11E-9	Crane/Dragline	12A-4
Work Boat	12A-37	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ferry Engineering

SOP 11B-31

Hazard Review		
Noise	Pressurized Systems	Slip, Trip and Fall
Electrical Shock	Hot Surfaces	Fire
Moving Machinery Parts	Confined Spaces	Unsecured Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Shoes	Safety Glasses/Goggles	Hearing Protection	
Gloves	Personal Flotation Device		

- 1. Eye protection shall be worn when working on batteries. Hearing protection shall be worn in designated areas. Personal Flotation Device shall be worn when working in areas where slips, trips, or falls would likely result in falling overboard.
- 2. Be aware of loose objects, slippery decks, tripping hazards, uneven deck coamings, "headbangers" and other obstructions. Always use handrails when ascending or descending ladders.
- 3. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 4. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry and checked by a certified competent person. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 5. Never leave doors ajar. Doors should be securely closed or hooked in the opened position. Be mindful of stress on doors due to either created vacuum or high wind.
- 6. Ensure shore connections are de-energized before connecting shore power. Before using portable power tools, inspect for frayed or cut wiring, loose connections and proper grounding.
- 7. Provide adequate ventilation when cleaning with chemicals or painting.
- 8. Always stand on rubber padding when working around switch boxes or electrical panels.
- 9. Be alert for falling or shifting objects during heavy weather conditions.
- 10. Check pressurized piping, hoses, tanks, steering systems, etc. for unsafe conditions prior to work. De-energize, de-pressurize and/or exercise systems prior to repair. If in doubt, consult supervisor.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- 12. Read product labels, MSDS's and manufacturer's labels before handling chemicals. Hazardous materials should be properly stored and must be in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Ferry Operations	11B-33
Tug Operations	11B-85	Confined Space Entry	11E-1
High Pressure Hoses	11E-6	Lockout/Tagout	11E-8
Hand Tools (Power and Manual	12B-13		

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ferry Field Maintenance

SOP 11B-32

Hazard Review				
Moving Machinery Parts	Slip, Trip and Fall	Sharp Edged Tools		
Fire	Hot Surfaces	Noise		
Pressurized Systems	Confined Spaces	Electrical Shock		

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Hearing Protection Personal Flotation Device Gloves

- 1. Hearing protection shall be worn in designated areas.
- 2. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 3. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry and checked by a certified competent person. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 4. Be aware of loose objects, slippery decks, tripping hazards, uneven deck coamings, "headbangers" and other obstructions. Always use handrails when ascending or descending ladders.
- 5. Always stand on rubber padding when working around switch boxes and electrical panels.
- 6. Accessory equipment (welders, forklifts, boom truck, etc.) shall be operated in a safe manner as established in applicable training programs and manufacturer's guidelines.
- 7. When using compressed air for cleaning, never bypass or alter the pressure reducing system.
- 8. Use the right tool for the job. Replace worn or broken tools such as cracked hammer handles and mushrooming chisel heads. Never surpass the pneumatic tool's recommended air pressure.
- 9. Read product labels, MSDS's and manufacturer's labels before handling chemicals. Hazardous materials should be properly stored and must be in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines.
- 10. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- 11. When cleaning parts, use only approved cleaning materials with good ventilation.
- 12. Check pressurized piping, hoses, tanks, steering systems, etc. for unsafe conditions prior to work. De-energize, de-pressurize and/or exercise systems prior to repair.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40
Sandblasting11A-31	Warehouse11A-38
Welding, Arc11A-39	Ferry Engineering11B-3
Ferry Operations	Confined Space Entry
Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage 11E-5	High Pressure Hoses
Lockout/Tagout11E-8	Forklift12A-
Crane Truck	Air Compressor12B-
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ferry Operations

SOP 11B-33

Hazard Review		
Slip, Trip and Fall	Adverse Weather	Drowning/Hypothermia
Confined Spaces	Fire	Mooring Lines
Moving Traffic	Power/Hand Tools	Unsecured Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Vest
Hearing Protection Personal Flotation Device Gloves
Foul Weather Gear

- 1. Hearing protection shall be worn in designated areas. Personal Flotation Devices shall be worn when working in areas where slips, trips, or falls would likely result in falling overboard. Protective gloves shall be worn when handling cable.
- 2. Be aware of loose objects, slippery decks, tripping hazards, uneven deck coamings, "headbangers" and other obstructions. Always use handrails when ascending or descending ladders.
- 3. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 4. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 5. Use caution around mooring lines. Never stand in the bight of a line. Stand well clear of mooring lines which are under heavy stress.
- 6. Never stand in position where you can be injured by moving vehicles. Be alert for non-attentive drivers. To ensure safe work zone, advise passengers to remain in vehicles until ferry is under way.
- 7. Never leave doors ajar. Doors should be securely closed or hooked in the opened position. Be mindful of stress on doors due to either created vacuum or high wind.
- 8. Before using portable power tools, inspect for frayed or cut wiring, loose connections and proper grounding.
- 9. Provide adequate ventilation when painting or when cleaning with chemicals.
- 10. Be alert for falling or shifting objects during heavy weather conditions.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Ferry Engineering11B-31
Tug Operation11B-85	Lockout/Tagout11E-8
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ferry Shore Facilities

SOP 11B-34

Slip, Trip and Fall	Moving Traffic	Crushing Injuries
Lifting	Power/Hand Tools	Flying Particles
Non-DOT Personnel	Electrical Shock	Fire

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield Safety Shoes
Hearing Protection Personal Flotation Device Gloves

- 1. Never stand in position where moving vehicles can injure you. Be alert for non-attentive drivers.
- 2. Wear safety toe shoes when mowing and wear eye protection and face shield when using string trimmer. Personal Flotation Devices shall be worn when working in areas where slips, trips or falls would likely result in falling overboard. Wear Safety vests at all times when handling traffic.
- 3. Use appropriate tools or equipment where applicable (such as: use stepladder to reach top shelf items in supply room).
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting equipment if necessary.
- 5. Read product labels, MSDS's and manufacturer's labels before handling chemicals. Hazardous materials should be properly stored and must be in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines.
- 6. Provide adequate ventilation when painting or when cleaning with chemicals.
- 7. Before using portable power tools, inspect for frayed or cut wiring, loose connections and proper grounding.
- 8. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.

Related SOP's		
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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Field Surveying

SOP 11B-35

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Parking Moving Equipment Slip, Trip and Fall **Extreme Temperatures** Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes Lifting Animals

Moving Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses

Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational
- 2. Determine traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles. The use of flashers and strobe lights is recommended to alert oncoming traffic.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary (lifting and carrying EDM and supplies).
- 6. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions. Newly seeded areas are especially hazardous. Shoulders could be slick due to wetness or thawing.
- 7. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 8. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot. Remain alert to oncoming traffic for yourself as well as other crewmembers.
- 9. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 10. Do not leave equipment, such as tripods, unattended when positioned in roadway or adjacent thereto.
- 11. Use of radios may speed work, reduce traffic delay and improve safety in high traffic areas. Consider working during off peak hours.
- 12. Take extra precautions when sharpening hand tools. Use gloves and shields on files to protect hands.
- 13. When driving stakes and cutting brush, ensure a clear distance from coworkers. Use extra caution to avoid hitting leg, foot or other employees.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 1	0 Hand Removal of Vegetation11B-42
Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw 12B-	4 Hand Tools (Power and Manual) 12B-13

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 4, 2004

Geographic Hazards

SOP 11B-36

Hazard	Review
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Mountain Climbing Swamp Lands Woodlands
Poisonous Snakes/Insects Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Gloves

Body Harness/Lanyard/Lifelines

1. Be alert for tripping hazards such as loose rocks, logs, hidden objects, holes and uneven ground.

- 2. When climbing or rappelling always have a companion along.
- 3. Inspect safety lines and equipment prior to rappelling.
- 4. Supervisors shall ensure that employees who use rappelling equipment have the necessary training.
- 5. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. Wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 6. Be aware of sinkholes and quick sand areas in swamps and coastal plain areas.
- 7. Be cautious of dead trees and limbs in wooded areas.
- 8. Be aware of deer and big game hunters during the hunting season. The use of bright orange traffic vests or blaze orange clothing is recommended when working in wooded areas during hunting seasons.
- 9. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Geotechnical Drilling Operations

SOP 11B-37

Hazard Review

Moving Machinery Parts Cathead Operation Slippery Surfaces
Buried and Overhead Utilities Moving Equipment Uneven Terrain
Drill Rod Stacking Noise Poisonous Plants/Snakes/Insects
Lifting Adverse Weather Conditions Overhead Problems
Winching Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles
Gloves Hearing Protection

1. Avoid contact with rotating drilling equipment.

- 2. When cathead is in use, assure a safe travel path for the rope by using proper technique. Avoid standing on the rope.
- 3. Observe and stay clear of overhead utility lines. Have underground utilities properly located prior to drilling.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching the equipment.
- 5. Be aware of drop-offs, uneven ground and hidden objects that may cause loss of control when maneuvering drill rigs or create unstable drill set-ups. In heavily wooded terrain, the need for a scout may be necessary to locate hidden obstacles.
- 6. Drill rod stacking must not exceed a length of 1.5 times the height of the tower.
- 7. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. Wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards cannot be avoided. Proper first aid and insect repellents should accompany field crews.
- 8. A combination of conditions can lead to slippery surfaces. High groundwater conditions resulting in muddy soils brought to the surface by augers as well as the utilization of bentonite drilling fluid are the predominant problem areas. Be alert for these conditions!
- 9. Inspect all cables and clamps prior to winching operation. Stand clear of winching operation.
- 10. Use proper lifting techniques. Get help or use lifting equipment, if necessary.
- 11. Drilling operations should be suspended immediately during electrical storms.
- 12. Be aware of overhead hazards, which may come in contact with drill rig when moving or setting up equipment.
- 13. Review daily operations checklist to ensure that equipment is working properly. Make special note of emergency KILL switches.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9
Rigging	11E-9	Truck, Geotechnical and Trailer	12A-33
Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30		

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Geotechnical Roadside Operations

SOP 11B-38

Overcrowding of Workers Moving Traffic Moving Equipment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses
Gloves Hearing Protection

- 1. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 2. Safety vests are essential when working in close proximity to traffic.
- 3. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 4. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely and stay out of the traffic zone.
- 5. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers entering and exiting the vehicle.
- 6. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching the equipment.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Rigging11E-9
Truck, Geotechnical and Trailer	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Geotechnical Barge Operations

SOP 11B-39

Drowning/Hypothermia Crane Operation Slip, Trip and Fall Noise Adverse Weather Conditions Winching

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Personal Flotation Device Safety Glasses

Gloves

- 1. Be aware of slippery decks, tripping hazards and loose objects. Personal Floatation Devices will be worn when working on barge since slips, trips and falls would likely result in falling overboard.
- 2. Always use qualified signalman with crane operation. Inspect cables and clamps to ensure that they are in good working condition and they meet OSHA requirements.
- 3. Be alert for crushing injuries.
- 4. Barge operations shall be suspended immediately in the event of an electrical storm. Be alert for falling or shifting objects during heavy weather conditions.
- 5. Inspect all cables and clamps prior to winching operation. Stand clear of winching operation.
- 6. Proper lighting should be used to alert nighttime boaters of the barge operation. Lighting should meet U.S. Coast Guard and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Standards.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
Rigging 11E-9	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Grouting Operations

SOP 11B-40

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Pressurized Hoses	Moving Traffic	Moving Machinery Parts
Noise	Slip, Trip and Fall	Uneven Terrain
Lifting	Moving Equipment	

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield Safety Vest Gloves Hearing Protection

- 1. Eye and ear protection should be worn around pressurized hoses. Breathing masks should be worn during the mixing operation to prevent dust inhalation.
- 2. Be aware of loose material, lines and hoses, excavation drop-offs, uneven and sloping ground and other obstructions.
- 3. Avoid contact with mixers, paddles and belts while in operation.
- 4. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 5. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to work facing oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 7. Employees on foot must use caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 8. Review Safe Working Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 9. Proper lifting techniques should be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.

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Ge	neral SOPs		Chapter 10	High Pressure Hoses	11E-6
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Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Guardrail Installation/Maintenance

SOP 11B-41

Hazard	Review
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Moving Traffic Overcrowding of Workers Slip, Trip and Fall Moving Equipment Heavy Materials Lifting Animals Poisonous Plants/Snakes/Insects Cutting/Welding Galvanized Materials

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Gloves Hard Hat

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 6. Have fire extinguishers available when welding/cutting.
- 7. Do not use a welder or torch on guardrail without a proper respirator since galvanized materials contain zinc and will release poisonous gasses.
- 8. Be alert to sharp or jagged edges, burns and splinters when handling guardrail and posts, especially that which has been damaged.
- 9. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-offs, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 12. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 13. Be aware of crushing hazards and pinch points when fastening or handling guardrail. Use a pry bar to align holes.
- 14. Work from back side of guardrail when removing rail from posts.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting	11A-40
Welding, Arc	11A-39	Post Driver	12A-15
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Tractor Attachments	12B-29		

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hand Removal of Vegetation

SOP 11B-42

Hazard	Review
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Chain Saws
Thorns
Unwieldy Brush
Overcrowding of Workers

Sharp Edged Tools
Unwieldy Brush
Moving Equipment
Utility Lines

Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hard Hat Gloves Hearing Protection
Face Shield Chain Saw Chaps

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Hearing and eye protection are required when using chain saws or chippers. Use of worker leg protection is recommended when operating chain saw.
- 5. Cut and stack brush in manageable pieces that are easily handled to avoid back injuries.
- 6. Utilize appropriate mechanical means when moving large quantities of brush.
- 7. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 8. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely. Don't bunch up.
- 9. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 10. Chain saw and chipper operators must be trained and qualified.
- 11. Use caution when handling tools with sharp edges.
- 12. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 13. Do not cut limbs that may contact overhead utility lines. Observe and stay clear of overhead utilities.
- 14. Tree-trimming which would require climbing shall only be performed by a specialist or with the assistance of a bucket truck.
- 15. Use extreme care when cutting trees, brush, etc. that are under stress, e.g., ice conditions.

Related SOP's			
General SOPsCha	apter 10	Truck, Aerial Device	12A-26
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Brush Chipper	12B-3
Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw	12B-4	••	

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Herbicide and other Spraying Operations

SOP 11B-43

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Moving Traffic High Pressure Hoses Uneven Ground
Slip, Trip and Fall Restricted-Use Chemicals Temperature Extremes
Moving Equipment Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Goggles Face Shield Coveralls Impermeable Gloves and Boots

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook. The use of a shadow vehicle with crash attenuator is recommended for high volume and/or high-speed roadways.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Wear all additional equipment required by chemical label and U.S. Department of Agriculture.
- 5. Refer to instructions for applying or mixing chemicals.
- 6. Read product labels, MSDS and pest control recommendations before handling chemicals. The documents are required to be at application site.
- 7. Make sure soap and water are available at work site.
- 8. Do not exceed recommended pressure, check for wear and tear on hoses, and make sure pressure regulator is working. Test pump and system and calibrate prior to adding chemicals.
- 9. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 10. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 11. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 12. When operating spray trucks off roadway, be aware of hidden objects in grass and unstable terrain.
- 13. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 14. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 15. Before backing make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Related SOP's		
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage11E-5
Tractor, Wheel	12A-25	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Truck, Herbicide	12A-34	Fumigation (Gassing) Rig12B-11
Tractor Attachments	12R-29	

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Inmate Labor SOP 11B-44

Hazard Review

Poisonous Plants, Snakes and InsectsMoving Traffic Moving Equipment Slip, Trip and Fall

Hazardous Materials Temperature Extremes

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses

Hard Hat

- 1. Inmates should be supervised only by employees who have been trained and designated by the N.C. Department of Correction as a Custodial Agent.
- 2. Supervisors should be aware of security requirements.
- 3. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 4. Traffic control needs for medium custody inmate labor operations is the responsibility of the N.C. Department of Correction.
- 5. Inmates used as flagmen should be trained in proper flagging procedures. They should also be equipped with safety vests or orange shirts, and orange hats or hard hats with orange covers.
- 6. Supervisors shall verify that inmates are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated.
- 7. No inmate shall be allowed to ride anywhere except in the cab when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 8. Inmates shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 9. When entering or exiting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 10. Inmates should be trained how to use shop tools before being allow to use them.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Tree Felling11B-84
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29	Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw12B-4
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Inspection of Existing Bridges

SOP 11B-45

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic Hazardous Materials Parking Utilities Lifting Slip, Trip and Fall

Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Hard Hat Body Harness/Lanyard Personal Flotation Device

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats must be worn when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, etc.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials or tools.
- 9. Be sure there is firm footing and sound bottom when in water.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to beginning inspection.
- 12. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 13. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 14. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to be encountered.
- 15. Review manufacturer's recommended guidelines for proper use of ladder.
- 16. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 17. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 18. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 19. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Snooper Crane
Truck Crane	Work Boat12A-37
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	Trailers and Towed Equipment

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Inspection of New Structures

SOP 11B-46

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Parking Temperature Extremes Moving Equipment Slip, Trip and Fall Open Excavations Overhead Loads Explosives Poisonous Snakes/Plants/Insects Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hard Hat Body Harness/Lanyard Personal Flotation Device

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Check to ensure signing and traffic control is in accordance with project traffic control plans.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Be aware of guidelines for proper trenching and excavation. Do not enter areas inadequately protected from cave-ins.
- 6. Be aware of contractor's timetable when he is using explosives. Review MSDS for concrete.
- 7. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 8. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary. Exercise caution when carrying buckets filled with concrete.
- 9. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions. Use caution on catwalks, beams, girders and scaffolding. Use extra caution when walking on epoxy-coated steel.
- 10. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 11. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures. Reflection of sun from concrete intensifies force. Use proper sunscreen.
- 12. When performing inspection duties, note the location and proximity of construction equipment. If working in equipment blind spots, make sure contractor's personnel know you are there.
- 13. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Scaffolding12B-23
Pile Driving11B-57	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring 11E-3

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Installation of Paint Lines

SOP 11B-47

(Including Prelining and Hand Layout)

Hazard Review		
Moving Traffic	Slip, Trip and Fall	Moving Equipment
Lifting	Paint and Exhaust Fumes	Sun Exposure

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves
Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook. The use of a shadow vehicle with crash attenuator is recommended for high volume and/or high-speed roadways.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicle/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 9. Schedule operations to avoid work on high volume roads during peak traffic conditions.
- 10. Establish painting plan and review this with entire crew before beginning operation.
- 11. Paint only when visibility is good.
- 12. Wear a face shield when performing maintenance on paint guns.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Paint Machine, Centerline12A-12

Author:	Mike Melvin	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Lime/Cement Stabilization

SOP 11B-48

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Hazard		~ * * *

Pressurized Hoses Moving Machinery Parts Hot Surfaces
Moving Equipment Noise Slip, Trip and Fall
Lifting Caustic Materials

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles
Respirator Hard Hat

1. Eye and breathing protection should be worn around lime spreading operations.

- 2. Be aware of loose material, uneven ground, lines and hoses and other obstructions.
- 3. Avoid contact with moving machinery parts such as lime spreaders and mixers while in operation.
- 4. Be alert for sprayed slurry mixes from pressurized systems.
- 5. Avoid contact with mixers, which build up high temperatures that can cause severe burns.
- 6. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 7. Employees on foot must use caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 8. Review Safe Working Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 9. Proper lifting techniques should be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 10. Be aware that when caustic materials such as quick lime comes in contact with bare skin and/or eyes it can cause severe burns. Avoid contact through caution and use of proper clothing, also wash off exposed skin areas thoroughly after exposure.

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Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Litter Pickup

SOP 11B-49

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic Overcrowding of Workers

Slip, Trip and Fall

Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes

Animals

Hidden/Sharp or Broken Objects

Unknown/Unlabeled Substances

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles

Safety Vest

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 5. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 9. Place tools in safe position so that sharp points are not exposed.
- 10. Be aware of hidden obstructions that may have sharp edges and broken glass, especially in grassy areas.
- 11. Properly identify material or object before handling. For unknown possible hazardous materials notify proper authorities.
- 12. Use caution when handling trash bags containing broken or sharp objects.
- 13. Place trash bags where they can be easily retrieved and clear of roadway traffic.
- 14. Use proper lifting techniques when loading trash bags.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Truck Crew Cab and Flathed	12Δ-29

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Maintenance Stabilization of Unpaved Roads

SOP 11B-50

Moving TrafficSlip, Trip and FallBlowing FinesFlying ParticlesMoving EquipmentUtility LinesNoiseUneven TerrainTemperature Extremes

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles
Gloves Hearing Protection

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Avoid walking or working under suspended loads.
- 4. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicle.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Avoid areas behind operating equipment.
- 6. Observe and stay clear of overhead utility lines.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-offs, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 9. Be aware of stockpile stability when removing material. Do not leave vertical slopes in stockpiles that could collapse on a person on foot.
- 10. Truck drivers should stay in the cab while the truck is being loaded.
- 11. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 12. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	.Chapter 10	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30
Truck, Dump	12A-30	Loader, Front End	12A-11
Grader	12A-7	Tractor, Crawler	12A-23
Tractor, Backhoe and Loader	12A-22	Truck, Crew Cab & Flatbed	12A-29

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Masonry Activities

SOP 11B-51

Hazard Review

Scaffold Tilting Falling Objects Boards Breaking
Overload Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Employee on ground needs to keep eyes on scaffolding when walking or working under scaffold.
- 3. Avoid carelessly setting scaffold legs on soft, unleveled ground.
- 4. Use mud seal and build scaffolds level.
- 5. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 6. Never set scaffolds so far apart that the boards do not have proper lap on each end.
- 7. Always use boards that will carry the expected load.
- 8. Avoid using undersize boards or knotty boards.
- 9. Properly stack and locate materials on boards in order to prevent materials from falling.
- 10. Use proper lifting techniques.
- 11. Review MSDS for each material used.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Minor Shoulder Maintenance

SOP 11B-52

Hazard I	Keview
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Moving TrafficMoving EquipmentSlip, Trip and FallLiftingTemperature ExtremesDust, Flying ParticlesSun ExposurePoisonous Plants/Snakes/InsectsAnimals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves
Safety Glasses

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedure for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-offs, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 9. Use proper lifting and handling techniques while shoveling material.
- 10. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 11. Watch for flying sand and rock from sweeping operation and adjacent traffic.
- 12. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.

Related SOP's General SOPs Chapter 10 Broom 12A-3 Grader 12A-7 Loader, Force Feed 12A-10 Loader, Front End 12A-11 Tractor, Backhoe and Loader 12A-22 Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed 12A-29 Truck, Dump 12A-30 Hand Tools (Power and Manual) 12B-13 Trailers and Towed Equipment 12B-30

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Nondestructive Testing of Pavements

SOP 11B-53

Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall

Temperature Extremes

Moving Equipment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles

1. Review Safe Working Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Determine traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook. The use of a shadow vehicle equipped with a crash attenuator is required for high volume roadways.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide for maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicle.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 6. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations and routinely check to see that they are properly charged.
- 9. Determine if weather conditions are safe for the performance of the day's work.
- 10. Stay clear of weight package when FWD is in operation.

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Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Nuclear Density Inspection

SOP 11B-54

Hazard	Revi	ew
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Lifting Flying Particles Moving Equipment Slip, Trip and Fall Burns Propane Radioactive Material Heat Stress Moving Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves

Radiation Film Badge Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles

- 1. Transport nuclear gauge in appropriate Type A labeled radioactive container. The gauge can not be transported in the passenger compartment of a vehicle. The gauge must be transported in a secured waterproof compartment.
- 2. Bill of lading must be carried in the cab of the vehicle transporting the gauge.
- 3. A source certificate identifying the radioactive materials in the gauge must be kept with the gauge.
- 4. Emergency contact numbers and emergency procedures must be kept with the gauge.
- 5. Nuclear gauge must be stored in a secured area and must be labeled "radioactive material".
- 6. Sign-out log must be kept in the nuclear gauge storage area.
- 7. Operator of the nuclear gauge must be certified to operate the nuclear gauge.
- 8. Operator shall be monitored for exposure to radiation. Film badge shall be worn at all times when transporting or working with the nuclear gauge.
- 9. Wear eye protection when driving pin for direct transmission rod.
- 10. Ensure that equipment operators and all concerned personnel on the job site are aware that a density test is being performed and the location of the density inspection on the job site. Use flasher, flag, cones, or drums to identify the location of the density gauge. Use a second person for a spotter if necessary.
- 11. Follow operation procedures and safety regulations established by Materials and Test Unit and the Radiation Protection Branch of the Department of Human Resources.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Inspection of New Structures	11B-46
Roadway Inspection	11B-69	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3
Density Inspection	11B-19		

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Overhead and Cantilever Sign Maintenance

SOP 11B-55

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall Electric Shock Lifting Hand-Operated Power Equipment Confined Space

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves Body Harness/Lanyard

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats must be worn when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, aerial devices, etc.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 7. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to excavating.
- 8. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 9. Routine maintenance should not be performed during peak traffic periods.
- 10. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Rel	at	ted	S	()I	P's

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pavement Marking Removal

SOP 11B-56

Hazard	Review
IIuZui u	

Moving TrafficSlip, Trip and FallSun ExposureBlowing Dust and FinesLiftingHand-Operated Power Equipment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves

Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 5. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Wear mask and goggles or safety glasses during operation.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Line Remover, Traffic Paint	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pile Driving SOP 11B-57

Hazard Review		
Overhead Loads	Confined Spaces	Swinging Objects
Climbing	Lifting	Rigging
Moving Equipment	Utilities	Crushing

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves Hearing Protection

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 11. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 12. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials or tools.
- 13. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to be encountered.
- 14. Dispose of salvage materials properly, use gloves and long sleeves when handling treated timber, sheet piles or steel piles.
- 15. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 16. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 18. Only one person shall be designated to communicate with the crane operator and shall review signals prior to commencing work.
- 19. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's		
General SOPs	 Rigging	11E-9
	Trailers and Towed Equipment	

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pipe Installation

SOP 11B-58

Hazard	Review
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Trench Collapse Suspended Loads Moving Traffic Moving Equipment Crushing Injuries Lifting Slip, Trip and Fall Poisonous Plants/Snakes/Insects Confined Space Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Evaluate site and follow "Excavating, Trenching and Shoring" Safe Operating Procedures.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Wear hard hat when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, etc.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use pipe hook, pry bar or other equipment as necessary.
- 8. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to work facing oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 9. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Be aware of crushing hazards and pinch points when handling and jointing pipe.
- 12. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commending work. Call ULOCO.
- 13. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 14. Rubber boots may be needed in wet ditches.
- 15. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring11E-3
Explosives	Excavator, Hydraulic12A-5
Tractor, Backhoe and Loader12A-22	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Truck, Dump	Hand-Operated Compactor12B-5
Trailers and Towed Equipment	

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pipe/Culvert Maintenance

SOP 11B-59

Hazard	Review
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Trench Collapse Moving Equipment Overhead Loads Utilities Lifting Confined Space Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: Provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Rubber boots are recommended when working in wet ditches.
- 5. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 6. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 8. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 9. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to excavating. Call ULOCO.
- 12. Watch for poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 13. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 14. Review MSDSs for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 15. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 16. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures. In hot weather, drink plenty of fluids.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Related SOP's		
General SOPsChapter 10	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3
Explosives	Rigging	11E-9
Crane/Dragline	Tractor, Backhoe and Loader	12A-22
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29	Compactor, Hand-Operated	12B-5
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Placing Concrete

SOP 11B-60

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Hazard	ROTION
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Hazardous Material Parking Moving Traffic
Overhead Loads Lifting Scaffolding
Trench Collapse Confined Space Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 11. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. Wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 12. Be alert to protruding nails, spikes or reinforcing bars in decks and rails.
- 13. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 14. Review MSDSs for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 15. Dispose of salvage materials properly; use gloves and long-sleeved shirts when handling treated timbers.
- 16. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 17. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 18. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Rigging11	E-9
Concrete Pump	12B-7	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12E	3-13
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Gary Cooke	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Planting and Plant Bed Maintenance

SOP 11B-61

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic
Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes
Overcrowding of Workers
Animals

Moving Equipment Lifting Uneven Ground

Temperature Extremes Flying Particles Restricted-Use Chemicals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

Safety Glasses/Safety Goggles

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 9. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 10. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 11. Watch for flying sand, fertilizer and mulch during seeding and mulching operation. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind. Eye protection should be worn.
- 12. When operating trucks and other equipment off of the roadway, be aware that there may be hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 13. Read product labels, MSDS and pest control recommendation before handling pesticides. The documents are required to be at application site.
- 14. Before backing, make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage11E-5
Tractor, Wheel	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Fumigation (Gassing) Rig12B-11	Tractor Attachments12B-29
Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Post-Tensioning Strand-Cutting and Removal SOP 11B-62

Hazard Review

Moving TrafficWelding/CuttingParkingUtilitiesLiftingJackingSlip, Trip and FallScaffoldingNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Goggles
Safety Vest Gloves Face Shield
Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform operational checks.
- 2. Determine traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Clear the work area of personnel who are not performing the post-tensioning strand-cutting operation. Have these personnel stand out of any trajectory path of either end of the strand being cut. Ensure no bystanders are in the trajectory path of either end of the strand being cut.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 8. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 9. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 12. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 13. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials or tools.
- 14. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 15. Carefully chip away the concrete grout around the end of the strand. Do not stand in front of the strand while chipping away the group. Use the appropriate tools (hand chisels, hand drills, etc.) to chip away the concrete grout from around the strand end.
- 16. Observe safe operating procedures for welding and cutting.
- 17. Have a welder cut the strand end with a welding torch. The welder is to stand to the side of the strand while cutting. The welder is never to stand in front of the strand being cut.
- 18. Once the strand is cut, remove any strand remnants from the plastic conduit and prepare conduit for a new strand.
- 19. Dispose of salvage materials properly.
- 20. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 21. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extreme cold or hot temperatures.
- 22. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 23. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
Bridge Jacking	Scaffolding12B-23

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Post-Tensioning Strand Installation

SOP 11B-63

Hazard	Review
IIUZUI U	110 110 11

Moving TrafficWelding/CuttingParkingUtilitiesLiftingJackingSlip, Trip and FallScaffoldingNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Glasses Welding Helmet/Goggles

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform operational checks.
- 2. Determine traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Clear the work area of personnel who are not performing the post-tensioning strand-cutting operation. Have these personnel stand out of any trajectory path of either end of the strand being cut. Ensure that no bystanders are in the trajectory path of either end of the strand being cut.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 8. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 9. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 12. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 13. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials or tools.
- 14. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 15. Grease new strand that is to be inserted into the plastic conduit. Grease shall not be applied in the areas of the recesses at the ends of the strands.
- 16. Place the greased strand into the plastic conduit and push the strand through the complete width of the bridge.
- 17. Install plates and strand vises at the ends of the strands at the recessed area.
- 18. Install the jacking equipment onto the strand and apply tension.
- 19. Cut the excess strand not under tension by using a torch or a comparable cutting device.
- 20. Seat the strand vise and remotely release by a hydraulic cable the tension applied by the jacking machine from the strand. Ensure that no personnel are standing in the trajectory path of the strand when the tension applied by the jacking machine is released.

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 21. Once the tension applied by the jacking machine is released, monitor the newly post-tensioned strand for 2 to 3 minutes before approaching the strand. This is to ensure that the tension load has properly transferred to the strand vise and plate assemblies.
- 22. Repack the recessed area around the post-tensioned strand ends with non-shrinking non-metallic grout.
- 23. Dispose of salvage materials properly.
- 24. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 25. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extreme cold or hot temperatures.
- 26. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 27. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
Bridge Jacking	Scaffolding12B-23

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Precast Box Culvert Installation

SOP 11B-64

Hazard	Review
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Trench Collapse Moving Equipment Overhead Loads Utilities Lifting Confined Space Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Hard Hat Safety Glasses Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: Provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; ad provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats must be worn when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, etc.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 11. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 12. Keep walk spaces and work areas free from loose materials or tools.
- 13. Review MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to be encountered.
- 14. Dispose of salvage materials properly; use gloves and long sleeve shirts when handling treated timbers.
- 15. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 16. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring11E-3
Explosives	Rigging11E-9
Crane/Dragline	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Compactor, Hand-Operated 12B-5	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13
Trailers and Towed Equipment	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Raised Pavement Marker Installation/Maintenance

SOP 11B-65

Hazard Review		
Moving Traffic	Heat and Cold Stress	Heated Materials
Moving Equipment	Sun Exposure	Blowing Particles

Required Personal	Protective	Equipment	(PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses
Gloves

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDS for each material used.
- 5. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 6. Utilize all components of the installation train when placing or replacing markers.
- 7. Avoid operation during peak traffic periods.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 1	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Attenuator, Truck-Mounted12B-	-2 Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Rest Area Maintenance

SOP 11B-66

Hazard Review

Caustic Cleaning Agents Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes Sharp Edged Tools Power Tool Operation Lifting Slip, Trip and Fall Hidden/Sharp/Broken Objects Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses Gloves

1. Do aware of paisonous plants insects analyse enimals and animal waste maduate and

- 1. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 2. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate them.
- 3. Place tools in safe position so that sharp points are not exposed.
- 4. Be aware that there may be hidden obstructions with sharp edges and broken glass especially in grassy areas.
- 5. Use caution when handling trash bags containing broken or sharp objects.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Review product labels and MSDS before using any caustic cleaning or sanitizing chemicals.
- 8. Keep sidewalks and floors free from obstructions and ice and snow during inclement weather. Place appropriate warning signs when mopping or waxing floors.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Lawn Mower	12A-9
Tractor, Wheel	12A-25	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Tractor Attachments	12B-28		

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Rip Rap Installation/Removal

SOP 11B-67

Hazard Review

Heavy Materials Moving Equipment Moving Traffic Uneven and/or Unstable Footing Poisonous Snakes/Plants/Insects

Overcrowding of Workers

Flying Particles

affic Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Hand, respiratory and eye protection may be required.
- 5. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to work facing oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 6. Use proper lifting technique when moving rip rap. Get help if stones are too heavy.
- 7. Use gloves and handle carefully to avoid mashing fingers.
- 8. Watch for tripping hazards and slippery footing.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Employees on foot should stay out of the way of operating equipment until the area is clear for hand work.
- 11. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 12. Watch for flying dust and fine particles when handling rip rap. Be aware of the wind direction and try to work upwind. Use eye protection when needed.
- 13. Rubber boots may be needed in wet ditches.

Related SOP'sGeneral SOPsChapter 10Excavator, Hydraulic12A-5Loader, Front End12A-11Tractor, Backhoe and Loader12A-22Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29Truck, Dump12A-30Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Roadside Equipment Repair

SOP 11B-68

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Crushing Injuries Slip, Trip and Fall Adverse Weather Conditions Exposure To Sharp Edges of Tools Lifting Hazardous Materials/Battery Acid High Pressure Hot Materials Flammable Materials Moving Traffic Wheel Rolling Hoisting and Jacking

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves

- 1. Use safe driving techniques when pulling off the road, parking off the road and pulling back onto the road.
- 2. Use proper warning markers appropriate for daylight or darkness when parked to work on vehicles or equipment.
- 3. Proper lifting techniques should be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 4. Always use the proper tools for the job.
- 5. Always park as far as possible away from traffic.
- 6. Be certain jacks and hoisting equipment are rated for the loads being lifted.
- 7. Use proper jacking and hoisting procedures.
- 8. Take caution to avoid hot surfaces, liquids and materials.
- 9. Use proper precautions when working with equipment subject to high pressure such as radiators, tires, hydraulic systems and batteries.
- 10. Use proper safety precautions to avoid explosive, chemical injuries when working with or near batteries. Wear eye protection.
- 11. Ascertain the stability of equipment being repaired and the service vehicles when stopped on the road or off the road, particularly on uneven terrain.
- 12. Clean up gasoline, oils or detergents that may present fire or other safety hazards.
- 13. Ensure that first aid kits and fire extinguishers are readily available and in good condition.
- 14. Disable starting circuits or procedures systems when working around engines or other equipment moving parts to prevent inadvertent equipment or accessory movement.

Related SOP's		
General SOPsChapter 10	Hydraulic System Repairs11A	\-1 1
Maintenance and Repair Shops (General) 11A-21	Mechanic Operations114	1-22
Tire Repair	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A	1-29
Truck Field Mechanic 12A-31		

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Roadway Inspection

SOP 11B-69

Hazard Review

Poisonous Plants, Insects and Snakes Parking Moving Equipment
Slip, Trip and Fall Open Excavations Paving Operations
Moving Traffic Concrete MSDS/Cautions Extreme Temperatures

Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles

Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Check to ensure that signing and traffic control is in accordance with project traffic control plans.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicle and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. When extracting concrete cylinders from molds at Material and Test labs, use proper eye wear.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment. Stay alert to equipment movement.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions. Newly seeded areas are especially hazardous.
- 8. Be aware of guidelines for proper trenching and excavation. Do not enter areas inadequately protected from cave-ins.
- 9. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 10. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 11. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDS for each material used.
- 12. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperature.
- 13. Inspect contractor's equipment periodically for required back up alarms.
- 14. When performing inspection duties, note the location and proximity of construction equipment. Avoid working in the blind spots of construction equipment. If inspections must be performed in equipment blind spots, advise the equipment operator of your presence and stay alert to your surroundings.

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Asphalt Field Laboratory	11B-2
Blast Monitoring	11B-7	Density Inspection	11B-19
Excavating Trenching and S	horing 11E-3		

Roadway Lighting Installation/Maintenance

SOP 11B-70

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall Lifting
Temperature Extremes Electrical Power

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses
Gloves Body Harness/Lanyard Hard Hat

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats must be worn when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, aerial devices, etc.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstruction.
- 9. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to excavating.
- 10. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot and cold temperatures.
- 11. Use established safety procedures when working around electrical lines and connections.
- 12. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Truck, Aerial Device12A-26
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Sampling and Inspection at Producer's Facility

SOP 11B-71

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Lifting Crushing Injuries Burns
Moving Equipment Flying Particles Slip, Trip and Fall
Noise Fumes Cuts

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Vest Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Respirator

- 1. Use proper lifting techniques.
- 2. Wear safety shoes or boots at all times. Wear hard hats, safety vests, safety glasses, hearing protection and breathing protection as required by Personal Protective Equipment policy or producer's policy, whichever is more stringent.
- 3. Review and follow producer's safety procedures.
- 4. Be aware of moving equipment and moving parts on machinery. Be alert at all times.
- 5. Be aware of uneven and/or slippery surfaces.
- 6. Operate all hand and power tools properly. Be sure all guards and shields are in place.
- 7. Be aware of sharp edges on materials.
- 8. Be aware of hot surfaces associated with welding.
- 9. Avoid work under or adjacent to suspended loads.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting/11A-40
Welding, Arc11A-39	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13
Roadway Inspection11B-69	Borrow Pit, Waste Pit and11B-8
	Stockpiling Operations

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Seeding, Mulching and Top Dressing

SOP 11B-72

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Moving Traffic Poisonous Plants/Insects/Snakes Moving Equipment
Lifting Hot Flammable Materials Dust
Flying Particles Uneven Ground Overcrowding of Workers
Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles

Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles and equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with operator before approaching equipment.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency. It is a good practice to face oncoming traffic while on foot.
- 7. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 8. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 9. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDS for each material used.
- 10. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 11. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 12. Watch for flying sand, fertilizer and mulch during seeding and mulching operation. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind. Eye protection should be worn.
- 13. Keep fire extinguishers available at all times when using a fixed kettle.
- 14. When operating trucks and other equipment off of the roadway, be aware that there may be hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 15. Before backing make sure area is clear and use an observer when available.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Asphalt Distributor/Kettle12A-1
Hydro Seeder12A-8	Tractor, Wheel
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29	Air Compressor12B-1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Mulch Blower
Trailers and Towed Equipment	

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Sign Installation/Maintenance Including Delineators

SOP 11B-73

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic
Temperature Extremes
Overhead Objects

Slip, Trip and Fall Sun Exposure

Power Equipment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Vest Hearing Protection Hard Hats Gloves

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work areas; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 6. Where evidence of underground utilities exists at the proposed sign location, have utilities located prior to installing post.
- 7. Wear gloves and safety goggles when driving posts.
- 8. Use sledgehammer for driving only when posts are too short to drive with post driver.
- 9. Use hearing protection when operating post driver.
- 10. Hard hats shall be worn when working with overhead objects such as cranes, signs, etc.

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Special Markings Installation

SOP 11B-74

Moving TrafficWorking With Heated EquipmentSlip, Trip and FallPaint FumesTemperature ExtremesSun ExposureHigh Air PressureBlowing Fines (Glass beads and dust)Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles
Gloves Protective Clothing

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 5. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDSs for each material used.
- 6. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 7. Beware of ticks during summer months.
- 8. Wear gloves when handling metal stencils.
- 9. Wear protective clothing when handling hot thermoplastic materials (long sleeves).

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Paint Machine, Centerline	12A-12
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Air Compressor	12B-1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	Line Remover, Traffic Paint	12B-16

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Steel Plank Floor Maintenance

SOP 11B-75

Hazard Review		
Moving Traffic	Welding/Cutting	Parking
Utilities	Lifting	Jacking
Slip, Trip and Fall	Scaffolding	Noise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hard Hat Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield Hearing Protection

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 8. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 9. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 10. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 11. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 12. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 13. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 14. Review the MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 15. Dispose of salvage materials properly; use gloves and long-sleeved shirts when handling creosote timbers.
- 16. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 17. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 18. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 19. Observe safe operating procedures for welding and cutting.
- 20. Be aware that repetitive bending while using stud gun fastener can cause back and knee strain.

21.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting	11A-40
Pipefitting, Shop/Vessel	11A-28	Rigging	11E-9
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Structural Steel Cleaning

SOP 11B-76

Hazard	Review
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Hazardous Material Moving Traffic Scaffolding Utilities Noise Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves
Hearing Protection Safety Glasses/Goggles Face Shield
Respirator

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 6. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 7. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 8. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 9. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 10. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 11. Review the MSDS of all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 12. If working in a confined space, provide forced ventilation or use other measures to ensure good air quality.
- 13. If red lead is encountered while sandblasting, stop work immediately and consult Supervisor.
- 14. If red lead is encountered while power tooling, approved respiratory equipment and protective clothing shall be issued before work commences. All red lead shall be contained at the job site.
- 15. Do not clean hands with pressurized air.
- 16. Take extra precautions to prevent heat or cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Pipefitting, Shop/Vessel11A-28
Sandblasting11A-31	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Scaffolding12B-23

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Structural Steel Fabrication

SOP 11B-77

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Toxic Chemicals

Scaffolding

Staffolding

Utilities

Noise

Slip, Trip and Fall

Moving Traffic

Noise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard hat #10 welding lens and shield Work zone vest
Safety Shoes Torch cutting glasses Leather gloves
Hearing Protection Safety Glasses Leather coat or sleeves
Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 5. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 6. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 7. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 8. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 9. Employees should be aware of the hazardous fumes created by welding and cutting.
- 10. If working in a confined space, provide forced ventilation or other means to provide good air quality.
- 11. Review safe operating procedures for welding and cutting.
- 12. Avoid handling steel with bare hands. Steel could be hot from welding or cutting and steel slivers from drilling or other power tool cutting could puncture the skin.
- 13. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
- 14. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Metal Punching, Forming and Shearing11A-25
Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting	Structural Steel Painting11B-78
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Scaffolding12B-23

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Structural Steel Painting

SOP 11B-78

Hazaru Neview	Hazard	Review
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Toxic Chemicals	Lifting	Moving Traffic
Scaffolding	Utilities	Noise
Slip, Trip and Fall		

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard HatSafety ShoesSafety VestRubber GlovesBody Harness/LanyardSafety Glasses

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 5. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 7. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 8. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 9. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 10. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 11. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 12. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 13. Review the MSDS for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 14. If working in a confined space, provide forced ventilation or use other measures to ensure good air quality.
- 15. Do not clean hands with pressurized air.
- 16. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working around extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 17. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9
Structural Steel Cleaning	11B-76	Structural Steel Fabrication	11B-77
Air Compressor	12B-1	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Timber Bridge Floor Maintenance

SOP 11B-79

Hazard	Review
пагаги	review

Moving TrafficHazardous MaterialsParkingUtilitiesLiftingJackingSlip, Trip and FallScaffoldingNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard hat Safety Shoes Hearing Protection Safety Vest Body Harness/Lanyard Safety Glasses Gloves

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 5. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 6. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 8. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 9. Be aware of loose materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to excavating.
- 12. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 13. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 14. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 15. Review MSDSs for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 16. Dispose of salvage materials properly, use gloves and long-sleeved shirts when handling treated timbers.
- 17. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 18. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working around hot or cold temperatures.
- 19. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking	11A-9
Rigging	11E-9	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29
Air Compressor	12B-1	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Scaffolding	12B-23		

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Timber Bridge Super/Sub Structure Maintenance

SOP 11B-80

eview

Moving TrafficHazardous MaterialsParkingUtilitiesLiftingJackingSlip, Trip and FallScaffoldingNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Shoes Safety Vest
Hearing Protection Body Harness/Lanyard Gloves
Safety Glasses

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 4. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads.
- 5. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 6. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 8. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 9. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 10. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 11. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 12. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards can not be avoided.
- 13. Be alert to protruding nails or spikes in decks and rails.
- 14. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 15. Review MSDSs for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 16. Dispose of salvage materials properly; use gloves and wear long-sleeved shirt when handling treated timbers.
- 17. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 18. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 19. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
Rigging	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Scaffolding12B-23

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Towing Disabled Equipment

SOP 11B-81

Hazard Review		
Moving Traffic	Moving Equipment	Weather
Crushing Injuries	Overhead Objects	Fire
Hooking and Unhooking	Suspended Loads	Roll Over
Backing	Slip, Trip and Fall	Utilities
Kickout	Uneven Ground	Towing Attachment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Vest Hard Hat

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks. Make sure all emergency and warning lights are working.

- 2. If available, consult operator's manual for proper towing equipment, methods and procedures, otherwise, seek assistance from trained, qualified personnel.
- 3. No personnel shall be allowed to ride in the towed vehicle except when necessary for steering and/or braking.
- 4. When towing disabled equipment during winter storms or other inclement weather, adjust operating speed with the changing conditions.
- 5. Operators and passengers in the towing vehicle shall wear seat belts and shoulder harness as provided.
- 6. Stay clear of all moving parts, belts, pulleys, machinery, winches, cables, chains, etc.
- 7. Use proper backing techniques.
- 8. Be aware of backlash from broken cables and chains.
- 9. Be certain the towing apparatus is securely hooked to the frame, chassis or member.
- 10. Use safety chains.
- 11. Be aware of escape routes.
- 12. Avoid overloading and sudden jerks.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hoisting/Jacking11A-9
Mechanic Operations	Rigging11E-9
Trailers and Towed Equipment 12B-30	

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Traffic Signal Installation/Maintenance

SOP 11B-82

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall Lifting Heavy Objects
Confined Space Hand-Operated Power Equipment Sun Exposure
High Voltage Power Lines Overhead Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Body Harness/Lanyard Hard Hats Insulated Gloves Safety Vest Safety Glasses

- 1. Use established safety procedures when working around electrical lines and connections.
- 2. Perform no modification to lift equipment that may diminish hazard protection.
- 3. Wear body harness and lanyard when in elevated position in bucket truck.
- 4. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.
- 5. Chock wheels and engage braking system before operating aerial lift device.
- 6. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 7. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 8. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 9. Insulated gloves may be used when working around high voltage lines.
- 10. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 11. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats are required.
- 12. All ground personnel shall wear hard hats while aerial devices are in use.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Truck, Aerial Device	12A-26
Concrete Saw	12B-8	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30	Trenching Machine	12B-31

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Traffic Survey Equipment/Maintenance

SOP 11B-83

Hazard Review

Moving TrafficSlip, Trip and FallConfined SpaceFlying ParticlesPoisonous Plants, Snakes and InsectsSun ExposureTemperature ExtremesLiftingBacking

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses

Hard Hat (see item #9)

1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.

- 2. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 3. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicle.
- 4. Safety shoes, safety glasses and vests are standard required equipment.
- 5. Be aware of poisonous plants, snakes and insects. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when the hazard cannot be avoided. Barrier creams and sunblock are available from Inventory and should be used.
- 6. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working hot or cold temperatures.
- 7. Employees should wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.
- 8. Be aware of flying sand, dust or other debris when blowing out cracks with compressed air. Vehicles driving by the work area will also generate flying debris. Eye protection (safety glasses) must be worn. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind.
- 9. A hard hat (safety helmet) may be required if exposed to falling or flying objects as determined by a work site hazard assessment.
- 10. Take extra precautions not to block driveways sight distances with signing.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Ladder	12B-15
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13	Hand Removal of Vegetation	11B-42

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

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Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Tree Felling

SOP 11B-84

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Utility Lines Wind Dead Limbs/Hollow Spots Poisonous Plants, Insects Snakes Slip, Trip and Fall Saw Kickbacks Spring Pole Limbs Animals

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hearing Protection Chain Saw Chaps Face Shield Gloves Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Goggles Sturdy Construction Safety Toed Boots Safety Vest

- 1. Each work location where tree felling is to be done shall be under the direction of a person trained and qualified in tree felling.
- 2. Supervisors will ensure that employee has received training on chain saw and tree felling prior to allowing operation to proceed.
- 3. Hard hat, eye and/or face protection, hearing protection and safety shoes are required when using a chain saw. Chain saw chaps shall also be used.
- 4. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects, snakes, animals, and animal waste products and carcasses. It is a good practice to wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high-top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 5. Before felling any tree the following should be considered:
 - Shape of the tree
 - Wind force and direction
 - Location of overhead utilities
 - Extra stress from ice, vines, etc.
- Lean of the tree
- Decayed, hollow or other weak spots
- Location of other workers and equipment
- Traffic or any other things that may cause trouble when the tree falls.
- 5. The work area should be cleared and an escape route planned before any cutting is started.
- 6. Each employee involved in the felling shall be instructed exactly what to do. All workers not involved in the operation should keep clear of the work area (at least two tree lengths).
- Chain saws shall be started on the ground at least 10 feet from the refueling area. Drop starting of chain saws is strictly prohibited.
- 8. A notch or backcut should be used in felling trees over ten inches measured at belt height. No tree shall be felled by ripping or slicing cuts. Prior to making a backcut, the direction of fall shall be re-evaluated.
- The depth or penetration of the notch should be about one-third the diameter of the tree.
- 10. The opening or height of the notch should be about 2 1/2 inches for each foot of the tree's diameter.
- 11. The backcut shall be made higher than the point of the notch to prevent kickback.

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

- 12. An audible warning must be given when the tree is ready to fall. Feller must shut off saw before retreat.
- 13. If there is danger from the tree falling in the wrong direction, wedges, block and tackles, rope or wire cable shall be used. Wire cable should not be used when there are electrical hazards present. All limbs shall be removed from trees to a height and width sufficient to allow the tree to fall clear of any wires and other objects in the vicinity.
- 14. Extra caution should be used when trees are rotten, split, hollow or frozen because they may fall in an unexpected direction even though the cut is made on the proper side.
- 15. Keep clear of the butt of the tree when it starts to fall.
- 16. Multiple cutting on the same felled tree should be avoided. Be aware of others working in the area. Limbs often roll/move during cutting and removal.
- 17. Worker must not approach a feller closer than twice the height of the tree until eye contact with the feller has been established.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hand Removal of Vegetation	11B-42
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Brush Chipper	12B-3
Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off S	aw 12B-4		

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Tug Operations

SOP 11B-85

Hazard Review		
Noise	Drowning/Hypothermia	Lifting
Hot Surfaces	Crushing Injuries	Adverse Weather
Fire	Moving Machinery Parts	Unsecured Objects
Towline Stress	Slip, Trip and Fall	Confined Spaces
Electric Shock		

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Hearing Protection Gloves Personal Flotation Device

- 1. Eye protection shall be worn when sanding, scraping or working on batteries. Hearing protection shall be worn in designated areas. Personal Flotation Devices shall be worn when working in areas where slips, trips, or falls would likely result in falling overboard. Gloves are required when handling wire rope.
- 2. Be aware of loose objects, slippery decks, tripping hazards, uneven deck coamings, "headbangers", and other obstructions. Always use handrails when ascending or descending ladders.
- 3. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting equipment if necessary.
- 4. Always stand on rubber padding when working around distribution panels.
- 5. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 6. Never leave doors ajar. Doors should be securely closed or hooked in the opened position. Be mindful of stress on doors due to either created vacuum or high wind.
- 7. Ensure shore connections are de-energized before connecting shore power. Before using portable power tools, inspect for frayed or cut wiring, loose connections and proper grounding.
- 8. Ensure towing bridles are properly secured. Never stand in the bight of a line. Stand well clear of tow lines that are under strain.
- 9. If a fire fighting or rescue operation is required, remember the limitations of your training and take no unnecessary risks.
- 10. Be alert for falling or shifting objects during heavy weather conditions.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- 12. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Dredging (Construction Crew)11B-21
Dredging (Operations)11B-22	Ferry Engineering11B-31
Ferry Operations	Confined Space Entry11E-1
Lockout/Tagout11E-8	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Dave Pruitt	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	David King	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Underwater Inspection and Maintenance

SOP 11B-86

Hazard	Revi	ew
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Moving TrafficHazardous MaterialsParkingUtilitiesLiftingCommunicationSharp ObjectsPoisonous Plants and AnimalsUnderwater Obstructions

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Kevlar Gloves Safety Shoes Wet/Dry Suit

Scuba

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks.
- 2. Review OSHA and State Diving Operation Safe Practice Manual.
- 3. Determine the traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 4. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance/exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; and provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 5. Standard diving personal protective equipment is required as per OSHA. Use additional equipment as required by each activity.
- 6. Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats must be worn when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, etc.
- 7. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 8. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary.
- 9. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergency.
- 10. Be aware of loose materials, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards and other obstructions.
- 11. Allow ample space for each employee to work safely.
- 12. Locate all utilities in and near work site prior to commencing work.
- 13. Be aware of poisonous plants, insects and snakes. Watch for alligators, sharks and other marine life.
- 14. Watch for protruding reinforcing steel, nails, rusted steel members, submerged drift, cut off piles, old false work and other obstructions. Keep walk spaces and work areas free of loose materials or tools.
- 15. Review MSDSs for all hazardous materials being used or expected to encounter.
- 16. Be aware of pinch points and crushing hazards.
- 17. Take extra precautions to prevent heat or cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 18. Be aware of water conditions that require additional precautions such as high water velocity, pollution, low visibility, boat traffic and fishing lines.

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Welding, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting11A-40
High Pressure Hoses 11E-6	Rigging11E-9
Work Boat12A-37	Concrete Pump12B-7
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	Power Washer
Underwater Air Lift	

Author:	Debbie Leonard	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Behind the Wheel Training of School Bus Drivers

SOP 11C-1

II	D
Hazard	Review

Slip, Trip and Fall

Inexperienced Drivers

Hot Surfaces

Fire

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Gloves Safety Glasses

- 1. Always make sure the trainee can comprehend essential basic instructions or commands of the Education Specialist before beginning the road test.
- 2. Perform pre-operational checks on equipment making sure engine is off before beginning inspection. Wear gloves and eye protection when checking engine fluids. Use stepladder to access the engine compartment to avoid climbing onto the vehicle.
- 3. Do not stand directly in front of or behind the bus during the inspection. Safety vest shall be worn when conducting pre-operational checks outside the vehicle.
- 4. Use proper lifting techniques when opening hood of vehicle.
- 5. When looking under the bus, crouch with one knee down rather than bending at the waist.
- 6. Prior to testing, give clear preliminary instructions. Stand out of the direct line of the bus. Establish eye contact with the driver before approaching the vehicle.
- 7. Observe trainee closely and constantly monitor traffic around the bus. Be alert for inattentive drivers.
- 8. Remain in area where the traffic complexity is within the ability of the driver. Be sure to consider his experience and confidence, moving to more demanding or dangerous area only when driver is fully prepared.
- 9. If the Driver Education Specialist observes a trainee action that could result in an auto accident, the Specialist will immediately provide corrective commands to the trainee.
- 10. Use handrail when getting on or off the bus. (Use 3 pt. Mount/dismount)
- 11. Sit at left edge of seat at angle to driver with both feet on floor.
- 12. When parking for long periods of time, air brake pressure must be reduced to the lockup point.
- 13. Remove key from unattended vehicle.
- 14. All personnel to vacate bus when refueling. Do not over fill fuel tank.

Related SOP's

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Commercial Vehicles Examination and Road Test

SOP 11C-2

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic Slip, Trip and Fall Lifting Inexperienced Driver Struck by Vehicle

Communications Barrier Backing Vehicles

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest

- 1. Ensure that client can comprehend essential basic instructions or commands of the Examiner before beginning the road test.
- 2. If Examiner identifies an obvious lack of experience in operation, a learner's permit shall be issued in lieu of conducting a road test.
- 3. With engine off, perform pre-operational checks of equipment verifying that parking brake is set and gear shift is in park position. Always conduct inspection in a safe, low traffic area. Never stand directly in front of or to the rear of the client's vehicle. Examiner shall wear a safety vest while the client is performing the pre-operational check and skills portion of the exam and while outside the client's vehicle.
- 4. When looking under vehicles, crouch with one knee down rather than bending at waist.
- 5. Always use a 3-point mount and dismount when climbing on or off vehicles.
- 6. A seat belt is required to be worn by the Examiner in all vehicles. If the seat belt is malfunctioning, broken, or missing, the Examiner shall not conduct a road test in that vehicle.
- 7. Maintain a calm demeanor and issue simple, crisp instructions throughout the course of the road test.
- 8. Examiners should observe driver's gear selection and look to the rear while the client is performing backing maneuvers. Note: Many road test accidents occur while clients are parking or backing in the parking lot.
- 9. Observe the client closely and constantly monitor traffic conditions. Be alert for inattentive drivers. During the course of the road test, if the Examiner determines that the client is inept/unsafe, the client should be instructed to pull to the side of the road and the test should be terminated.
- 10. If the Examiner observes a client action that could result in a vehicle accident, the Examiner should immediately warn the driver to take corrective action.
- 11. Use proper lifting techniques when moving objects such as cones, boxes or other objects.

Related SOP's

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Investigations

SOP 11C-3

Hazard Review

Struck by Vehicle Weapons Assault Hazardous Materials Overhead Loads Fire and Explosion

Vicious Animals Diseases or Blood Contamination

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Gloves Bump Cap Safety Vest

1. Perform a Hazard Risk Assessment. Be observant; check traffic and location before stopping vehicle.

- 2. Fluorescent vest shall be worn when conducting an inspection adjacent to the travel portion of the road or where moving vehicles are a threat.
- 3. Where hazardous materials are involved, policies regarding radioactive materials and nuclear devices, toxic chemical spills and/or rupture of natural gas pipelines should be strictly adhered to.
- **4.** Use extreme caution when walking in salvage yards. Be aware of slip, trip and foot puncture hazards.
- 5. Block or support vehicles before working underneath. Head protection, such as a bump cap shall be worn while conducting inspections on the underside of vehicles.
- 6. Use a 3-point mount and dismount when climbing on or off vehicles.
- 7. Use proper lifting techniques when moving objects.
- 8. When looking under vehicles, crouch with one knee down rather than bending at the waist.
- 9. Beware of poisonous plants, snakes and insects, as well as vicious animals.
- 10. Follow proper high-risk arrest procedures.

Related SOP's

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Non-Commercial Vehicles Examination And Road Test

SOP 11C-4

Hazard Review

Moving Traffic Lifting Slip, Trip and Fall Inexperienced Driver Struck by Vehicle

Communications Barrier Backing Vehicle

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest

- 1. Always make sure client can comprehend essential basic instructions or commands of the Examiner before beginning the road test.
- 2. When Examiner identifies obvious lack of experience in operation procedures, a learner's permit should be issued in lieu of conducting road test.
- 3. Test should not be given in vehicle with glass that does not meet state safety standards.
- 4. When looking under vehicles, crouch with one knee down rather than bending at the waist.
- 5. Perform pre-operational checks on equipment, making sure the engine is off, parking brake is set and gearshift is in park position before beginning the inspection. Always conduct inspection in a safe, low traffic area. Never stand directly in front of or behind the client's vehicle.
- 6. Use a 3-point mount and dismount when climbing on or off vehicles, never jump off.
- 7. Position headrest and vehicle seat to allow for adequate legroom. If the vehicle seat cannot be adjusted to a safe position away from the air bag, the Examiner should not continue the road test.
- 8. A seatbelt is required to be worn by the Examiner in all vehicles manufactured after 1964. If the seat belt is malfunctioning, broken or missing in vehicles manufactured after 1964, the Examiner should not continue the road test.
- 9. Examiners should maintain calm demeanor and issue simple, crisp instructions throughout the course of the road test.
- 10. To avoid road test accidents while clients are parking or backing in the parking lot, Examiners shall observe driver's gear selection and look to the rear while the client is backing.
- 11. Observe client closely and constantly monitor traffic conditions. Be alert for inattentive drivers. During course of road test, if the client is determined to be inept/unsafe, pull to side of road and discontinue test.
- 12. If the Examiner observes a client action that could result in an auto accident, the Examiner should provide corrective commands to the client.
- 13. Use proper lifting techniques when moving objects such as motorcycle cones, boxes or other objects.

Related SOP's

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Training for Firearms

SOP 11C-5

Hazard	Review
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Weapons Poisonous Plants, Snakes and Insects

Hearing Loss

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Safety Vest (Range Officer) Hearing Protection

- 1. Unload weapon in a safe area, holster weapon and strap in.
- 2. Read all range rules and follow Range Officer's Command.
- 3. Open cylinder or chamber and inspect to verify safe weapon.
- 4. Face downrange when weapon is drawn and hold weapon barrel in a downrange position.
- 5. Keep weapon pointed downrange with finger off trigger until ready to fire.
- 6. Load weapon in designated area before leaving range.
- 7. Inspect range for rocks, glass, snakes, insects, etc.
- 8. Maintain radio communication capability and adequate first aid equipment on site at all times.

Related SOP's

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	George Tatum	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Debbie Leonard	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Field Emergency Response

SOP 11D-1

Hazard Review

Snow/Ice Utility Lines Rock/Earth Slides
Moving Traffic Hazardous Materials Flooding
Moving Equipment High Winds Nuclear Plant Disasters
Nighttime Response Fog/Smoke Unknown/Unlabeled Substances

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves
Hard Hat Safety Glasses Rain Gear
Personal Flotation Device Chain Saw Chaps Tyveck Suit

- 1. Review Safe Operating Procedures for applicable equipment and perform pre-operational checks. Make sure all emergency and warning lighting is working.
- 2. Plan for adequate supervision at the worksite.
- 3. Determine traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 4. Park in areas that: provide safe entrance and exit of the work area; do not create potential conflicts with other vehicles/equipment operating in the work area; provide maximum protection for workers getting in and out of the vehicles.
- 5. All employees shall be issued or be required to posses the following personnel protective equipment when responding to emergency situations: safety shoes or work boots, safety vest, gloves, hard hat, safety glasses, flashlight and rain gear. Items such as personnel flotation devices, chain saw chaps boots and Tyveck suits shall be issued after an assessment and the hazards have been determined.
- 6. Employees on foot must use extreme caution to stay clear of operating equipment. Always establish eye contact with the operator before approaching equipment.
- 7. Be aware of escape routes in case of emergencies. It is a good practice to work facing oncoming traffic when on foot.
- 8. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 9. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold conditions.
- 10. When operating trucks and other equipment off the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in grass or unstable terrain.
- 11. Be observant of utility lines when cutting or removing trees and limbs. Look for and stay clear of downed power lines when clearing debris. Contact appropriate utility companies to coordinate work.
- 12. For nighttime response, adequate lighting should be provided.
- 13. When possible, at least two employees should be sent to respond to any emergency situation.
- 14. Approach flooding condition with caution. Do not attempt to drive through swift or rising floodwaters. Install appropriate advance warning/traffic control devices.

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 15. Approach accident scenes with caution. Do not send personnel or equipment into an area with explosive, flammable, or unknown substances until it is safe to do so. Drivers, passengers, placards, decals, shipping labels, Bills of Lading and the Emergency Response Guidebook might be sources of determining the unknown substances. Do not rely on rumors, rather BE SURE. Take measures to restore orderly traffic flow. Coordinate efforts with police, fire and emergency response officials.
- 16. When operating vehicles/equipment during winter storms or other inclement weather, adjust operating speed with the changing conditions. Follow Safe Operating Procedures for trucks, material spreaders and other snow/ice removal equipment.
- 17. For nuclear power plant disasters, refer to the appropriate nuclear plant Emergency Response Plan. There may be requirements to erect evacuation routes, shelter, signing, etc.
- 18. Be prepared to erect road closures and detour route signing to prevent traffic from entering the work site or an area obscured by fog/smoke or an area where the roadway is obstructed.
- 19. Clerk/dispatcher should be familiar with the operation of communication equipment (radio, telephone and computer terminal) and have the ability to receive and send communications accurately and timely.
- 20. Clerk/dispatcher should know the general locations of all response personnel on duty.
- 21. All personnel should cease all operations and seek shelter when wind speeds approach 60 MPH and not return until wind abates below 60 MPH.
- 22. Emergency generators should be in working order to provide power in case of a loss of commercial power. These generators should be periodically operated and maintained to ensure dependability. Personnel should be instructed in the proper use of emergency generators.
- 23. Temporary measures taken should be upgraded to appropriate standards as soon as practical following the emergency.
- 24. When working in or near the water, life preservers or other flotation devices should be worn.
- 25. Emergency response topics should be discussed at Monthly Safety Meetings.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Sign Installation/Maintenance11B-73
Tree Felling	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Truck, Dump	Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw 12B-4
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	•

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Geotechnical Emergency Procedures

SOP 11D-2

Hazard	Review
IIMLMI W	11011011

Contaminated Soils

Landfills

Containment of Spills

Buried Power or Gas Lines

Required Personal	Drotactiva	Equipment	(DDE)
Required Personal	Protective	Equipment	(PPC)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles
Gloves Tyvek Suite

- 1. During drilling operations always be aware of the possibility of encountering potentially hazardous materials such as petroleum hydrocarbons, herbicides, pesticides, chemical manufacturing by-products or solid waste materials. In the event that any unknown or questionable materials are encountered, then the drilling operations are to be suspended immediately until further instructions are received. Do not handle any suspected contaminated materials.
- 2. During drilling operations always be aware of the possibility of striking an unlocated or improperly located gas or power line. In the event that a buried utility line is struck, drilling operations are to be suspended IMMEDIATELY. If the utility line is electric, then keep a safe distance from all metal surfaces connected with the drill rig. If the utility is gas, then the area should be evacuated and secured. Immediate notification of the utility company is MANDATORY.
- 3. In the event of a gas or oil spill, the proper authorities should be contacted immediately so that contaminant operations can be implemented. The type of contaminant operation and proper authority will depend on the geographic location of the spill.

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Confined Space Entry

SOP 11E-1

Hazard Review

Engulfment Toxic Gases, Fumes Oxygen Deficiency

Space related hazards-See Entry Permit

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Multi-gas Monitor Retrieval System

Hard Hat Special equipment-See Entry Permit

NCDOT operates in many different areas and situations where confined spaces may exist. Typical locations include the holds of ferry vessels, paint truck storage tanks, weigh station scale pits, vertical drill shafts, and sometimes the area between tightly spaced bridge beams. Any area which has a limited opening for entry and exit, or unfavorable natural ventilation, or that is not designed for continuous worker occupancy may be classified as a confined space.

- 1. All employees shall be trained in the procedures and hazards of the space they are to enter.
- 2. Employees shall be in good physical condition before entering a confined space.
- 3. All spaces shall be checked and evaluated by a qualified person before entry.
- 4. A qualified person shall test for a hazardous atmosphere and complete a confined space entry permit before entry is allowed.
- 5. No entry will be allowed if any hazardous condition is detected, unless proper protective equipment is used.
- 6. All persons entering a confined space shall wear the personal protective equipment that is appropriate for the work to be performed.
- 7. If mechanical ventilation is provided, at least one person shall wear a multi-gas monitoring device. If an alarm sounds, all persons shall immediately evacuate the confined space.
- 8. Lockout/Tagout procedures shall be followed if the confined space contains mechanically active equipment.
- 9. The qualified person shall determine if the entry can be made without a qualified attendant or if a standby person is necessary.
- 10. If an attendant is required, he shall:
 - a. Be trained in rescue from outside techniques
 - b. Not enter confined space under any circumstances
 - c. Be within sight or call of the entrant, and
 - d. Have the means to summon assistance.

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Construction Safety Emphasis Areas

SOP 11E-2

Hazard Review		
Moving Equipment	Slip, Trip and Fall	Open Excavations
Overhead Loads	Explosives	Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Shoes	Safety Vest	Safety Glasses	
Hard Hats	Body Harness/Lanyard	Gloves	

The purpose of this SOP is to identify imminent danger situations or hazardous operations occurring on construction projects. Contractors performing under construction contracts with NCCOT are required to comply with all provisions of the North Carolina Occupational Safety and Health Standards for the Construction Industry. The following safety emphasis areas must be especially noted and complied with by the on-site contractor(s).

Contractor Awareness

• Contractor must be made aware of these safety emphasis areas by the on-site engineer responsible for the overall project.

Corrective Action

• Refer to the Construction Manual, Appendix _____ for guidelines for corrective action when the contractor is non-compliant in these safety emphasis areas.

Other Pre-Cautionary Safety Measures

- Ensure signing and traffic control is in accordance with project traffic control plans.
- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment consistent with the hazard, i.e., visibility, noise, dust.
- Avoid walking and working under suspended loads. Hard hats must be worn when working around backhoes, cranes, excavators, etc.

Safety Emphasis Areas	Required Actions
Fall Protection	 Safety railing meeting the requirements of 1926.451 is required on all substructure and superstructure falsework 6 ft or more above the ground or lower level. On operations 6' or more above the ground such as setting of structural steel and setting of grades on structural members where the use of other fall protective measures is impractical, fall protection shall consist of the use of harnesses and lanyards. (Effective 1/1/98, safety belts can no longer be used as fall protection but can be used as positioning devices.)

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Safety Emphasis Areas	Required Actions
Crane Safety	• Lifting hooks shall be equipped with operable safety latches.
	All accessible areas within the swing area of the rotating
	superstructure of the crane shall be blocked out.
	 When used to hoist personnel, cranes shall be equipped with
	controlled load lowering and a two block damage prevention device.
Equipment	• All equipment with an obstructed view to the rear shall be equipped
	with an audible backup alarm or shall utilize a "spotter" when
	operated in the reverse mode.
Excavation Protective	• Protective systems meeting the requirements of 1926652 shall be
Systems	used on all excavations such as pipe trench (storm drain, underdrain,
	and utility), undercut, drainage structure, manhole, foundation, and
	retaining wall.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Inspection of New Structures	11B-46
Roadway Inspection	11B-69	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	11E-3
Equipment SOPs	Chapter 12A		

Author:	Larry Purvis	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Excavating, Trenching and Shoring

SOP 11E-3

Hazard Review		
Cave-In	Utilities	Surface Encumbrances
Hazardous Atmosphere	Slip, Trip and Fall	Falling Loads

Water Accumulation

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles Hard Hat Safety Vest

- 1. No excavation work shall be started until efforts have been made to determine if underground utilities are located in the area.
- 2. Any excavation greater than 4 feet deep (not in stable rock) must:
- 3. Be provided with an adequate exit (steps or ladder) every 25 feet if employees are expected to enter
- 4. Be tested for hazardous gases or oxygen deficiency if such conditions are likely to exist.
- 5. Any excavation greater than 5 feet deep (not in stable rock) must:
- 6. Meet the conditions in item 2, above
- 7. Have an adequate means of protection
- 8. Be inspected prior to and during the work shift by a "competent person".
- 9. The "competent person" must be on site at all times that employees are in the excavation and shall have the authority to stop work if hazardous conditions are detected.
- 10. Only persons receiving special training may be qualified as "competent persons".
- 11. Employees shall not work under loads being handled by excavating or lifting equipment.
- 12. If employees enter the excavation, both the removed soil and other work material shall be stored at least two feet from the edge.
- 13. If a trench box, shoring or other protective system will be used, information on the installation, use, placement and removal must be kept on site.
- 14. If sloping at an angle of 34 degrees (1 ½ to 1, H:V) is chosen as the protective system, the soil does not have to be classified but the other requirements still apply.

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Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Explosives SOP 11E-4

Hazard Review

Initiation sources, heat, static, lightning, etc.

Required Personal Protective Ed		
Safety ShoesSafety Glasses	Safety Vest	Hard Hat
Hearing Protection		Leather Gloves
Respirator (for Drilling Operations	3)	

- 1. Only those persons who are trained and certified shall direct, use, transport or conduct blasting operations.
- 2. Drilling of shot holes, patterns, etc. shall be under the direct supervision of the Explosives Specialist.
- 3. Blasting machines must remain under the control of the Explosives Specialist and shall not be left unsecured.
- 4. Unused explosives shall not be left unsecured (out of Explosives Specialist's sight) at any time.
- 5. All shots shall have some type of shot plan sketch showing shot pattern, number of holes, and amount of explosives per hole including pounds per delay if delays are used. The form "NCDOT Blaster's Shot Plan" is required for all shots.
- 6. The use of any electrical detonators requires prior approval of a NCDOT Safety Engineer.
- 7. Explosives Specialists shall use cap primers (boosters) on all shots with water gels, emulsions, slurries, ANFO, or any other Blasting Agent.
- 8. All persons responsible for shot security shall be instructed as to their responsibilities, warning signals and related information.
- 9. Failure to obey the rules and regulations, as taught in the NCDOT Explosives training, shall result in revocation of an Explosives Specialist's certification.
- 10. Explosive Specialists must receive re-certification training at least once every three years and also be the Lead or Assistant Blaster in at least three shots in that same three year period.
- 11. Take care not to operate radio transmission equipment in the vicinity of blast sites which are utilizing electric blasting caps.

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hazardous Waste Handling and Storage

SOP 11E-5

Hazard	Roviow	
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Slips, Trips, and Falls Suspended Loads Confined Spaces Unknown Hazardous Materials Chemical Releases Fire

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles Hard Hat Safety Vest Respirator

- 1. Be aware of containers with unknown and/or unlabeled substances. Accidentally mixing waste materials could cause a chemical reaction resulting in fire, explosion, or atmospheric release of toxic vapors. Be alert for heat build-up, vapors, rumbling noise, etc. In such cases, stop work, vacate the area and notify supervisor.
- 2. Be familiar with the facility plans and other related rules/guides for handling hazardous waste materials. Notify the supervisor if a hazardous substance is spilled. Use proper procedure for clean up, including the use of personal protective equipment.
- 3. Material handling equipment (forklifts, trucks, etc.) shall be operated in a safe manner, as established in applicable training programs and manufacturers guidelines. The moving of heavy containers could result in punctures. Be alert for leaks, dampness, unusual debris and strange odors caused by airborne contaminants.
- 4. Posted MSDS should be read and complied with.
- 5. Operate oil/water separator only with approval of supervisor.
- 6. Frequently check pressurized hoses and piping for leaks.
- 7. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use lifting equipment if necessary.
- 8. Confined spaces must be well ventilated prior to entry and checked by a certified competent person. Never enter a confined space without a standby observer.
- 9. Be aware of fire extinguishers, alarm and hose locations. Check routinely to make sure they are working properly. Follow good housekeeping practices to reduce the risk of fires.
- 10. Be aware of loose or slippery materials, tripping hazards and other obstructions. Take appropriate measures to eliminate them.
- 11. Avoid walking or working under suspended loads. Wear hard hat when working around cranes, forklifts, loaders, etc.
- 12. Safety vest should be worn when exposed to vehicular traffic.
- 13. Hazardous materials should only be handled by properly trained personnel.
- 14. Be familiar with local emergency numbers.
- 15. The "Poison Control Center, Durham" number is 1-800-672-1697.
- 16. The "National Response Center, Oil and Toxic Chemical Spills" number is 1-800-424-8802.

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

High Pressure Hoses

SOP 11E-6

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Pressurized Water/Air/Oil

Lifting

Slip/Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes

Safety Glasses/Goggles

Gloves

- 1. High Pressure hoses should not be kinked. Check hose fittings for proper connections.
- 2. Operator should never leave machine while pumping is in process.
- 3. Only nozzle operator will direct the pump operator when to start pump.
- 4. Make sure all hoses and nozzles are in good shape.
- 5. DO NOT USE HANDS OR FINGERS to find leaks. Fluid under high pressure can be injected into skin causing extreme injury or serious infection.
- 6. Do not stand over hoses.
- 7. Watch for slipping/tripping hazards in the work area.
- 8. Use proper lifting procedures for moving hose and placing bagged material.
- 9. Clean machine properly and thoroughly at end of shift.
- 10. Make sure all dead man shut-off valves work properly.
- 11. Do not allow heavy equipment to run over hoses.
- 12. Do not point outlet end in direction of yourself or other personnel in the work area.
- 13. Make sure safety chains are properly attached at connections.
- 14. Safety Glasses and gloves are required when working with all types of high pressure hoses if the system is pressurized.

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Jump Starting

SOP 11E-7

Hazard Keview		
Fire	Moving Traffic	Corrosive Acid
Electrical Shock	Eve Injury	Parking

Toxic Materials Explosive Gases Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves

1. Improper procedures or techniques may result in personal injury and/or damage to the electrical system or computer components.

- 2. Employee MUST COMPLETE BATTERY TRAINING before jump starting equipment.
- 3. Is the vehicle in a safe location to be jump started? All vehicles must be in park/neutral with parking brakes applied.
- 4. If the battery is distorted/deformed, cracked, leaking, or missing a vent cap, DO NOT jump start, call for assistance.
- 5. Safety glasses/goggles and gloves are required.
- 6. When working at night, have adequate lighting available.
- 7. Avoid leaning over the battery whenever possible.
- 8. Do not expose the battery to open flames or sparks (NO SMOKING).
- 9. Be sure any batteries that have filler caps are properly filled with fluid.
- 10. Do not allow battery acid to contact eyes or skin.
- 11. Both discharged and charged batteries must be of the same voltage.
- 12. Do not stand between vehicles.
- 13. Use proper procedure in accordance with the operator's manual. Use remote jump-start terminals if equipped. If no special instructions apply, proceed as follows for negative grounded batteries:
 - Make the jumper connections:
 - ❖ Connect one end of the red jumper cable to the positive (+) terminal of the booster battery and the opposite end to the positive (+) terminal of the discharged battery
 - ❖ Connect one end of the black jumper cable to the negative (-) terminal of the booster battery and the opposite end to an engine bolthead or good metal contact on the vehicle to be started, not to the negative battery terminal of the discharged battery
 - ❖ Check the cables to make sure they will not be in the way of moving parts when the vehicle is started
 - Start the engine of the vehicle with the good battery and run it at a moderate speed
 - ❖ Start the engine of the vehicle with the discharged battery
 - * Remove all cables in reverse sequence. Begin by removing the cable from the engine of the vehicle that had the discharged battery.
- 14. Keep hands and equipment from all moving parts, belts, machinery, etc.
- 15. Never use external heat to aid in starting equipment when volatile materials are present.

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Lockout/Tagout

SOP 11E-8

LockOut/TagOut procedures are designed to isolate or shut off machines and equipment before employees perform any servicing or maintenance work. Each person who may work on equipment shall be trained on this standard before conducting any work. General guidelines for implementing this standard are:

- 1. Only persons who are trained and authorized may work on equipment. This training must be documented in the facility lockout manual.
- 2. All employees that work in the facility and are not "authorized" must be trained as an affected employee. This must also be documented in the facility lockout manual.
- 3. All machinery and equipment which may be started or which may release energy during servicing must be positively locked out.
- 4. All employees must honor lockout/tagout devices. No employee may remove a lock unless they have installed it.
- 5. Each person performing service or maintenance work must have his own individual lockout device. Locks must be standardized by color, shape, size or type.
- 6. Employees implementing a lockout procedure shall notify employees in the immediate vicinity of his actions.
- 7. Machinery or equipment shall be shut down through its normal stopping procedure before the lockout device is applied.
- 8. The lockout device shall be installed at a place where the machinery or equipment can be isolated from its energy source.
- 9. The equipment shall then be checked to ensure that it is inoperable before any work is performed.
- 10. The machinery or equipment shall not be restored to operation until all tools are removed and a check is made to ensure no personnel are in a hazardous area.

Author:	Karen Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Rigging SOP 11E-9

Hazard ReviewCrushing InjuriesElectrical ShockEquipment LimitationsSlip, Trip and FallFlying ParticlesLifingMaterial Under StressOverhead LoadsPinch PointsPower Equipment OperationsRope or Cable BlocksUtility Lines

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Gloves

1. Before use, inspect cable, chain or wire rope for wear and replace if necessary.

- 2. Observe OSHA guidelines for use of cable clamps, safety latches, chains and slings.
- 3. Know rated capacity of cable, chain or wire rope being used.
- 4. Avoid overloading and sudden jerks.
- 5. Wear appropriate personal protection equipment consistent with the hazard, including hard hats, safety glasses and work gloves.
- 6. Loads to be lifted shall be checked for balance and the rigging inspected to ensure a safe and balanced condition.
- 7. Employees shall not stand or work under suspended loads.
- 8. Awkward loads should have taglines attached to control the load.
- 9. Review signals and operator communications. Only one person shall direct the operator.
- 10. Review the area for utility lines, tree limbs and other overhead safety hazards.
- 11. Personnel working tag lines should review area for slipping, tripping and falling hazards. If not possible to eliminate them, then take precautions to avoid them.

Author:	Karen Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Asphalt Distributor/Kettle

SOP 12A-1

Hazard Review

Traffic Mounting/Dismounting Backing

Flammable Liquids

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Gloves Safety Vest

Safety Glasses/Goggles

1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.

- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Always know location of fire extinguishers and ensure that they are properly charged. Remove fire extinguisher and have nearby prior to firing distributor.
- 5. Use gloves or insulated material when handling heated spray bar sections or hoses.
- 6. To avoid having hot material overflow from the tank, allow sufficient space in the tank for expansion of the material when heated. Do not overfill. Keep tank and burner areas clean.
- 7. To prevent an explosion or possible fire, do not operate burners unattended, while vehicle is in motion or in a confined area.
- 8. To prevent a possible explosion, do not heat material beyond manufacturer's recommended temperature. Do not light burner(s) unless the flue is covered by a minimum of 6 inches of asphalt.
- 9. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer if available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 10. No personnel shall be allowed to ride on the rear, i.e., when the vehicle is equipped with interior cab-mounted controls. If a greater hazard is created by using cab-mounted controls, such as when maneuvering on narrow, twisting roadways, personnel may be allowed on the rear of the vehicle, if adequate fall protection is provided.
- 11. Make sure appropriate decals and placards are displayed on distributor.
- 12. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 13. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zone.
- 14. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 15. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater and/or tank heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before operating either piece of equipment.
- 16. Operator shall stop at all unsignalized railroad grade crossings.
- 17. Eye protection (safety glasses) and gloves are required when loading or unloading material.

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Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Bark Spreader

SOP 12A-2

Hazard Review		
Backing	Mounting/Dismounting	Flying Objects
Unsecured Loads	Overhead Objects/Lines	Unlevel Terrain

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
Safety Shoes	Hearing Protection	Safety Glasses
Safety Vest	Gloves	

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 8. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere except in the cab when the vehicle is in motion unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 10. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. Make sure cargo is properly loaded, secured and covered. Check for loose material on bed rails and chassis.
- 13. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 14. Be aware of overhead utility lines when spreading material.
- 15. When operating vehicle off the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 16. Make sure area to be mulched is clear of people, other equipment and vehicles.
- 17. Operator is to be aware that there will be flying debris. Watch for passing traffic.
- 18. Keep height of blower adjusted.
- 19. Stay off hills and slopes too steep for safe operation.
- 20. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPs	Chapter 10

Author:	Darla H. Burris	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

SOP 12A-3 Broom

Hazard Review

Traffic Mounting/Dismounting Dust

Backing Pinch Points

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses **Dust Mask**

1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.

- 2. Check frame for cracks and loose bolts.
- 3. If visual obstruction due to sweeping causes potential traffic hazard, use alternate method for traffic control.
- 4. Check for proper hook-up of sweeper to towing vehicle and use safety chain. Check chain before leaving yard.
- 5. Operators should be aware of employees and others in work zones.
- 6. Keep hands and feet clear when adjusting sweeper angle.
- 7. While driving, always scan the entire area for possible hazardous situations.
- 8. When deadheading, make sure broom is raised and locked in place.
- 9. Use water to control dust.
- 10. Protect towing vehicle from rock damage.
- 11. Operators shall wear seat belt and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 12. Dust mask and eye protection (safety glasses) should be worn if operating an open cab broom tractor.
- 13. Safety vest should be worn when outside of the cab of the tractor.
- 14. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 15. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 16. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 17. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.

Related SOP's			
Ganaral SOPs	Chapter 10	Tractor Wheel	12 A 25

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Crane/Dragline

SOP 12A-4

Hazard	Revi	iew
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Traffic Swinging Loads Parking Suspended Loads Lifting Noise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Hard Hat Safety Glasses Safety Shoes Hearing Protection Gloves

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Do not operate boom within 10 feet of power lines.
- 3. Check boom daily for cracks, deformities, oil leaks or loose pins, nuts and bolts.
- 4. Check boom hook for cracking or spreading and loose pins.
- 5. Make a daily check of wire rope, cable or chains for deformities.
- 6. Before traveling, check boom for proper storage position.
- 7. Workers shall not be allowed under boom during operation.
- 8. Never exceed maximum lifting capacity of boom.
- 9. Only one person shall operate the crane and only one person shall signal and assist the operator.
- 10. Do not rock the boom and always use a smooth pull.
- 11. Crane deck shall be kept clean and free of obstructions.
- 12. When swinging boom, change direction slowly.
- 13. Do not pull objects directly toward operator position.
- 14. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 15. Do not use chain and grab hooks when working on mats.
- 16. Position drop line as close as possible to the balance point of the load.
- 17. Crane shall be made level before beginning work.
- 18. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 19. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 20. Operators should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Rigging11E-9
Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Excavator, Hydraulic

SOP 12A-5

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Mounting/Dismounting

Backing

Underground/Overhead Conflicts

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and are qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Operators shall wear seat belts and or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 4. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 5. When mounting or dismounting equipment use steps and hand holds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 6. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 7. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 8. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 9. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 10. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones and be sure area is clear of personnel before lowering stabilizers or moving the boom.
- 11. Do not leave attachments in the raised position when equipment is not in use. Always lower them to the ground.
- 12. When in operation, only the operator should be permitted on the machine.
- 13. Be sure outriggers are properly set before operating backhoe.
- 14. Never allow anyone to work under a raised bucket.
- 15. Do not operate boom within 10 feet of energized power lines.
- 16. Utilize trailer whenever possible to transport excavator.
- 17. Before digging, review Excavating, Trenching and Shoring guidelines as contained in Chapter 11E of this manual.
- 18. Operators should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30
Excavating, Trenching and Shoring	

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Dan DeVane	Date Issued:	3/2006

Fork Lift SOP 12A-6

Hazard Review		
Unsecured Loads	Backing	Overhead and Side Clearances

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Glasses	Gloves	Safety Shoes	
Safety Belts			

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Seatbelts must be worn while operating forklifts. Horseplay is strictly forbidden.
- 4. Gas powered forklifts shall only be operated in well-ventilated areas.
- 5. Rated capacity must be stated on forklift. Do not overload.
- 6. Riders shall not be permitted on forklifts.
- 7. Loaded forklifts shall not be moved until load is safe and secure.
- 8. All unattended forklifts shall have mast at vertical position, forks in the down position, engine off and parking brake set.
- 9. Forklifts shall not be driven up to anyone standing in front of a bench or fixed object where such person could be caught between the forklift and object.
- 10. Operators shall look in the direction of travel and not move forklift until certain that all persons are clear.
- 11. The forks shall always be carried as low as possible. Make sure counterweights are in place.
- 12. Forklifts shall not be driven into and out of trailers at loading docks until such trailers are securely blocked and brakes set.
- 13. Employees shall not place any part of their body outside the running lines of the forklift or between mast uprights or other parts of the unit where shear or crushing hazards exist.
- 14. Employees shall slow down and sound horn at all locations where visibility is obscured or obstructed. If the load being carried obstructs forward view, the operator shall be required to travel with the load trailing. Avoid sharp turns and sudden starts and stops.
- 15. Employees shall not be allowed to stand, pass, or work under the elevated portion of any forklift.
- 16. Extreme care shall be taken when tilting loads. Tilting forward with forks elevated shall be prohibited except when picking up a load. Tilting elevated loads forward shall be prohibited, except where the load is to be deposited on a storage rack or equivalent.
- 17. Special precautions shall be taken in the securing and handling of loads by forklifts equipped with special attachments and during the operation of these trucks after loads have been removed.
- 18. Employees shall only be lifted in forklifts designed specifically for this use.

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Dan DeVane	Date Issued:	3/2006

- 19. When the forklift is in motion, the masts should be tilted. When forks are empty, mast should be tilted to the rear to prevent tips of forks from contacting ground. When the forklift is parked, the tips should be flat on the ground.
- 20. Check overhead clearance of doorways and entrances.
- 21. If equipment has air brakes, be sure pressure is up before moving.
- 22. Avoid abrupt hydraulic system movement, which could rupture hydraulic hoses.

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Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Grader SOP 12A-7

Hazard	Review
Hazaru	Neview

Backing Mounting/Dismounting Inclement Weather
Low Overhead Objects Slow Moving Equipment

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Gloves
Safety Shoes Safety Vest

1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.

- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Keep windshield, windshield wipers and mirrors clean.
- 4. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 5. When operating grader, be aware of protruding or overhanging objects or limbs.
- 6. When traveling, make sure blade is properly positioned under grader. Slow down when crossing railroad tracks.
- 7. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 8. Be on the lookout for hazards in or adjacent to the travel way, such as bridge joints, curbs, manhole covers and other utilities.
- 9. Operators shall wear lap belt while seated or standup harness while standing, if possible.
- 10. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot within work zone.
- 12. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 13. Operators shall never allow machine to coast downhill with transmission in neutral.
- 14. Use extreme caution when operating grader on steep slopes or along the edge of fills to avoid overturning.
- 15. Grader should be parked with blade in down position. Shut off engine when equipment is not in use.
- 16. If operating grader with door open, make sure it is properly fastened. Do not attempt to open or close door when moving.
- 17. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 18. When deadheading use low volume roadways if available. Pull over to allow vehicles to pass.
- 19. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Rotary Slone Mower	12Δ-18

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hydro Seeder

SOP 12A-8

Hazard	

Mounting/Dismounting

Overhead Dangers

Backing

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Gloves Safety Shoes
Safety Vest

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and hand holds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is engaged in normal daily work operations, i.e. herbicide spraying, spreading straw, blowing mulch, etc.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 10. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. Make sure cargo is properly loaded, secured and covered. Check for loose material on bed rails, chassis and operator platform.
- 13. For inclement weather, truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather.
- 14. Be aware of utility lines and other overhead dangers when spreading material.
- 15. When operating vehicle off of the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 16. Insure safety rails are in place.
- 17. Apply tank mixture to target areas only. Avoid operating during strong winds.
- 18. Stay off hills and slopes too steep for safe operations.
- 19. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 20. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Related SOP's

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Lawn Mower SOP 12A-9

Hazard Review

Flying Objects Steep Terrain Roll Over

Noise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Gloves

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Check condition of drive belts before starting.
- 3. Check area and clear rocks and debris before mowing.
- 4. Clear all persons from path of potential flying objects.
- 5. Avoid entangling blade in wires, ropes, or cables.
- 6. Make sure seat is properly secured to machine.
- 7. Make sure mower is in neutral or park before starting.
- 8. Do not carry passengers on mower.
- 9. Use mower only for its designed purpose.
- 10. Use care while operating over uneven terrain.
- 11. Do not dismount machine unless stopped.
- 12. Disengage mower when not cutting.
- 13. Keep feet and hands clear of mower blades.
- 14. Do not refuel a running or hot engine.
- 15. Keep all guards in place at all times.
- 16. Keep off slopes too steep for safe operation.
- 17. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 18. Check frame and mower deck for cracks and loose bolts.

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Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Loader, Force Feed

SOP 12A-10

Hazard Review		
Traffic	Dust	Moving Belts
Backing		-

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hearing Protection Safety Glasses

1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.

- 2. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 3. Travel slowly when moving over rough terrain.
- 4. Never drive too close to edge of a ditch, fill slope or excavation.
- 5. Watch for overhead obstructions.
- 6. Stay clear of all moving parts, cables, shafts, belts, flywheels, etc.
- 7. While driving, always scan the entire area for possible hazardous situations.
- 8. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 9. Do not oil, grease or adjust the unit while it is in motion.
- 10. Operator and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 11. Use shovel or other tool to unclog belt. Never try to unclog the belt by hand. (System must be shut down when performing this function.)
- 12. Be familiar with all safety shut down devices.
- 13. Operator should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 14. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 15. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 16. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 17. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 18. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Broom
Truck, Dump	

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Loader, Front End

SOP 12A-11

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Overloading Mounting/Dismounting Backing
Roll Over Steep Terrain

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses

Hearing Protection

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 4. Operators shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. Make visual inspection of work area before starting operations.
- 7. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 8. Carry bucket low to ground (loaded or unloaded).
- 9. Stop loader with brakes, not transmission.
- 10. Do not operate the loader or controls from any position other than the operator's seat.
- 11. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 12. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 13. Do not swing bucket over truck cab or ground crew.
- 14. Build berm prior to dumping over banks.
- 15. When operating machine on side hill, never allow anyone to remain down slope while machine is in motion.
- 16. Never allow machine to coast downhill with transmission in neutral.
- 17. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots. Properly secure equipment.
- 18. Engage safety steering lock while holding and before working on loader.
- 19. Always lock equipment properly when parking overnight or for an extended period.
- 20. When deadheading, use low volume roadways if possible. Pull over to allow vehicles to pass.
- 21. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30
Truck, Dump	- -

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Centerline Paint Machine

SOP 12A-12

Hazard Review		
Backing	Unsecured Loads	Pressurized System

Mounting/Dismounting Fire Noise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Vest Safety Shoes

Gloves

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seatbelts and shoulder harnesses (if equipped) whenever the painting vehicle travels to the next painting site at speeds exceeding 20 mph Alternately, painting operators may move to the cab and be secured by those safety belts and harnesses if the distance to the next job exceeds 1 mile.
- 5. Operators must wear properly secured safety belts at their working stations if:
 - a) they are not operating the controls while standing or
 - b) they can easily reach the controls while seated.
- 6. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 7. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and hand holds provided. <u>Do not jump from vehicle</u>.
- 8. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 9. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 10. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 12. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 13. When doing emergency maintenance, be aware of hazards as a result of other vehicle traffic and to other personnel.
- 14. Be aware of overhead obstructions.
- 15. When operating vehicle off of the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 16. Check paint valves and hoses for wear and leaks.
- 17. Be sure there is no pressure on paint system when setting up, cleaning, pulling filters, or servicing guns.

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

- 18. Choose place for setting up away from traffic, if possible.
- 19. No smoking or open flames allowed in immediate area of pumping paint.
- 20. When securing at end of day, bleed entire system of pressure. Never leave pressure in system. Check air valves and hoses for wear and leaks.
- 21. Do not use pressurized air to clean yourself.
- 22. Have a communication system between driver and operator. Use appropriate DOT hazard class placard for material being used.
- 23. Release pressure on bead tank, paint and solvent tanks before removing lid.
- 24. Be aware of fire hazards from paint and solvents, overflow onto furnace.
- 25. The use of shadow vehicle with impact attenuator is recommended for high volume roadways.
- 26. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.
- 27. Operator shall stop at all unsignalized railroad grade crossings.

Related SOP's	
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Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pavement Grinder

SOP 12A-13

Hazard Review		
Traffic	Mounting/Dismounting	Backing
Flying Objects	-	_

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Shoes Safety Vest

Hearing Protection

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is
- 2. Check cutting teeth before operating and familiarize yourself with equipment controls and their functions.
- 3. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 4. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Never stand behind or in front of the machine when the engine is being started or grinding pavement. Grinders may lunge rearward unexpectedly.
- 6. Always use two employees when loading or unloading equipment. When preparing for transport, place block of wood under grinder head after equipment is loaded on trailer.
- 7. Before adjusting, lubricating or fueling the equipment, move the grinder drum engagement lever to the off position, set the brake, shut off the engine and block the wheels if on an incline.
- 8. Always come to a complete stop and stop grinder head before reversing the direction of the machine while grinding.
- 9. Always use caution when turning or crossing near traffic. The machine moves slowly and requires more time to maneuver than other equipment.
- 10. Always align the rear wheels with the frame when deadheading the machine.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 12. Keep machine clean.
- 13. Always use water when grinding.
- 14. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 15. Stay clear of all moving parts, cables, shafts belts, flywheels, etc.
- 16. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 17. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 18. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Paving Machine/Widener	12A-14

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Paving Machine/Widener

SOP 12A-14

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Traffic Hot Asphalt Mounting/Dismounting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Safety Shoes Gloves

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Proper use of cleaning agents is imperative.
- 4. One person only shall direct truck drivers backing into or leaving paver.
- 5. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from equipment.
- 6. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 7. Be aware of hot places on paver to avoid burns.
- 8. Do not leave paver unattended when heating screed.
- 9. Use caution when loading/unloading paver from trailer, especially in wet or damp conditions.
- 10. When transporting paver or trailer, check to be sure load is properly secured.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 12. When transporting oversize loads, operator should obtain proper permit.
- 13. Stay clear of all moving parts, cables, shafts, belts, flywheels, etc.
- 14. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 15. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDS's for each material used.

Related SOP's	
General SOPs	Truck, Dump

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Post Driver SOP 12A-15

Hazard Review

Traffic Crushing Flying Objects

Backing

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Gloves
Safety Shoes Hard Hat

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 4. Stay clear of all moving parts, cables, shafts, belts, flywheels, etc.
- 5. Travel slowly when moving over rough terrain.
- 6. Never drive too close to the edge of a ditch or excavation.
- 7. Watch for overhead wires.
- 8. Reduce speed before turning or applying brakes. Couple the brake pedals together when traveling at high speed. Be sure that both wheels are braked simultaneously when making an emergency stop.
- 9. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 10. Keep all persons away from unit when it is in operation.
- 11. Watch for debris when driving wooden posts.
- 12. Keep posts plumb and firmly attached.
- 13. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 14. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 15. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.

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General SOPs Chapter 10 Tractor, Wheel 12A-25

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Patch Rollers

SOP 12A-16

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Rollover Towing Hooking/Unhooking
Mounting/Dismounting Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hearing Protection

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 4. Remain in seat while operating. Wear seat belt if equipped with rollover protection.
- 5. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and hand holds provided. Do not jump from equipment.
- 6. Choose safest location to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 7. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 8. Use caution when operating roller on steep grades.
- 9. Keep area clear when operating roller. Be aware of location of any stationary objects in area.
- 10. Always completely stop roller before changing directions.
- 11. Operator should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. Do not allow anyone to get between roller and truck while coupling.
- 13. When rolling patches or edges, do not get too close to edge of payement to avoid rollover.
- 14. Hook and unhook patch rollers on stable ground. Use a guide when hooking to vehicle. Set parking brake on roller to prevent bending hydraulic tongue. Chocks should be used on slopes.
- 15. Use locking pins when wheels are in up or down position.
- 16. After disconnecting, both roller drums should be on ground.
- 17. Use caution when loading/unloading steel wheel roller from trailer especially in wet or damp conditions.
- 18. When transporting roller on trailer, check to be sure load is properly secured.
- 19. Observe recommended towing speed limit of the machine.
- 20. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 21. Operator should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Trucks, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Trucks, Dump12A-30	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Rollers, Sheep Foot/Rubber-Tired/Vibratory

SOP 12A-17

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Rollover Towing Hooking/Unhooking
Mounting/Dismounting Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hearing Protection

1 Operators shall perform a pre-operational shock of their equipment. Be familier with the

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Remain in seat while operating. Wear seat belt if equipped with rollover protection.
- 4. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from equipment.
- 5. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 6. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 7. Use caution when operating roller on steep grades and fill edges.
- 8. Keep area clear when operating roller. Be aware of location of any stationary objects in area.
- 9. Always completely stop roller before changing directions.
- 10. Operator should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 11. Use guide when hooking towed sheep foot or vibratory roller to tractor. Check pin and coupling for wear.
- 12. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 13. Check sheep foot roller periodically and remove roots, wire, rock, etc. caught between feet.
- 14. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 15. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 16. Make sure equipment is properly secured prior to transporting.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Tractor, Wheel
Trailers and Towed Equipment	Truck, Dump12A-30

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Rotary Slope Mower

SOP 12A-18

Review

Backing Mounting/Dismounting Low Overhead Objects
Noise Flying Objects Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hearing Protection

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Keep windshield, windshield wipers and mirrors clean.
- 4. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 5. When operating grader, be aware of protruding or overhanging objects or limbs.
- 6. When traveling, make sure that mower is properly positioned.
- 7. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 8. Be on the lookout for hazards in or adjacent to the travel way such as bridges, signs and utilities.
- 9. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 10. Operators shall be aware of employees and others within work zone.
- 11. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 12. Operators shall never allow machine to coast downhill with transmission in neutral.
- 13. Periodically check blades and mower side shield. Do not leave attachments in raised position when it is not in use. Always lower to the ground.
- 14. Check work area for debris and utility pedestals the cutter might hit or pick up.
- 15. Always cut machine off when servicing or dismounting grader. Failure to do so may result in serious bodily injury. All safeguards are to be in place and secure.
- 16. Stay off slopes too steep for safe operation.
- 17. Transport cutter with the head in transport position.
- 18. Watch for overhead clearances.
- 19. Operate with cutterhead away from operator's cab whenever possible so that operator will be looking at top of mower deck rather than underside of mower.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Grader
Tractor, Wheel	

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Scraper SOP 12A-19

Hazard Review

Overloading Mounting/Dismounting Backing
Rollover Steep Terrain

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hearing Protection

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. When mounting or dismounting equipment use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 4. Operators shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. Make visual inspection of work area before starting operations.
- 7. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 8. Stop scraper with brakes, not transmission.
- 9. Do not operate the scraper or controls from any position other than the operator's seat.
- 10. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others in work zones.
- 12. When using self-propelled scraper, attention by both the operator and dozer operator to protect against personal injury and equipment damage should be exercised. Close communication between the operators before and during the job is necessary.
- 13. When using self-loading scraper, no one should approach the paddles while motor is running.
- 14. When parking, set parking brakes, lock transmission and place bowl on ground. Turn off switch and remove key. Properly secure equipment.
- 15. When operating machine on side slope, never allow anyone to remain downslope while machine is in motion.
- 16. Speed should be adjusted for load and conditions.
- 17. Operators should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Rollers, Sheepfoot/Rubber-Tired/Vibratory 12A-17
Crawler Tractor 12A-23	

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Snooper Crane

SOP 12A-20

Hazard Review

Traffic Extreme Heights Mounting/Dismounting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Hard Hat Safety Shoes Safety Vest Personal Flotation Device Body Harness/Lanyard Hearing Protection

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Do not operate boom within 20 feet of power lines.
- 3. Check boom and boom hook daily for cracks, deformities, oil leaks or loose pins, nuts and bolts.
- 4. Make a daily check of wire rope, cable or chains for deformities.
- 5. Before traveling, check boom for proper storage position. Never travel with PTO engaged.
- 6. Never exceed maximum lifting capacity of boom in its different positions. Refer to load chart.
- 7. Only one person shall operate the boom and only one person shall signal and assist the operator.
- 8. Check and use outrigger safety locks and warning lights. Keep outriggers in sight while lowering.
- 9. Do not operate boom unless outriggers are down. Do not use outrigger for lifting.
- 10. When swinging boom, change directions slowly. Do not rock the boom.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. When working in bucket, hard hats and safety harnesses must be worn. Use PFD when working over water
- 13. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 14. Safety harness must be attached when entering/exiting buckets.
- 15. All unauthorized personnel shall be kept clear of the operation.
- 16. Workers shall not be allowed under boom during operation.
- 17. Check load capacity of the bridge before operating a snooper crane from the deck.
- 18. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 19. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 20. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 21. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 22. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 23. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 24. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

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Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Spreader, Aggregate

SOP 12A-21

Hazard Review	
Traffic	Flying Objects

Mounting/Dismounting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
Safety Vest Gloves

Safety Shoes

Backing

Safety Vest Gloves Hearing Protection Safety Glasses

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Follow factory instructions when installing or removing the spreader hopper. Avoid pinch points and make sure chains and hooks are properly positioned.
- 3. Two operators shall be used to operate spreader. No person or operator is to ride in or on the front hopper or spreader box.
- 4. Material feed belts should be checked for centering, adjustment and condition.
- 5. When the spreader is being moved from one location to another job-site (deadheading) only the operator shall ride on the spreader.
- 6. Deadhead spreader with hopper empty or no more than one-quarter full.
- 7. Check for proper function of all electrical switches and hydraulic valves prior to receiving first load of material.
- 8. Coordination between operators and truck drivers is essential. A pre-job discussion concerning truck flow patterns will increase efficiency and reduce accident potential by minimizing long distance backing. One person shall be designated to direct truck drivers.
- 9. Caution shall be used when starting and stopping on grades.
- 10. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 11. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 12. Before cleaning debris from rear hopper, conveyor belts, front hopper screen or adjusting or cleaning front hopper gates, stop the spreader, lock the parking brake, and shut off both conveyors, spreadroll and agitator.
- 13. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 14. Use caution when installing or removing spreader hopper. Properly secure load. Avoid pinch points.
- 15. Operate the spreader using the existing workstations and staying within areas protected by guardrails. Guardrails shall be 42 inches high with midrail and toe board.
- 16. Chain on guardrails shall be in place during operation.
- 17. Make sure equipment is properly secured prior to transporting.
- 18. Do not leave loose objects lying on spreader.
- 19. When transporting oversize loads, operator should obtain proper permit.

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 20. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided only if rollover protection is provided.
- 21. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 22. Stay clear of both front and rear hoppers and all moving parts, cables, shafts, belts, flywheels, etc.

Related SOP's			
General SOPsChap	oter 10	Truck, Dump	.12A-30
Truck, Tractor and Trailer	2A-36	Trailers and Towed Equipment	.12B-30

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Tractor, Backhoe and Loader

SOP 12A-22

Hazard Review		
Mounting/Dismounting	Backing	Underground/Overhead Conflicts

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Hard Hat
Safety Glasses		

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Operators shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 4. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean. Make sure that the mirrors provide a large as possible view of the rear.
- 5. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 6. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 7. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 8. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 9. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones and be sure area is clear of personnel before lowering stabilizers or moving the boom.
- 10. Do not leave attachments in the raised position when equipment is not in use; always lower to the ground.
- 11. When in operation, only the operator should be permitted on the machine.
- 12. Be sure outriggers are properly set before operating backhoe.
- 13. Never allow anyone to work under a raised bucket.
- 14. Do not operate backhoe boom within 20 feet of energized power line.
- 15. Utilize trailer whenever possible to transport backhoe. Use swing and boom locking pins when transporting.
- 16. Make sure equipment is properly secured prior to transporting.
- 17. Before digging, review excavating, trenching and shoring guidelines found in Chapter 11E.
- 18. When operating on slopes, use caution when swinging bucket in the downhill direction. Dump on the uphill side. Keep loader bucket low when moving.

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 19. Select loading areas that are as level as possible.
- 20. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Excavating, Trenching and Shoring11E-3

Trailers and Towed Equipment......12B-30

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Tractor, Crawler

SOP 12A-23

Mounting/Dismounting Steep Terrain

Backing

Inclement Weather

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hard Hat

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 4. Operator should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.
- 5. When in operation, only the operator should be permitted on the machine.
- 6. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 7. Never allow machine to coast downhill with transmission in neutral.
- 8. When involved in clearing operations, operator should be conscious of possible falling debris from overhead. An observer shall be used when visibility is obstructed.
- 9. Operator should lower ripper and blade to the ground, set foot brake and lock transmission whenever machine is parked.
- 10. When operating on a side slope, never allow anyone to remain down slope while machine is in motion.
- 11. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 12. Operator should be aware of employees and others in the work zone.
- 13. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 14. Make sure equipment is properly secured prior to transporting.
- 15. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 16. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.

Related SOP's	

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Tractor, Mower

SOP 12A-24

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Traffic Uneven Terrain Inclement Weather Rollover Noise Flying Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Gloves Safety Glasses/Goggles

Safety Shoes

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Watch traffic when driving around guide markers, signs, culverts, etc. or any time machine encroaches on travel lane.
- 4. Don't mow too close to fences and be alert for utility pole guy wire, concrete right of way markers, etc.
- 5. Use caution when mowing on steep slopes. Watch for hidden holes or washouts and reduce speed.
- 6. Use caution when moving downhill on wet or green grass, as brakes are less effective.
- 7. Shut off tractor when performing equipment repair activities.
- 8. Keep area clear of personnel on foot.
- 9. Do not dismount unless motor is off, blades have stopped and brake is set.
- 10. Never work under mower unless properly secured with safety stand or safety chain.
- 11. Keep mower adjusted to proper height above ground to prevent throwing debris.
- 12. Do not run side mount flail in the up position.
- 13. Replace missing flail knives to maintain balance.
- 14. Ensure debris guard is in place and in good condition.
- 15. Use caution not to place equipment in locations where it is subject to getting stuck.
- 16. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 17. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 18. Stay clear of all moving parts, cables, shafts, belts, flywheels, etc.
- 19. Check frame for cracks and loose bolts.
- 20. Mower operators should familiarize themselves with this section.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Tractor Wheel	12Δ-25

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Tractor, Wheel

SOP 12A-25

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Mounting/Dismounting Backing Rollover Crushing/Pinching Steep Terrain Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves
Safety Glasses

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 3. Do not leave attachments in the raised position when they are not in use. Always lower to the ground.
- 4. When operating vehicle off of the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 5. Never allow anyone to work under raised attachments without proper safeguards in place and secured.
- 6. Avoid driving too close to the edge of a ditch, shoulder or excavation.
- 7. Reduce speed before turning or applying brakes. Couple the brake pedals together when traveling at high speed. Be sure that both wheels are braked simultaneously when making an emergency stop. Drive at speeds slow enough to ensure your safety, especially over rough ground.
- 8. When driving out of a ditch, gully, or up a steep slope, engage the clutch slowly. Be prepared to de-clutch promptly if the front wheels rise off the ground. Use the same care if rear wheels mire in soft ground or drop into hole. Back the unit out of these spots if at all possible.
- 9. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 10. Protect PTO drive with master guard and shield.
- 11. Do not oil, grease, or adjust the unit while it is in motion.
- 12. Operators must wear lap belt and/or shoulder harness if rollover protection is provided.
- 13. Supervisors shall verify operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 14. When in operation, only the operator shall be permitted on the machine.
- 15. Never coast or freewheel downhill.
- 16. Stay clear of all moving parts: shafts, belts, flywheels, fans, etc.
- 17. Be aware of crushing or pinching hazards when hooking up, using, adjusting or removing attachments.
- 18. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 19. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 20. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 21. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 22. Check frame for cracks and loose bolts.
- 23. Make sure equipment is properly secured prior to transporting.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Tractor Attachments	12R-20

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Truck, Aerial Device

SOP 12A-26

Hazard Review		
Backing	Inclement Weather	Temperature Extremes
Unsecured Loads	P.T.O.	Mounting/Dismounting
Hydraulic System		

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Safety Vest Hard Hat-Class E Safety Shoes Body Harness/Lanyard

1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.

- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab. However, a traffic control technician is allowed to be in the bucket, with the bucket fully down, while the driver moves the vehicle from one signal head to another within the same intersection.
- 8. Whenever an individual is elevated in an aerial truck, there should be a second individual on the ground that has the ability to render aid and assistance if necessary. The second individual may be someone other than a NCDOT employee provided they have been trained in first aid and are instructed on the emergency operation of the aerial device.
- 9. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 10. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 12. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 13. Be aware of crushing and pinching hazards when using boom.
- 14. Make sure cargo is properly loaded and secured. Check to make sure boom is secure before traveling.
- 15. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

- 16. Always engage vehicle-parking brakes and use wheel chocks before operating aerial device.
- 17. Operator should watch the bucket and boom when beginning boom operation to prevent collision with obstructions.
- 18. Never exceed the rated load capacity for bucket.
- 19. When operating vehicle off the roadway be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 20. When in bucket, wear a safety harness and lanyard connected to an approved anchorage.
- 21. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 22. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.
- 23. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPs Chapter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Asphalt Patcher

SOP 12A-27

Hazard	Review
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Traffic Mounting/Dismounting Backing
Hot Asphalt Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

Safety Glasses/Goggles

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 4. Never wear loose clothing that can get entangled in the working parts of the tools.
- 5. Maintain proper footing and balance at all times.
- 6. Operator should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 7. Disconnect all equipment before inspecting or servicing.
- 8. Always connect hoses to the tool hose couplers before energizing the hydraulic power source.
- 9. Do not operate the tool at oil temperatures above 140 degrees F.
- 10. Do not weld, cut with an acetylene torch or hardface the breaker tool.
- 11. Be sure that all hoses and attachments are put back in truck and properly secured before moving.
- 12. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 13. Use caution when handling hot/flammable materials. Review MSDS for each material used.
- 14. Use proper lifting and handling techniques while shoveling asphalt.
- 15. Take extra precautions to prevent heat and cold stress when working in extremely hot or cold temperatures.
- 16. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 17. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 18. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 19. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 20. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Truck, Dump12A-30
Rollers, Patch	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 218, 2004

Truck, Crane

SOP 12A-28

Hazaru Neview	Hazard	Review
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Moving TrafficSwinging LoadsParkingSuspended LoadsLiftingNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Glasses

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 4. Do not operate boom within 20 feet of power lines.
- 5. Check boom and boom hook daily for cracks, deformities, oil leaks or loose pins, nuts and bolts.
- 6. Make a daily check of wire rope, cable or chains for deformities.
- 7. Before traveling, check boom for proper storage position. Never travel with PTO engaged.
- 8. Never exceed maximum lifting capacity of boom in its different positions. Refer to load chart.
- 9. Only one person shall operate the boom and only one person shall signal and assist the operator.
- 10. Check and use outrigger safety locks and warning lights. Do not use outrigger for lifting. Keep outriggers in sight while lowering.
- 11. Do not operate boom unless outriggers are down.
- 12. Use timber under outriggers for support when operating on soft ground.
- 13. When swinging boom, change direction slowly. Do not rock boom and always use a straight pull. Do not use boom to push or boom swing to pull.
- 14. Do not pull objects directly toward operator position; use remote control for the boom.
- 15. Do not use chain and grab hooks.
- 16. Operators and passengers (equipment with passenger seating) shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 17. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 18. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 19. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 20. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 218, 2004

- 21. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 22. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.

Related SOP's			
Canaral CODa	Chapter 10	Digging	110.0

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed

SOP 12A-29

Hazard Review	
Backing	Mounting/Dismounting

Unsecured Loads Proper Tool Storage

Inclement Weather

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.

- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab or vehicle is being used with mulch blower.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 10. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. Make sure cargo is properly loaded and secured with no less than two chains. Hauled vehicles shall be secured with chains pulling from opposite directions. Check for loose material on truck body and chassis.
- 13. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 14. When operating vehicle off the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 15. Provisions should be made for proper tool and sign storage.
- 16. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 17. Only approved chain and load binders shall be used.

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

18. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Snow Plow

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Dump

SOP 12A-30

Hazard Review

Backing Mounting/Dismounting Tailgates

Inclement Weather **Unsecured Loads**

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 10. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. Be aware of crushing and pinching hazards when installing, adjusting or removing tailgates. Get help or use machinery as necessary.
- 13. Make sure cargo is properly loaded, secured and covered. Check for loose material on bed rails and chassis.
- 14. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 15. Be aware of overhead utility lines when spreading material.
- 16. When operating vehicle off of the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 17. Never work under bed when raised without proper bracing in place.
- 18. Make sure tailgate is unlatched prior to raising bed for dumping and avoid dumping on unlevel side hill terrain.
- 19. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

20. All items in the cab areas of the vehicle should be removed or secured in toolboxes. Because of extreme vehicle temperature, items such as aerosol cans or any items whose contents are under pressure should not be carried inside the cab area of the vehicle.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Snow Plow	12B-24
Spreader, In-Body Salt	12B-26	Spreader, Material Tow Type	12B-27
Spreader, Tailgate	12B-28	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Field Mechanic

SOP 12A-31

Traffic Mounting/Dismounting Backing

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

Safety Glasses/Goggles

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 10. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations and make sure they are properly charged.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 13. When operating vehicle off the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in grass and unstable terrain.
- 14. Do not smoke around flammable liquids.
- 15. Remove regulator valves and install tank caps on oxygen and acetylene tanks when transporting.
- 16. Make sure cargo is properly loaded and secured. Check for loose material on truck body and chassis.
- 17. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 18. Field mechanic's truck and equipment being serviced should be completely off roadway. If this is not possible, determine traffic control needs from Work Zone Safety Handbook.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chanter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Fuel and Lube

SOP 12A-32

Hazard Review			
Traffic	Mounting/Dismounting	Backing	
Flammable Liquids			

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

Safety Glasses/Goggles

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 10. A reflective vest is required when servicing vehicles on shoulder of road.
- 11. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations and make sure they are properly charged.
- 12. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 13. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 14. When operating vehicle off the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in grass and terrain.
- 15. Do not smoke while fueling equipment.
- 16. Immediately use electrical quick disconnect should accident occur.
- 17. Lube truck and equipment being serviced should be completely off the roadway. If this is not possible, determine traffic control needs from Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 18. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 19. Operator shall stop at all unsignalized railroad grade crossings.
- 20. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Related SOP's General SOPs......Chapter 10

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Geotechnical and Trailer

SOP 12A-33

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Loading and Unloading Backing
Unsecured Loads Mounting/Dismounting

Inclement Weather

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Safety Glasses
Gloves

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be used unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Be sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 8. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in blind spots of other equipment.
- 9. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on equipment and make sure that they are properly charged.
- 10. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 11. Be aware of crushing and pinching hazards when loading, unloading and fastening down equipment.
- 12. Make sure cargo is properly loaded, secured and covered using only approved chain and load binders. Check for loose material on bed and trailer.
- 13. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 14. Operators should always check and be sure of load height.
- 15. When operating vehicle off the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 16. Periodic checks of equipment on long trips may be necessary to assure load is secure.
- 17. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 18. Hook/unhook, load/unload on stable ground with trailer secure.

Related SOP's		
General SOPsChapt	oter 10 Truck, Tractor and Trailer12	2A-36
Trailers and Towed Equipment12	2B-30	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Herbicide

SOP 12A-34

Hazard Review		
Backing	Mounting/Dismounting	Handling of Herbicides

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
Safety Vest	Safety shoes	Eye Protection
Hearing protection	Respirator	Protective clothing

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers and operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers and operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Watch for side clearance and conflict with fixed or moving objects while using or adjusting boom. Properly secure boom while not in use.
- 5. Check packing glands on agitator shafts for leaks.
- 6. Avoid splashing. Do not overfill tank. Test pump and system and calibrate before adding chemical.
- 7. Check frame for cracks and loose bolts.
- 8. Chemical containers must be labeled and spray trucks must have labels in the cab area.
- 9. Safety shutoff valves shall be installed on all outlets.
- 10. Use proper loading, mixing and application procedures according to labels. Apply tank mix to target areas only.
- 11. Handle spills according to label directions.
- 12. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 13. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 14. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 15. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is engaged in normal work operation, i.e. herbicide spraying, blowing mulch, etc.
- 16. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 17. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 18. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 19. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 20. Be aware of overhead utility lines when spreading material.

Α	Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Α	Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

- 21. When operating vehicle off of the roadway, be aware of hidden objects in the grass and unstable terrain.
- 22. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 23. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

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General SOPs Chapter 10

Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Sign Erector

SOP 12A-35

(With Sign Erection Attachment)

Hazard Revie	w
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Backing Mounting/Dismounting Inclement Weather Unsecured Loads Overhead and Underground Utilities P.T.O.

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Hardhat Safety shoes Safety Glasses Gloves Hearing protection

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 10. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 11. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 12. Make sure cargo is properly loaded and secured.
- 13. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 14. When operating vehicle off of the roadway, be aware of hidden hazards and unstable terrain.
- 15. Always set the vehicle emergency brake before beginning crane operation, extend outrigger and use wheel chocks on grades.
- 16. Never operate the crane near power lines.
- 17. Always shut the engine off before working on or near P.T.O. system.
- 18. When operating auxiliary hydraulic equipment, follow manufacturer's guidelines. Never use uninsulated tools near electrical lines.
- 19. Keep work area clean to avoid stumbling or falling.
- 20. Be aware of and keep hands and feet clear of pinch points.

Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

21. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13

Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Truck, Tractor and Trailer

SOP 12A-36

Hazard Review		
Backing	Mounting/Dismounting	Unsecured Loads
Pinching/Crushing	-	

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Gloves

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Drivers shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion, unless the vehicle is designed to accommodate an individual outside the cab.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 10. Be aware of crushing and pinching hazards when installing, adjusting or removing chains and binders used to secure loads.
- 11. Make sure cargo is properly loaded and secured using only approved chain and load binders. Use no less than two chains. Hauled vehicles shall be secured with chains pulling from opposite directions.
- 12. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 13. Drive defensively, observe speed limits and obey all traffic laws.
- 14. When transporting oversize loads, operator shall be responsible for obtaining proper permit.
- 15. Operator should always check and be aware of load height.
- 16. Hook/unhook, load/unload on stable ground with trailer secure.
- 17. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.
- 18. Make sure appropriate decals and placards are displayed on vehicles.
- 19. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.

Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

20. If vehicle is equipped with A.C. engine heater, first switch current off and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Work Boat SOP 12A-37

Hazard Review

Drowning Slip, Trip and Fall Lifting Flammable Materials Adverse Weather Unsecured Objects

Pinch Points/Crushing Injuries

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Personal Flotation Device (PFD)

BEFORE LAUNCHING

- 1. Check weather forecast prior to leaving dock.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. U.S. Coast Guard minimum requirements for boats are to have U.S. Coast Guard approved fire extinguisher, bell/whistle, PFD's for all passengers, and a visual distress signal. In addition boat must be equipped with a first aid kit, boat hooks, paddles, mooring/anchor lines, flashlight, and fenders.
- 5. Brief new personnel on safety equipment use and location.
- 6. Make sure drain plugs are in place.
- 7. Have sufficient fuel on board for trip. When fueling, switch off engines, do not use electrical switches, extinguish all open flames and avoid overflow.
- 8. Be sure bow line is attached to bow and secured before backing down launch ramp.
- 9. When applicable, make radio check with shore facility when working from boat.
- 10. Make a visual check of hull for rips, tears or holes.

AFTER LAUNCHING

- 11. Monitor weather for changing conditions.
- 12. Check for water leakage from hull or engine.
- 13. Control speed and obey all speed limit signs. Manage wake at all times.
- 14. Observe maritime "Rules of the Road".

BOAT TRAILER

- 15. Back up to trailer with assistance of another person.
- 16. Check condition of hitch, safety chain, electrical lines, winch and winch cable.
- 17. Make sure winch is in locked position before moving trailer and boat.
- 18. Check for proper alignment of boat on rollers and V-block.
- 19. Check condition of trailer wheels and brakes.
- 20. Be sure boat is secure before moving.

Related SOP's

General SOPsChapter 10

Author:	Heidi Worten	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Wrecker SOP 12A-38

Hazard Review		
Traffic	Mounting/Dismounting	Backing

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Gloves
Safety Glasses		

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 4. Operators and passengers shall wear seat belts and shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 5. Keep windshield, wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 6. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 7. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere, except in the cab, when the vehicle is in motion.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.
- 10. Do not overload truck, and always use proper engine speed and gear ratio.
- 11. Never travel with the power-take-off control engaged.
- 12. When the boom is raised, never put the selector in the down position and let go of the crank. A runaway crank would result. Never use the crank when the boom has a load on it.
- 13. Never disengage the wrecker service drum engagement control when the cable is loaded.
- 14. Never apply lubricant or perform any kind of maintenance while wrecker equipment is operating.
- 15. Always unlatch the hood of the disabled vehicle when lifting its front end. Leave the safety catch engaged.
- 16. Always turn on flashing lights in traffic when towing disabled equipment.
- 17. Stay clear of all moving parts, cables, shafts, belts, flywheels, etc.
- 18. Truck speed should be adjusted for load and weather. Tire chains should be utilized as dictated by weather conditions.
- 19. Be aware of fire extinguisher locations on your equipment and make sure they are properly charged.
- 20. If disabled equipment cannot be removed from roadway, then determine traffic control needs from the Work Zone Safety Handbook.
- 21. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.

Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

- 22. Check boom daily for cracks, deformities, oil leaks or loose pins, nuts and bolts.
- 23. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking brake when equipment is not in use.

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Author:	Doug McConnell	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Truck Mounted-Scissors Lift

SOP 12A-39

Hazard Review		
Traffic	Mounting/Dismounting	Backing
Rollover		
Required Perso	nal Protective Equipment (PPE)	
Required Perso Safety Vest	nal Protective Equipment (PPE) Safety Shoes	Gloves

- 1. All drivers shall be properly licensed.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Report all needed repairs promptly. <u>Do not use any equipment that is unsafe</u>. Operators will follow all manufacturer's recommendations and operating instructions.
- 4. If vehicle is equipped with an AC engine heater, first switch off current and then unplug heater before getting into vehicle.
- 5. Truck operators and passengers shall wear safety belts and/or shoulder harnesses as provided.
- 6. Keep windshield, windshield wipers, side windows and mirrors clean.
- 7. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 8. No personnel shall be allowed to ride anywhere except in cab when vehicle is in motion.
- 9. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer for guidance, when available.
- 10. Ensure backup alarm and platform alarms (if so equipped) are working properly.
- 11. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spots.
- 12. Do not travel to any location with the lift in an elevated position.
- 13. Operators shall be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 14. Do not stand or sit on guardrails.
- 15. For inclement weather, truck speed should be adjusted for the load and road condition.
- 16. Be aware of utility lines and other overhead dangers when raising platform.
- 17. Do not raise lift if on uneven or soft surfaces. Always place stabilizers before raising lift.
- 18. Employees should be aware of the crushing/pinching hazards when opening lift entry gates.
- 19. Stay off hills and slopes too steep for safe operation.
- 20. Do not leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine and set the parking break when not in use. Chock wheels before raising lift. Do not stand next to lift when it is in operation. Use cab controls for lowering and raising lift.
- 21. Do not sit or reach into bed of scissor lift when it is in an elevated position.
- 22. Operators and employees shall not stand or walk between the truck and other equipment.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Trucks, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30
High Pressure Hoses	11F-6		

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Dan DeVane	Date Issued:	3/2006

Air Compressor

SOP 12B-1

Hazard Review		
Noise	High Pressure Air	Pinching
Traffic	Flying Objects	Explosion

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Vest	Hardhat(see Item #15)	Safety Shoes	
Safety Glasses/Goggles Protective clothing	Gloves	Hearing protection	

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of all air hoses, couplings and connections to determine if leakage or other damage exists. Be familiar with operator's manual. Do not operate unsafe equipment.
- 3. Choose safest location to place compressor unit or compressor vehicle within work area. Never run exhaust near a confined space.
- 4. Use wheel chocks to prevent runaways.
- 5. Decompress air from compressor prior to removing any caps or air equipment attachments such as jackhammers, drills, etc.
- 6. Keep oils and flammable materials clear of air fittings and joints.
- 7. Watch for flying sand and other debris when operating compressor. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind if possible.
- 8. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 9. Make sure hose connections and safety clips are secure to avoid hose coming loose during use. High-pressure air can cause serious injury.
- 10. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 11. Pressure-relief valve should be checked and the pressure relieved before transporting.
- 12. At the end of each shift, compressor should be shut down, air receiver condensate drain valve opened and the system allowed to bleed down. Valve should remain open until the system is restarted and air begins to blow off.
- 13. If compressor is to be used for breathing purposes, the air must be tested to ensure it is at least grade D.
- 14. A high temperature and/or carbon monoxide alarm must be installed on oil-lubricated compressors.
- 15. Employees exposed to falling objects shall wear a hardhat. This will be determined by a site specific hazard assessment.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapte	er 10 High Pressure Hoses11E
Trucks, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A	A-29 Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-
Pavement Breaker 12B	B-18 Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-

Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Attenuators, Truck Mounted

SOP 12B-2

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Hazard	ROTION
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Traffic Mounting/Dismounting Backing

Hooking/Unhooking

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Hook and unhook on level ground.
- 3. Keep attenuator wheels blocked when attenuator is not mounted to the truck if so equipped.
- 4. While operating, be aware of overhang, especially when adjacent to guardrails or fixed objects. Move out gradually.
- 5. Be aware of excessive overhang while backing.
- 6. Understand that the attenuator, although it protects our driver and the public, will not lessen vehicle roll-ahead if hit from behind.
- 7. Keep attenuator in the down position while shadowing; raise before deadheading.
- 8. All repairs and adjustments should be made away from the travel way.
- 9. Drive carefully while deadheading.
- 10. Wear seat belt and shoulder harness when operating truck.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
T-m-al- D-m-a	

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Brush Chipper

SOP 12B-3

Hazard	Review
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Flying Objects
Slip, Trip and Fall

Backing

Loose Clothing

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Hardhat or Loggers Helmet Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves Hearing Protection

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. As applicable, the chipper should be positioned as far from travel lanes as is feasibly possible. Operations visibility can be enhanced through the use of proper traffic warning and control such as signs, cones and barrels. Consult the applicable traffic control guidelines.
- 3. Work vehicles should be positioned to minimize the risk of injury from intruding traffic.
- 4. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use equipment that is unsafe.
- 5. Avoid wearing loose clothing such as coats or shirts. The employee feeding the brush chipper may remove the safety vest as long as they are working within a protected work area while operating the brush chipper. Approved orange-colored clothing such as bright orange tee shirts may be substituted for safety vests but all clothing must be snug when working near the chipper.
- 6. Ensure that all shields covers, guards and access panels are in place and secure prior to starting the engine. No one should reach into the in-feed hopper when the cutter disk or rotary drum or feed rollers are still moving.
- 7. Ensure that all by-standers are at a safe distance from equipment.
- 8. Never allow hands to enter the infeed spout. Do not stand behind machine while operating.
- 9. Turn engine off and remove key before making any adjustments or repairs.
- 10. Ensure safety chains are hooked before towing.
- 11. Feed short material into chipper by placing it on top of longer material that is feeding into chipper.
- 12. Never leave machine unattended with the engine running. Shut engine off when not in use.
- 13. Never try to force-feed larger materials into the chipper than it is designed to accept.
- 14. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 15. Be aware of employees and others in work zone. Only those employees feeding brush should be near chipper.
- 16. Ensure chipper discharge is turned in a safe direction and that it is secured if removed from the towing vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed12A-29
Truck, Dump	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Chain Saw and All-Purpose Cut-Off Saw

SOP 12B-4

Flying Objects Kickback Hidden Objects Noise Wind Poisonous Plants

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest (see item #16)
Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield
Chain Saw Chaps

Sturdy Construction Safety Toed Work Boots
Gloves Hearing Protection

Hard Hat

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly and do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Do not wear loose jewelry and chains. Snug fitting clothing is recommended.
- 4. Always use the following precautions when handling fuel and refueling the power saw:
 - Always store gasoline in an approved container.
 - Do not smoke while handling fuel.
 - Beware of static electricity and sparks between saw and fuel cans (metal and plastic).
 - Always stop the engine to refuel the tank.
 - Avoid spilling fuel or oil. Spilled fuel should always be cleaned up.
 - Do not remove fuel tank cap when engine is running.
 - Move the power saw at least 10 feet from the fueling point before starting the engine.
 - Keep the handles dry, clean and free from oil or fuel mixtures.
- 5. Before you start the engine, make sure the chain or blade is not contacting any object.
- 6. Never start the power saw until you are at the location where you intend to use the saw.
- 7. Do not allow other persons to be near the power saw when starting or cutting.
- 8. Never start cutting until you have a clear work area and secure footing.
- 9. Always hold the power saw firmly with both hands when the engine is running. Use a firm grip with thumb and fingers encircling the power saw handles.
- 10. Keep all parts of body away from the saw chain or blade when the engine is running.
- 11. Do not cut with the power saw above your head to guard against kickback and to help prevent back injuries. Do not contact material with tip of chainsaw.
- 12. Always shut off the engine before putting down the saw.
- 13. Operate the power saw only in well-ventilated areas.
- 14. When operating chain saw, be aware of the stress of the item being cut. Pinching may result on compression side and sudden break may result on tension side.
- 15. During emergencies, look for downed utility lines before cutting with saw.
- 16. Employees exposed to traffic may need to wear a safety vest as determined by a site specific hazard assessment.

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Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Compactors, Hand-Operated

SOP 12B-5

Hazard Review		
Traffic	Noise	Trench Collapse
Lifting		•

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Vest	Hardhat	Safety Shoes	
Safety Glasses	Gloves	Hearing Protection	

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Keep work area clear of tools or obstructions.
- 4. Operators should be aware of surroundings and have escape route located.
- 5. Compact material in lifts that are uniform and even.
- 6. Do not leave tools or materials in areas where vibration from passing compactors could cause them to fall.
- 7. Use proper procedures for lifting and transporting compactors.
- 8. Do not leave equipment running while unattended. Shut off engine when not in use.
- 9. Use proper foot placement and balance when operating equipment.
- 10. Do not fill fuel tank or remove fuel cap while equipment is running.
- 11. Do not operate without proper ventilation.
- 12. Follow Excavation, Trenching and Shoring Standards for work in trenches over four feet in depth.

Related SOP's	
General SOPs	0 Excavating, Trenching and Shoring11E-3

Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Concrete Mixer

SOP 12B-6

Hazard Review		
Noise	Flying Objects	Concrete Burn

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles
Hearing protection Respirator Gloves

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Clean drum and moving parts after each use.
- 4. Keep hands and feet clear of all moving parts.
- 5. Ensure that area is cleaned and level enough before operating machine.
- 6. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary. Use caution when moving machine and when shoveling materials to avoid back injury.
- 7. Make sure hose connections are secure to avoid hose coming loose during use. High-pressure air can cause serious injury.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29
Air Compressor	12B-1	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)	12B-13
Trailers and Towed Equipment	12B-30		

Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Concrete Pump

SOP 12B-7

Hazard	Review
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Lifting High Pressure Hoses Concrete Burns

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles

Gloves Hearing Protection

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Insure all connections are correctly attached and tight and leveling screws are in place and tightened.
- 4. Test start machine and pumping mechanism prior to filling hopper with concrete.
- 5. After attaching hoses and insuring all clamps and chute locks are closed, use diesel fuel and a slurry mix to lubricate machine and hoses.
- 6. Never unlock chute when machine is bogged down. Locate blockage (usually a hard lump in hose) and break clot by beating hose with a hammer. Additional water may be needed to pump hose clear.

Related SOP's

Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Concrete Saw SOP 12B-8

Hazard Review

Cutting Blades Traffic Noise

Flying Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Hardhat(see item #15) Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles/Face Shield Gloves Hearing Protection

Respirator

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Use correct amount of water while operating blade in the cut mode.
- 4. Check all water hoses for cuts and leaks.
- 5. Keep all safety guards in place while operating.
- 6. Check blade nuts for tightness.
- 7. Do not force or bind blade in slot being sawed.
- 8. Do not raise protective shield from around blade when operating saw.
- 9. When installing or changing blade, disconnect spark plug.
- 10. Operate engine at proper speed. Never alter the rpm or governor setting.
- 11. Operators should stand away from and to the side of the blade when in use.
- 12. Use proper procedures for lifting and transporting the equipment. The blade will be disengaged or removed while loading and unloading the equipment.
- 13. Do not fill fuel tank or remove fuel cap while engine is running.
- 14. Never leave machine unattended with the engine running. Shut off engine when not in use.
- 15. Employees exposed to falling objects shall wear a hardhat as determined by a site specific hazard assessment.

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Author:	Joe Allen	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Conveyor

SOP 12B-9

Hazard Review

Transporting Pinching Crushing
Overhead Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Hardhat Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Gloves

1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on conveyor belt operation before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.

- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of the conveyor. Report all repairs immediately. Be familiar with operator's manual. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available.
- 4. Be aware of crushing and pinching hazard while adjusting conveyor belt. Get help or use machinery when dismantling or erecting same for use.
- 5. When transporting, obtain proper permit for moving. Have both front and rear shadow vehicles equipped with warning lights when transporting.
- 6. Vehicles involved in transportation of conveyor should be equipped with radio communication when available.
- 7. Supervisors shall review route of transporting, insuring of no overhead conflicts.

Related SOP'	Kela	P'S
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Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Curb Machine

SOP 12B-10

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Traffic Hot Asphalt

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Glasses Safety Shoes

Gloves

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Choose safest location possible to park machine.
- 4. Clean hopper and moving parts after each use with proper cleaning solvents.
- 5. Keep hands and feet clear of all moving parts.
- 6. Keep hopper properly oiled.
- 7. Ensure that area is cleaned and level enough before operating machine.
- 8. When feeding machine, do not insert shovel or other tool in hopper.
- 9. Proper lifting techniques shall be used. Get help or use equipment if necessary. Use caution when pulling machine and when shoveling asphalt to avoid back injury.
- 10. Do not work in front of machine when it is in operation.
- 11. Never leave machine unattended with the engine running. Shut engine off when not in use.
- 12. Do not fill fuel tank or remove fuel cap when engine is running.

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General SOPs Chapter 10 Truck, Dump 12A-30

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Fumigation (Gassing) Rig

SOP 12B-11

Safety Shoes

Attachment to Wheel Tractor

Hazard Review

Hazardous Vapors

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves Respirator

1. Operation of fumigation rig will be supervised by individual who possesses an appropriate N. C. Department of Agriculture Pesticide Applicator License.

- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Rig must be inspected before each day's operation. Check for weak, worn, defective parts and leaks.
- 4. Inspect, service, clean and replace parts as required before beginning seasonal start-up of rig.
- 5. Inspect, service, clean and replace parts as required at end of seasonal operation (use) of rig.
- 6. Label and MSDSs of all fumigants to be used with rig will be reviewed by supervisor with all members of fumigation crew prior to being used. Poison Control Center telephone number should be posted on equipment.
- 7. Follow label directions.

Related	SOP	'S
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General SOPsChapter 10

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Generator SOP 12B-12

Hazard Review

Inclement Weather Electrical Shock

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

Hearing Protection

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Guard against electric shock.
- 3. Avoid touching live terminals or receptacles.
- 4. Be extremely careful if operating in inclement weather.
- 5. Do not make or break electrical receptacle connections under load.
- 6. Use only grounded receptacles and extension cords. Discard old cords.
- 7. Generator must be properly grounded.
- 8. Operators should use caution and remain alert around hot engine parts, moving parts and generator output.
- 9. Provide safety guards for all drive systems.
- 10. Keep all safety guards and power shields in position and tightly secured.
- 11. Do not wear loose clothing, neckties or jewelry that could be caught in moving parts.
- 12. Provide adequate ventilation when in use.
- 13. Keep area around generator clean and dry. Remove all material that can create slippery conditions. Remove oily rags and other flammable material from the area.
- 14. Keep a fire extinguisher near the generator.
- 15. When transporting, ensure that generator is properly secured.
- 16. Do not fill fuel tank or remove fuel cap while engine is running.

Related S	SOP's
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Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Hand Tools (Power and Manual)

SOP 12B-13

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Hazard	
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Electrical Shock Noise Pinch Points

Dust Sharp Edges and Points Caustic Cleaning Agents

Flying Particles Cuts and Abrasions Improper Tools

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles Gloves Hearing Protection Respirator

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Never use a tool to do a job it was not designed to do.
- 3. Use tools in the manner for which they are designed to avoid tool damage and personal injury.
- 4. Keep work area clean to avoid slipping, tripping or falling.
- 5. Avoid using power tools or hand tools that are dull.
- 6. Power saws, chain saws and drills that have dull blades or bits can cause binding or kickback, which can result in cuts, bruises and loss of fingers or limbs.
- 7. Be aware of safety devices on tools; check regularly and use only tools with all safety devices properly operating.
- 8. Do not use electric power tools with damaged cords or switches.
- 9. Place tools in safe position when not in use so that sharp points are not exposed.

Related SOP's

Impactor-Asphalt Cutter

SOP 12B-14

Hazard Review

Flying Objects Noise Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses/Goggles
Hearing Protection Gloves

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not operate any equipment that is unsafe. Shut engine off when not in use.
- 2. Never leave machine unattended with the engine running.
- 3. Do not leave attachment in the raised position when it is not in use.
- 4. Locate utilities prior to beginning operation.
- 5. Never allow anyone to work under raised attachment without proper safeguards in place and secured.
- 6. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 7. Check bolts, fittings and housing for cracks three (3) times a day.
- 8. Be sure of position of impactor to surface.
- 9. Operators should be aware of employees and others in work zone.

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Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Ladder SOP 12B-15

Hazard Review

Pinching Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

- 1. Inspect for cracks, breaks or weak points. Replace if found defective.
- 2. Do not use metal or conductive ladders near energized lines or equipment.
- 3. When climbing, use rungs for handholds rather than side rails.
- 4. Utilize middle porting of each rung rather than edges when climbing.
- 5. Do not climb above manufacturer's recommended height as marked on the ladder.
- 6. Do not exceed manufacturer's weight capacity for the ladder.
- 7. Locate base of ladder on firm, level and solid footing. Secure as necessary to provide stability.
- 8. Use the correct sized ladder for the job. Do not over reach.

Related SOP's

General SOPs......Chapter 10

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Line Remover, Traffic Paint

SOP 12B-16

Hazard Review		
Flying Objects	Noise	Crushing
Pinching	Traffic	_

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Safety Glasses/Goggles	
Hearing Protection	Gloves		

^{1.} Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.

- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Use tools in the manner for which they are designed.
- 4. Keep hands and feet clear of cutter blades when machine is in operation.
- 5. Operators should make sure rubber safety shield is in place before operating equipment.
- 6. Do not fill fuel tank or remove fuel cap while engine is running.
- 7. Do not work in front of machine when it is in operation, unless the machine is designed for both front and rear operation.

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Author:	Tom Werner	Revision #:	2
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	3/2006

Mulch Blower SOP 12B-17

Hazard Review

Backing Mounting/Dismounting Flying Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Glasses
Hard Hat (see item #13) Hearing Protection Gloves

Respirator

1. Supervisors shall verify that all operators are capable and qualified to operate the mulch blower.

- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Make sure area to be mulched is clear of people, other equipment and vehicles.
- 4. Operators are to be aware that there will be flying debris. Watch for passing motorists.
- 5. Keep height of blower chute properly adjusted.
- 6. Keep chain drive and motor rpm's adjusted only to amount needed for proper mulching application.
- 7. Ensure safety chains are hooked before towing.
- 8. Ensure engine is off and key removed before cleaning, adjusting or repairing separator or blower
- 9. Be careful of footing and do not wear loose clothing when feeding mulch spreader.
- 10. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 11. Operators should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.
- 12. Watch for flying debris during mulching operations. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind. Restrict usage during high winds.
- 13. Employees exposed to falling objects shall wear a hardhat as determined by a site specific hazard assessment.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Trucks, Crew Cab and Flatbed	.12A-29

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pavement Breaker

SOP 12B-18

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Noise Lifting Flying Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Glasses Safety Shoes
Hearing Protection Gloves

1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.

- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Check all air hoses, couplings, connectors and pavement breaker for leaks or damage. Be familiar with operator's manual.
- 4. When loading or unloading pavement breaker, use proper lifting procedures.
- 5. Verify location of underground utilities before beginning work.
- 6. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 7. Watch for flying debris from operation of pavement breaker. Be aware of wind direction and try to work upwind if possible.
- 8. Operators should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	High Pressure Hoses
Broom	Air Compressor12B-1
Hand Tools (Power and Manual)12B-13	

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Pile Driving Analyzer

SOP 12B-19

Hazard Review

Noise Poiso
Moving Equipment
Slip, Trip and Fall

Poisonous Plants, Snakes and Insects
Heights

Crane Operation Falling Objects

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Glasses/Goggles Safety Shoes Hearing Protection Hard Hat Body Harness/Lanyard

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Be aware of poisonous plants, snakes and insects. Wear long sleeve shirts, gloves and high top boots when hazards cannot be avoided.
- 3. Do not stand near operating hammer as a variety of parts of potentially large size may fall and could cause serious injury.
- 4. Be extremely careful when the piles or the leads are lifted by the crane. Always watch during this process and plan an escape route in case of crane failure.
- 5. When working near the hammer, make sure the hammer weight is not in a lifted position. Never place your arm or head between the pile top and a lifted hammer.
- 6. If it becomes necessary to climb the leads, be sure the contractor and crane operator are aware that this is being done. The hammer should not be started while DOT employees are on the leads.
- 7. Be careful of moving construction equipment and stay clear of the crane when it is rotating.
- 8. Be aware of loose material, excavation drop-off, tripping hazards, uneven ground and other obstructions.
- 9. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Pile Driving11B-57
Generators 12B-12	Hand Tools (Power and Manual)

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Post Puller SOP 12B-20

Hazard Review

Traffic Crushing Pinching

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Glasses Gloves

- 3. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe. Report needed repairs promptly.
- 4. Ensure detachable puller is in good working order and is correctly attached.
- 5. When transporting, ensure that post puller is properly secured.

^{1.} Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.

^{2.} Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment and be familiar with the operator's manual.

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Power Washer

SOP 12B-21

Hazard Review		
Pressurized Water	Flying Objects	Traffic
Slip, Trip and Fall		

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Safety Goggles
Gloves

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Insure all connections are correctly attached and tight.
- 4. When using an intake hose, make sure hose is not drawing mud, sand or other bottom material into the pump system.
- 5. When using 0 and 15 degree tips for the powerhead/wand assembly, be extremely careful not to direct flow towards air hoses, safety lines, equipment or other personnel. Remember that these tips force water at a velocity high enough to cut through concrete.
- 6. Be aware of slippery conditions.
- 7. Never leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut engine off when not in use.
- 8. Operator should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.

Related SOP's			
Conoral SODa	Chapter 10	High Proceure Hoggs	11E 6

Author:	Herbert Oxendine	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Rock Drill-Hydraulic, Crawler

SOP 12B-22

Hazard Review

Utility LinesBackingMounting/DismountingSteep TerrainFlying ObjectsRock DustNoise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Glasses/Goggles Respirator Hearing Protection

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operator is capable and qualified on equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not operate equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from vehicle.
- 4. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer whenever available.
- 5. Be aware of overhead and underground utility lines when operating equipment.
- 6. Operators shall make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work.
- 7. Stay off slopes too steep for safe operation.
- 8. Personal Flotation Devices and safety harnesses may be required.
- 9. Never attempt to start or operate the machine except from the operator's station.
- 10. Operators should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 11. Never leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut engine off when not in use.
- 12. Choose safest location possible to park equipment. Avoid parking in other equipment's blind spot.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Explosives
Truck, Tractor and Trailer12A-36	

Author:	Karen H. Goodall	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Scaffolding

SOP 12B-23

Hazard Review

Slip, Trip and Fall

Falling Objects

Extreme Heights

Noise

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Hard Hat Safety Glasses
Gloves Personal Flotation Device Body Harness/Lanyard

1. Check condition of staging, hangers and railing before use.

- 2. The combined load of workers, materials and tools shall not exceed manufacturer's rated capacity.
- 3. Scaffolding shall not be used without proper handrails and toeboards as specified by OSHA.
- 4. Keep loose tools and materials clear of walkway.
- 5. Do not work or walk under a scaffold that is being used.
- 6. Do not overextend to reach something. Move scaffold to the work area.
- 7. Do not sit or climb on handrails to gain height.
- 8. Establish safe means of entry/exit onto/from scaffold.
- 9. Personal Flotation Devices and safety harnesses may be required.
- 10. Employees should be aware that proper foot placement and balance is important for safe operation.
- 11. Scaffolds shall not be supported solely by cable, chain or rope systems. Use only roller beam clamps or scissor units.
- 12. If employees are working 6 feet or more above a lower level, fall protection must be provided by a guardrail system, a work positioning system and/or a fall arrest system comprised of a body harness, lanyard and life line

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General SOPs......Chapter 10 Hand Tools (Power and Manual)......12B-13

Author:	Tony Parker	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Snow Plow SOP 12B-24

Hazard ReviewStationary ObjectsLiftingTrafficPinching/CrushingInclement WeatherHooking/Unhooking

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Gloves	
Safety Glasses/Goggles	·		

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 3. Inspect plows and components prior to use as follows and repair or replace any items found to be deficient:
 - a. Check plow, plow frame and shear flange for cracks, broken welds or loose bolts.
 - b. Check shear flange and pins for proper bolt grade, size, tightness and condition.
 - c. Check safety chains and blade for wear and condition.
 - d. Check for leaky or damaged hydraulic lines, fittings or cylinders.
 - e. Check lube points and lube as needed.
 - f. Check all controls to ensure smooth and correct operation.
- 4. Be aware of pinch points when installing or removing plows. Keep your hands away. Do not lift with your back. Get help and use lifting equipment as needed.
- 5. Always use safety chains or protective blocking when changing blades or performing other work on plows; never trust the hydraulic system!
- 6. Adjust your plowing speed to the conditions, i.e. traffic volumes, pedestrians, highway conditions, material to be plowed, terrain and visibility.
- 7. While plowing, watch for bridge joints, water meters, manholes, railroad tracks, etc.
- 8. Check the condition of the plow periodically during use using the guidelines provided in number 3a, 3c and 3d above.
- 9. The use of flags on ends of plow is recommended for visual contact by driver.
- 10. When possible, plow operators should inspect plowing route and note or mark hazards.
- 11. For long distance travel (outside normal work area), the snow plow should be chained in the up position to relieve stress on the cylinder and lifting mechanism.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29
Truck, Dump	12A-30	Spreader, In-body Salt	12B-26
Spreader, Material Tow Type	12B-27	Spreader, Tailgate	12B-28

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Soil Conditioner, Rotary

SOP 12B-25

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Backing Flying Objects Mounting/Dismounting Noise Utilities

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Hearing Protection Safety Vest Gloves

1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.

- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Check area to be tilled, removing any foreign objects.
- 4. Check area for underground water lines, electric cables or pipes.
- 5. Keep all guards and safety covers in place at all times.
- 6. Always shut off power source before cleaning tines or making adjustments.
- 7. Operator should be aware of employees and others on foot in work zones.
- 8. Stay off hills and slopes too steep for safe operation.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Tractor, Wheel	12A-25
Tractor Attachments	12B-29		

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Spreader, In-Body Salt

SOP 12B-26

Hazard	Review
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Inclement Weather Flying Objects
Mounting/Dismounting Overloading

Traffic

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Safety Vest Safety Shoes Gloves

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with operator's manual. Report all needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Make sure lighting is working properly on truck and spreader.
- 4. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 5. Keep hands and body away from all moving parts and be aware of pinch points.
- 6. Never make any repairs or adjustments on the unit while it is in operation.
- 7. All personnel must keep clear of spread area.
- 8. Disengage PTO and depressurize all lines before disconnecting.
- 9. Make sure spreader is properly secured to truck prior to beginning operation.
- 10. Do not exceed weight limitations.
- 11. Obtain assistance when installing and removing spreader from truck as needed.
- 12. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 13. Spreader shall be calibrated consistent with pre-determined application rate.
- 14. Spreader is to be cleaned and lubricated following each use.
- 15. A safety vest shall be worn when the employee is out of the vehicle and exposed to moving or backing vehicles.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Loader, Front End12A-11
Truck, Dump	Snow Plow

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Spreader, Material-Tow Type

SOP 12B-27

Hazard Review		
Backing	Traffic	Inclement Weather
Hooking/Unhooking		

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Safety Glasses	
Gloves			

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe. Make sure lighting is working properly on truck and spreader.
- 3. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and employee must use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 4. Insure that pintle hook latch is engaged when spreader is attached to truck and safety chains hooked.
- 5. When parked, spreader shall be secured by wheel chocks to prevent rolling.
- 6. Spreader shall be calibrated consistent with pre-determined application rate.
- 7. Do not exceed weight limitations.
- 8. Keep hands and body away from all moving parts and be aware of pinch points.
- 9. A reflective vest shall be worn when the employee is out of the vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Loader, Front End12A-11
Truck, Dump	Snow Plow

Author:	Debbie Leonard	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Spreader, Tailgate

SOP 12B-28

Hazard Review		
Backing	Traffic	Pinching/Crushing
Hooking/Unhooking		_

Required Personal Pr	otective Equipment (PPE)	
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Safety Glasses
Gloves	•	-

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that drivers are capable and qualified on equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe. Make sure lights are working properly on truck and spreader.
- 3. Plan ahead to minimize or eliminate the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer if available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 4. Be aware of crushing or pinching hazards when installing, adjusting or removing spreader. Get help or use machinery if necessary.
- 5. Make sure spreader is securely attached prior to beginning operation.
- 6. Spreader shall be calibrated to be consistent with pre-determined application rates.
- 7. Spreader is to be cleaned and lubricated after each use.
- 8. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 9. Disengage PTO and depressurize all lines before disconnecting.
- 10. All personnel must keep clear of spread area.
- 11. Eye protection is required when calibrating spreader. A safety vest shall be worn when out of the vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Loader, Front End12A-11
Truck, Dump	

Author:	Debbie Leonard, MPA	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Tractor Attachments

SOP 12B-29

Hazard Review		
Backing	Lifting	Pinching/Crushing
Loose Clothing	_	

Required Personal Pro	tective Equipment (PPE)	
Safety Vest	Safety Shoes	Safety Glasses

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 4. Never stand between tractor and attachment during hooking or unhooking operation.
- 5. Use proper tools, pins, P.T.O., shafts, etc., for hook-ups.
- 6. Make sure all shields, covers and guards are in proper place and secure.
- 7. Be aware of crushing or pinching hazards when hooking-up, using, adjusting or removing the attachment.
- 8. Do not wear loose clothing.
- 9. Stay clear of all moving parts; shafts, belts, drills flywheels, fans, etc.
- 10. Be aware of lifting injury during hook-ups of heavy attachments. Get help when needed.
- 11. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.
- 12. Check frame for cracks and loose bolts.

Related SOP's	
General SOPs Chapter 10	Tractor, Wheel 12A-25

Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Trailers and Towed Equipment

SOP 12B-30

Hazard	Review

Backing **Unsecured Loads** Hooking/Unhooking

Debris on Bed

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Shoes Safety Vest Gloves

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Operators shall perform a visual and manual check of the "pintle hooks" to ensure that they are secure before the truck and attachment are put to use.
- 4. Make sure cargo is properly loaded and secured using only approved chain and load binders. Safety chains are to be used on any attachment in tow. Ensure that the chains are of the proper strength for the load and are properly secured to both the vehicle and attachment to be towed.
- 5. Be aware of height and width of load.
- 6. Never load a trailer beyond its recommended capacity.
- 7. Do not allow anyone between truck and trailer when backing to hook trailer.
- 8. Plan ahead to minimize the need for backing. Always check to the rear before backing and use an observer when available. Make sure back-up alarms are working properly.
- 9. Make sure trailer-bed and ramps are clear of any debris.
- 10. Make sure tilt-beds or ramps are secure before putting trailer in use.
- 11. Hook, unhook, load and unload on stable ground with trailer secure.
- 12. Be sure taillights and turn signals are in view when towing any attachment that does not have taillight hookup.
- 13. Observe towing speed limit if applicable.
- 14. Operators shall be responsible for securing permits for all oversize loads.

Related SOP's			
General SOPs	Chapter 10	Trucks, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29
Truck, Dump	12A-30	Truck, Geotechnical and Trailer	12A-33
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Author:	Michael Heminuk	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Trenching Machine

SOP 12B-31

Hazard	Review
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Underground Utilities

Pinching/Crushing

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Vest Hard Hat Safety Shoes Safety Glasses Gloves

- 1. Supervisors shall verify that operators are capable and qualified on each type of equipment before allowing the equipment to be operated unsupervised.
- 2. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 3. Have all persons stand clear when machine is started and operating.
- 4. Operators should make a visual inspection of work area prior to beginning work. Clear area to be trenched.
- 5. Locate and mark any underground utilities or water lines before trenching.
- 6. Do not work in front of machine when it is in operation.
- 7. Secure machine properly before transporting.
- 8. Unload machine at a location protected from traffic exposure.
- 9. Obtain assistance when necessary to physically handle machine.
- 10. Do not wear loose clothing and keep shirttails in when operating.
- 11. Do not work on chain while machine is running.
- 12. Do not fill fuel tank or remove fuel cap while the engine is running.
- 13. Stay clear of all moving parts, cables, shafts, belts, flywheels, etc.
- 14. Never leave equipment unattended with the engine running. Shut engine off when not in use.
- 15. When mounting or dismounting equipment, use steps and handholds provided. Do not jump from the vehicle.

Related SOP's	
General SOPsChapter 10	Trailers and Towed Equipment12B-30

Author:	Lewis Williams	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Underwater Air Lift

SOP 12B-32

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Suction Lifting

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Dry or wet suit Hard Hat Surface Air Supply Breathing Apparatus

Gloves

- 1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.
- 2. Insure all connections are correctly attached and tight.
- 3. Secure air supply hoses to upper portion of lift.
- 4. Secure line at outlet to direct discharge away from personnel and equipment.
- 5. Keep hands and air lines clear of intake.

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Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

Water Pump

SOP 12B-33

Hazard Review

Pressurized Water Lifting Slip, Trip and Fall

Required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Safety Glasses Safety Shoes Hard Hat

Gloves

1. Operators shall perform a pre-operational check of their equipment. Be familiar with the operator's manual. Report needed repairs promptly. Do not use any equipment that is unsafe.

- 2. High-pressure hoses should not be kinked. Check hose fittings for proper connections.
- 3. Operator should never leave machine while pumping is in process.
- 4. Only nozzle operator will direct the pump operator when to start pump.
- 5. Make sure all hoses and nozzles are in good shape.
- 6. Do not stand over hoses.
- 7. Watch for slipping/tripping hazards in the work area.
- 8. Use proper lifting procedures for moving hose and placing bagged material.
- 9. Clean machine properly and thoroughly at end of shift.
- 10. Do not fill fuel tank or remove fuel cap while engine is running.

Related SOP's

Author:	Marvin Seagroves	Revision #:	1
Approved by:	Len Sanderson	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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	Date Issued:	October 1, 2004

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Bridge Handrail Maintenance	11B-11	1	10/04	PPE Requirement
Deider Indian	440.40	4	40/04	DDE Dagwigageagt
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Maintenance				
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Concrete Bridge Super/Sub Structure Maintenance	11B-14	1	10/04	PPE Requirement
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	112.10		10/04					
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Dredging (Operations)	11B-22	1	10/04	PPE Requirement				
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Electrical Maintenance of Navigational Lighting	11B-27	1	10/04	PPE Requirement		
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Ferry Shore Facilities	11B-34	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
1 erry Orlore r acinties	110-34	·	10/04	TT E requirement	
Field Surveying	11B-35	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
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Inspection of New Structures	11B-46	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
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Litter Pickup	11B-49	1	10/04	PPE Requirement
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Nondestructive Testing of Pavements	11B-53	1	10/04	PPE Requirement
	11B-54	1	10/04	DDE Paguiromont
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Frecast box Culvert Installation	116-04	I	10/04	FFE Requirement		
Raised Pavement Marker Installation/Maintenance	11B-65	1	10/04	PPE Requirement		
Doct Area Maintenan	440.00	1	40/04	DDE Dogwins most		
Rest Area Maintenance	11B-66	1	10/04	PPE Requirement		
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Sign Installation/Mainte	enance	11B-73	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
Special Markings Instal	lation	11B-74	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
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Structural Steel Cleaning	ng	11B-76	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
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Ciraciara Cicori abrica	11011	11077	•	10/01	TT E Roquiromoni	
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Paint Machine, Centerline	12A-12	1	10/04	PPE Requirement
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Davida da	404 40		40/04	DDE Daminana
Pavement Grinder.	12A-13	1	10/04	PPE Requirement
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Rollers, Sheep Foot/Rubber- Tired/Vibratory	12A-17	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
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Scraper	12A-19	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
0	404.00		40/04	DDE D	
Snooper Crane	12A-20	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
Spreader, Aggregate	12A-21	1	10/04	PPE Requirement	
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Truck, Asphalt Patcher	12A-27	1	10/04	PPE Requirement			
Trusk Crops	104.00	4	10/04	DDC Dequirement			
Truck, Crane	12A-28	1	10/04	PPE Requirement			
Truck, Crew Cab and Flatbed	12A-29	1	10/04	PPE Requirement			
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Curb Machine	12B-10	1	10/04	PPE Requirement		
Fumigation (Gassing) Rig	12B-11	1	10/04	PPE Requirement		
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